

Is it fair to say that Technology has never moved this fast and it will never move this slow again!

Are you born to Adapt?  
<https://youtu.be/rNC5ga0ZPDI>

# THE EVOLUTION OF E-COMMERCE



The 90s The era of the PC  
Business moved onto  
Personal Computer. Jobs has  
been replaced by a computer.  
Business moved from offline  
to online



The 2000s The era DoMain.  
Business moved from offline  
to online  
Local address changed to a  
domain address.



The 2010s The era of Apps  
2009 - the maturity of 3G  
network and App Store. Over  
5 billion mobile phones in the  
world today.



The 2020s The blockchain era  
21st-century enterprises have  
to solve the issue of TRUST.  
Transparency, non-reversible  
of data.



If your business works in any  
way with transactional  
infrastructure or applications,  
blockchain is a technology  
well worth consideration.

A vibrant orange background featuring a complex network of white and light blue nodes connected by thin lines. The nodes are arranged in a roughly horizontal line, with some nodes highlighted in a darker blue. The overall aesthetic is futuristic and digital.

**BLOCKCHAIN**



Blockchains consist of a series of blocks of transactions.



A transaction is an event in which a resource or asset changes possession from one party to another.



These individual transactions are signed by the users engaging in those transactions through the use of public-private key encryption.



Because the private key is necessary to release and accept a resource in a transaction on the blockchain, the users transacting on the blockchain are, in effect, signing the transaction to ensure its security.



Transactions are grouped together and made into a block.

# What is Blockchain?

# What are the characteristics of a Blockchain?

## Secure, Decentralized, Shared Ledger, Immutable

---

1

Secure:  
**Cryptographically Secured** – using hashes, digital signatures to secure the chain

2

Decentralized: broadly replicated and verified by different entities

3

Shared Ledger: common view across a network of (often untrusted) entities

4

Immutable: transactions never deleted or changed, absolutely everything is logged.

# Blockchains have users and nodes on the blockchain platform.



The users on a blockchain could be the individuals, businesses, or other identities which have a public-private key pair and conduct transactions.



A node is a computing system on that blockchain.



A user may have a node (e.g., an individual's computer or a business's computing network), or a group of users could pool resources to create a single node (e.g., users who share their computing power to mine for new blocks on the blockchain).

# Blockchain Addresses the 3 Faults

## Blockchain adds...

### Value

Enables a unique asset to be transferred over the Internet without a middle centralized agent.

When is Blockchain Useful?

### Trust

Creates a permanent, secure and unalterable record of who owns what. Using advanced Hash Cryptography, "Information integrity" is preserved.



### Reliability

Decentralized network structure ensures that there is no single point of failure which could bring the entire system down.



# What happens when a transaction is executed through blockchain?

- It's grouped together in a 'block' with all other transactions that recently occurred.
- In order for these transactions to be finalized, they must be validated by more than 50% of the systems within the blockchain's network.
- Once that validation is complete, the block is timestamped and linked to the rest of the chain.
- With blockchain technology, there's no middleman that could potentially serve as a source of leaks or compromised data.
- Digital certificates keep every transactional participant completely anonymous, and a private-public key mechanism coupled with powerful cryptographic algorithms keep everything secure.

# Where is BLOCKCHAIN Useful?

- Blockchain is a Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) that was invented to support the Bitcoin cryptocurrency.
- Bitcoin was motivated by an extreme rejection of government-guaranteed money and bank-controlled payments. The developer of Bitcoin, Satoshi Nakamoto envisioned people spending money without friction, intermediaries, regulation or the need to know or trust other parties.  
The central problem in electronic cash is Double Spend.
- Because pure electronic money is just data, nothing stops a currency holder from trying to spend it twice.
- Blockchain solves the Double Spend problem without a digital reserve  
Blockchain monitors and verifies Bitcoin transactions by calling upon a decentralized network of volunteer-run nodes to, in effect, vote on the order in which transactions occur. The network's algorithm ensures that each transaction is unique.

