

Worksheet 13: Ablative Uses

1. Ablative of **Place Where**
 - a. Answers the question *Where?*
 - b. Usually accompanied by the preposition *in* or *sub*
 - *Hostēs in Galliā sunt:* _____

2. Ablative of **Place From Which**
 - a. Answers the question *From where? / Whence?*
 - b. Seen with the preposition *ā/ab* (from), *ē/ex* (out of), or *dē* (down from)
 - *Ex Italiā exit:* _____

3. Ablative of **Time When**
 - a. Answers the question *When?* Describes a “point” in time.
 - b. Does not take a preposition
 - c. Typically seen in the singular
 - *Tertiō diē ad Siciliam navigābimus:* _____

4. Ablative of **Time Within Which**
 - a. Answers the question *During what span of time?*
 - b. Does not take a preposition
 - c. Typically seen in the plural
 - *Tribus diēbus eum vidēbō:* _____

5. Ablative of **Accompaniment**
 - a. Answers the question *With whom?*
 - b. The preposition *cūm* with a person or pronoun in the ablative
 - c. When used with personal (1st/2nd) or relative pronouns, *cūm* becomes a suffix
 - *Ambulābisne mēcum? Minimē, cum amicō ambulō.*

6. Ablative of **Means / Instrument**
 - a. Answers the question *With/by means of what?*
 - b. Does not take a preposition
 - c. Seen with objects or instruments
 - *Ferrō ducem interfēcit.* _____

7. Ablative of **Manner**
 - a. Answers the question *In what way/manner?*
 - b. Requires *cūm* when no adjective is present
 - *Magnā (cūm) celeritāte pugnābant.* _____

8. Ablative of **Agent**
 - a. Answers the question *By whom?*
 - b. Uses the preposition *ā/ab* (by)
 - c. Expresses “doer” of the action when main verb is **passive**.
 - *Consul ā duce expellēbātur.* _____

- A. Identify the ablative use illustrated by the **bolded word**.
B. Identify the case of all nouns/adjectives. Bracket prepositional phrases. Parse all verbs.
C. Translate the sentences into English.

1. Discipulī **stylīs** scribere possunt.

Ablative: _____

Translation: _____

2. **Diē** Solis puerī puellaeque ludum spectābunt.

Ablative: _____

Translation: _____

3. **Summā cūm iustitiā** feram Galliam regnābimus.
(iustitia, iustitiae (f): justice)

Ablative: _____

Translation: _____

4. Cupisne ad Italiam **cum aliīs discipulīs** iter facere?
(iter facere: to make a journey, travel)

Ablative: _____

Translation: _____

5. Aqua frigida **dē altō monte** fluit.

Ablative: _____

Translation: _____

6. Verī venātōrēs **in ferīs silvīs** tempus agunt et **vestigīs** animalia quaerunt.
(venātor, venatōris (m): hunter) (vestigium, -ī (n): footprint, track) (quaerō, quaerere: to seek)

Ablatives: _____ and _____

Translation: _____
