

Assignment 1

Problem 1. Let B_t be a standard Brownian motion, $s, t \in [0, T]$. Prove that $E(B_t B_s) = t \wedge s$.

Problem 2. Define the partition τ_n on $[0, T]$ as $\tau_n : 0 = t_0 < t_1 < \dots < t_{n-1} < t_n = T$ and $\delta = \max_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} (t_{i+1} - t_i)$. Prove that the quadratic variation accumulated until T of the standard Brownian process is given by

$$[B, B](T) = \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (B_{t_{i+1}} - B_{t_i})^2 = T.$$

Problem 3. Consider that B_{1t} and B_{2t} are standard Brownian process on $0 \leq t \leq T$. Let $0 \leq \rho \leq 1$. Define

$$A_t := \rho B_{1t} + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} B_{2t}$$

Compute:

- (i) $E(A_t)$ and $\text{Var}(A_t)$,
- (ii) $\text{Var}(A_{t+u} - A_t)$,
- (iii) $\text{Cov}(A_t, B_{1t})$ and $\text{Cov}(A_t, B_{2t})$.

Problem 4. Let B_t the standard Brownian process and its natural filtration $\mathcal{F}_s = \sigma(B_x, x \leq s)$. Compute:

- (i) $E(B_t | \mathcal{F}_s)$,
- (ii) $E(B_t^2 | \mathcal{F}_s) \quad s < t$.

Problem 5. The Itô integral $I_t = \int_0^t \sigma_u dB_u$ is the mean square convergence when $n \rightarrow \infty$ of $\sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_{t_{i-1}} (B_{t_i} - B_{t_{i-1}})$ where σ_t is adapted to $\mathcal{F}_t = \sigma(B_s, s \leq t)$ and is written as

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} E \left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \sigma_{t_{i-1}} (B_{t_i} - B_{t_{i-1}}) - \int_0^t \sigma_u dB_u \right)^2 \right] = 0.$$

Prove

- (i) that the quadratic variation of I_t is $[I, I](t) = \int_0^t \sigma_u^2 du$,
- (ii) that I_t is martingale with respect to \mathcal{F}_s .

Problem 6. Consider the Itô process on $0 \leq t \leq T$

$$X_t = x + \int_0^t \mu(u, X_u) du + \int_0^t \sigma(u, X_u) dB_u,$$

where $X_0 = x$ is the initial value $\mu(t, X_t)$ and $\sigma(t, X_t)$ are adapted to the natural filtration of B_t, \mathcal{F}_t . Find $[X, X](T)$.