# Best of all, it's open-source



ANYONE CAN LEVERAGE THE TECHNOLOGY FOR THEIR OWN PROJECTS.



“BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATIONS DISRUPT CONVENTIONAL THINKING AND CONVENTIONAL APPROACHES REGARDING DATA PROCESSING, HANDLING, AND STORAGE.



FROM PLACING BLOCKCHAIN AT THE CORE OF BUSINESS NETWORKS FOR TRACEABILITY AND AUDITABILITY,



A WAY FOR ORDINARY PEOPLE TO EASILY AND CHEAPLY POST A DOCUMENT AS PART OF A PATENT PROCESS



A WAY TO COUNTERACT BOOTLEGGING AND COUNTERFEITING IN COMMODITY SUPPLY CHAIN



A WAY TO ADD AN ADDITIONAL LAYER OF SECURITY TO SIMPLE EMAIL EXCHANGE; FROM ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS THROUGH TO MEDIAL RECORD STORAGE.”

# Smart Contracts



BLOCKCHAIN'S DIGITAL NATURE HAS LED TO IT BEING ASSOCIATED WITH SMART CONTRACTS.



A CONTRACT IN THE PHYSICAL WORLD IS AN AGREEMENT AMONG PARTIES THAT, UPON EXECUTION OF CERTAIN CONDITIONS, A TRANSFER OF ASSETS WILL OCCUR.



A SMART CONTRACT CODIFIES THESE ATTRIBUTES IN CODE, SO THAT MACHINES CAN VALIDATE THAT CONDITIONS ARE MET, AND INITIATE THE TRANSFER OF ASSETS.



IN ADDITION TO THE PARTIES ENGAGING IN THE TRANSACTION, OTHER USERS OF THE BLOCKCHAIN PLATFORM MAY PROVIDE COMPUTATIONAL RESOURCES NECESSARY TO PROCESS OR VALIDATE THE CONTRACTUAL TRANSACTION, THEREBY GAINING A STAKE IN THE TRANSACTION OR CONTRIBUTING TO THE VERIFICATION OF THE TRANSACTION ON THE LEDGER.



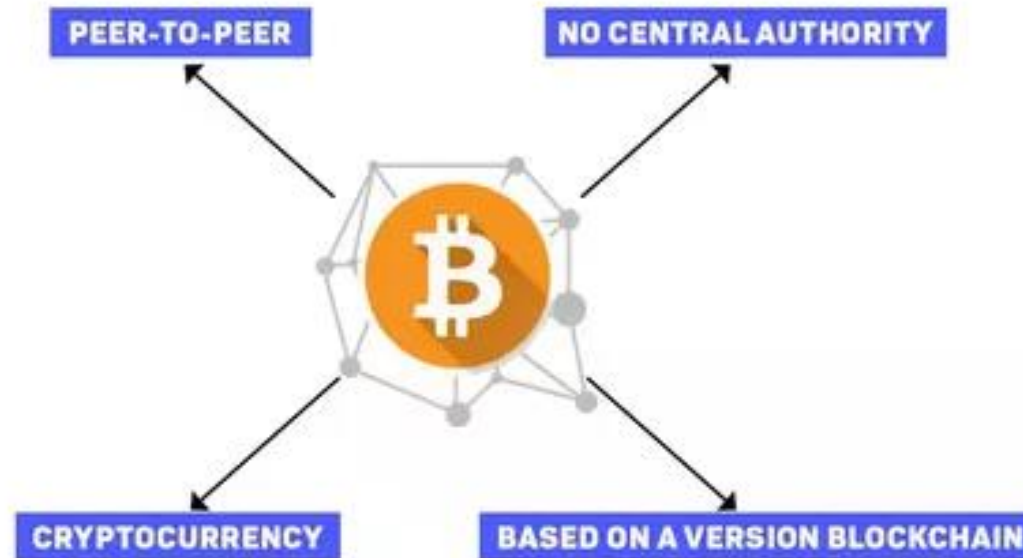
Defining Technology of this Generation

# Cryptocurrencies

- Bitcoin is the most popular cryptocurrency, garnering the largest market share, and arguably initiated the interest in blockchain technology.
- Cryptocurrencies, like Bitcoin, are built to allow the exchange of some digital asset of value (the cryptocurrency) for a good or service.
- **Bitcoin** was designed purely as a digital currency.
- They are frequently permissionless and use a proof of work model to add blocks.
- In these systems, anyone can create a wallet which includes their private key, their public key, and an address which is derived from their public key.
- Bitcoin and other cryptocurrencies each have their own blockchain.

# What is the difference between Bitcoin and Blockchain?

**BITCOIN IS AN ELECTRONIC DECENTRALIZED CURRENCY  
MANAGED ON A PEER-TO-PEER NETWORK**



## BITCOIN AND BLOCKCHAIN HAVE DIVERGED OVER THE PAST 12-18 MONTHS



### *Bitcoin*

- The leading digital currency
- Numerous consumer/SME and financial service payment applications, particularly in developing economies
- A favourite for speculators given its volatility and liquidity, with high-frequency trading and hedge fund participation



### *Blockchain*

- Distributed ledger with cryptographic integrity
- Potential replacement for middleware networks and clearing houses in financial transactions where 3<sup>rd</sup> party verification is required
- Applications extend to other networks where veracity is critical to performance

While Bitcoin is established as the leading digital currency, banks are more focused on applications of the underlying Blockchain technology





# 50+ BLOCKCHAIN REAL WORLD USES CASES

**GOVERNMENT**

Essentia develops world's first blockchain solution to manage international logistics hub together with Traffic Labs and the Finnish Government

**IDENTIFICATION**

Voter registration is being facilitated via a blockchain project in Switzerland spearheaded by Uport.

**MOBILE PAYMENTS**

The blockchain ledger that Ripple uses has been latched onto by a group of Japanese banks, who will be using it for quick mobile payments.

**INSURANCE**

A smart contract-based blockchain is being used by Insurer American International Group Inc as a means of saving costs and increasing transparency.

**ENDANGERED SPECIES PROTECTION**

The protection of endangered species is being facilitated via a blockchain project that records the activities of these rare animals.

**CARBON OFFSETS**

IBM is using the Hyperledger Fabric blockchain in China to monitor carbon offset trading.

**ENTERPRISE**

Ethereum's blockchain can be accessed as a cloud-based service courtesy of Microsoft Azure.

**BORDER CONTROL**

Essentia has devised a border control system that would use blockchain to store passenger data in the Netherlands.

**SUPPLY CHAINS**

IBM and Walmart have partnered in China to create a blockchain project that will monitor food safety.

**HEALTHCARE**

A number of healthcare systems that store data on the blockchain have been pioneered including MedRec.

**SHIPPING**

Shipping is a natural fit for blockchain, and Maersk have been trialling a blockchain-based project within the maritime logistics industry.

**REAL ESTATE**

Blockchain is now being used to complete real estate deals, the first of which was conducted in Kiev by Propy.

**ENERGY**

Essentia is developing a test project that will help energy suppliers track the distribution of their resources in real time, whilst maintaining data confidentiality.

**LAND REGISTRY**

Land registry titles are now being stored on the blockchain in Georgia in a project developed by the National Agency of Public Registry.

**COMPUTATION**

Digital Currency Group are helping Amazon Web Services examine ways in which the distributed ledger technology can help improve database security.

**ADVERTISING**

New York Interactive Advertising Exchange has been experimenting with blockchain as a means of providing an ads marketplace for publishers.

**BORDER CONTROL**

Essentia is developing a blockchain project for border control that will allow customs agents to record passenger data from an array of inputs and safely store it.

**JOURNALISM**

Decentralized journalism, as enabled by blockchain technology, has the potential to prevent censorship and increase transparency, as Civil has shown.

**WASTE MANAGEMENT**

Waltonchain is using RFID technology to store waste management data on the blockchain in China.

**ENERGY**

Food importation is another industry where blockchain is proving its worth, with Louis Dreyfus Co trialling a soybean importation operation using this technology.

**DIAMONDS**

The De Beers Group is using blockchain to track the importation and sale of diamonds.

**FINE ART**

By storing certificates of authenticity on the blockchain, it's possible to dramatically reduce art forgeries, as one blockchain project is proving.

**NATIONAL SECURITY**

For the past two years, the US Department of Homeland Security has been using blockchain to record and safely store data captured from its security cameras.

**TOURISM**

In a bid to boost its tourism economy, Hawaii is examining ways in which blockchain-based cryptocurrencies can be adopted throughout the US state.

**TAXATION**

In China, a tax-based initiative is using blockchain to store tax records and electronic invoices led by Miaocai Network.

**ENERGY**

Chile's National Energy Commission has started using blockchain technology as a way of certifying data pertaining to the country's energy usage as it seeks to update its electrical infrastructure.

**RAILWAYS**

Russian rail operator Novotrans is storing inventory data on a blockchain pertaining to repair requests and rolling stock.

**ENTERPRISE**

Google is building its own blockchain which will be integrated into its cloud-based services, enabling businesses to store data on it, and to request their own white label version developed by Alphabet Inc.

**MUSIC**

Arbit is a blockchain-based project led by former Guns N Roses drummer Matt Sorum seeking a fairer way to reward musicians for their creative efforts.

**FISHING**

Blockchain technology has been used to provide a transparent record of where fish was caught, as a means of ensuring it was legally landed.

## Non-Financial Use Cases

### Digital Content/Documents, Storage & Delivery



BitProof, Blockcai, Ascribe, ArtPlus, Chainy.Link, Stampery, Blocktech (Alexandria), Bisantyum, Blockparti, The Rudimental, BlockCDN

### Authentication & Authorization



The Real McCoy, Degree of Trust, Everpass, BlockVerify,

### Digital Identity



Sho Card, Uniquid, Onename, Trustatom

### Marketplace



Providing premium rights & brand based coins: MyPowers

### Smart Contracts



Otonomos, Mirror, Symbiont, New system Technologies

### Real Estate



Factom

### Diamonds



Everledger

### Gold & Silver



BitShares, Real Asset Co., DigitalTangible (Serica), Bit Reserve

### Reviews/Endorsement



TRST.im, Asimov (recruitment services), The World Table

### Blockchain in IoT



Filament, Chimera-inc.io, ken Code – ePlug

### App Development



Proof of ownership for modules in app development: Assembly

### Network Infrastructure & APIs



Ethereum, Eris, Codius, NXT, Namecoin, Colored Coins, Hello Block, Counterparty, Mastercoin, Corona, Chromaway, BlockCypher

### Other



Prediction platform:  
Augur  
Election Voting: Follow My Vote  
Patient Records management: BitHealth

## Financial Use Cases

### Currency Exchange & Remittance



Coinbase (Wallet), BitPesa, Billion, Ripple, Stellar, Kraken, Fundrs.org, MeXBT, CryptoSigma

### P2P Transfers



BTC Jam, Codius, BitBond, BitnPlay (Donation), DeBuNe (SME's B2B transactions)

### Ride Sharing



La'zooz

### Data Storage



Storj.io, Peernova

### Trading Platforms



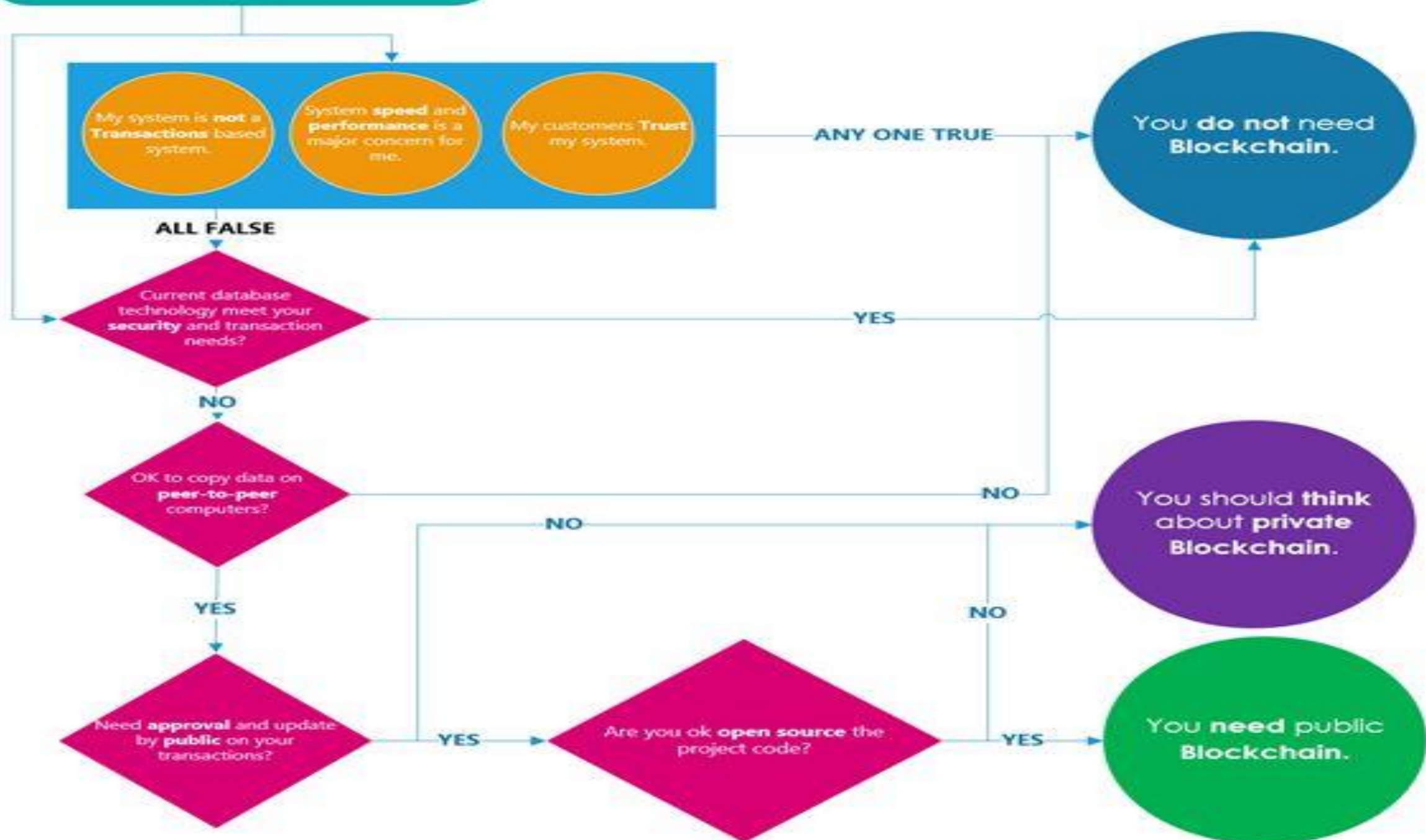
equityBits, Spritzle, Secure Assets, Coins-e, DXMarkets, MUNA, Kraken, BitShares

### Gaming



PlayCoin, Play(on DACx platform), Deckbound

# Do You Need a Blockchain?



C  
U  
T  
RUST  
T  
L  
OYALTY  
M  
C  
O  
N  
F  
I  
D  
E  
N  
C  
E  
R



# Blockchain made Simple

- I am an Ambassador for NASGO, which will be launching their Blockchain internet platform called “Block Box” which is an easy-to-use toolbox (no coding skills required) to help businesses with solutions that create more loyal customers.
- Putting reward programs on the blockchain helps people make quicker and smarter decisions on which loyalty programs are best for their shopping habits and preferences.
- Cryptocurrency is changing the way the world does business. The Sharenode token offers you the ability to purchase affordable blockchain marketing tools and systems.
- The AMICO mobile app will have features that will bring systems together that the world has never seen.
- To learn more check out this interactive video at:
- <https://umustsee.net/JIS8>

