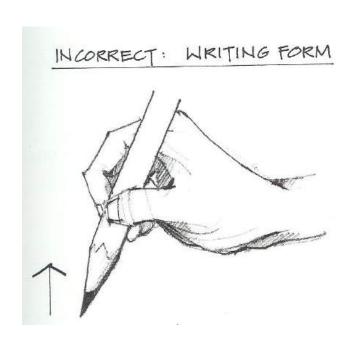
Free-hand Sketching Techniques

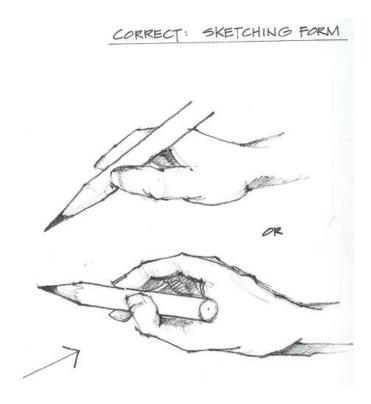
Warming up exercises Line technique

Sketching techniques exercise

and detailing







Line exercise

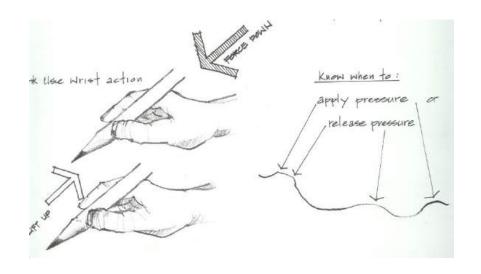
- Draw a straight line in one stroke
 - Without stopping and starting to correct for direction
 - Draw 5 strokes
- Draw Corner with lines
 - Draw 5 corners





Curve line exercise

- Show line weight variation and pressure
 - Use wrist action
 - Know when to: apply pressure or release pressure
- Draw curve line in one stroke
 - Draw 5 strokes

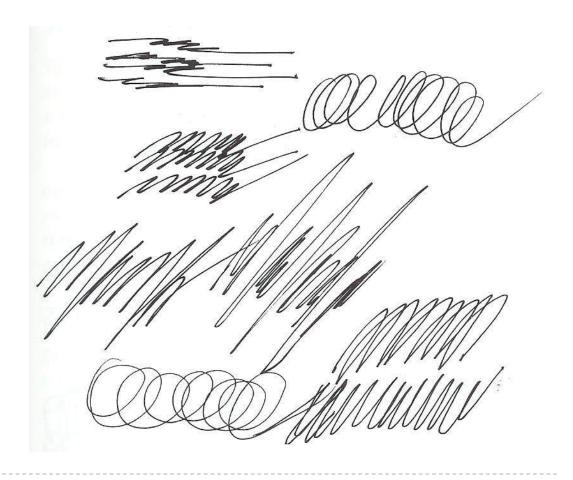




Line Exercise

Line exercise

- "Loosen-up" exercises
 - Fast
 - Loose
 - Serve as warm-up

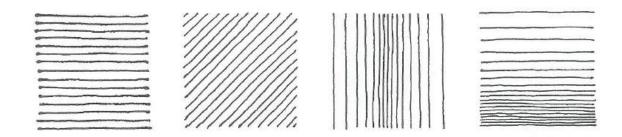




Line Control Exercise

Line Consistency

- Keep equal spacing
- Horizontal, diagonal, vertical lines
- Keep line consistent
- Control is the key
- Make I" x I" square for each directional line below





Line Control Exercise

- Line Consistency with Variety
 - Use imagination to draw interesting line movements
 - Make I" x I" square for each curvilinear line below





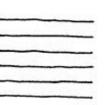
Estimate line exercise for next slides

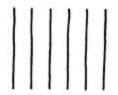
- Learning activity
- 'Practice makes perfect' so if a particular exercise doesn't look right, do it again, and keep practicing until you're happy with your efforts.
- Do all your drawing freehand without a ruler.
- When you finish each exercise, check your measurements with a ruler, to see how accurate your estimates were.
- The same applies to the drawings that require angles check your angles when you've finished.



Line consistency exercise

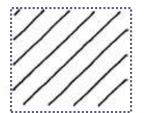
- Draw a horizontal line about I" long, and then another 5 lines underneath, each separated by about 1/4".
- 2. Draw a vertical line about 1" long, and then another 5 lines beside it, separated by about 1/4".







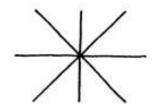
- Draw a faint dotted line in a 1" square, and then draw diagonal lines inside the square, separated by 1/4".
- Draw a faint dotted line in a 1" square, and then draw one horizontal and one vertical line in a cross shape. Check the angle in the middle for square once you've finished.



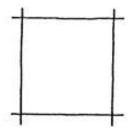




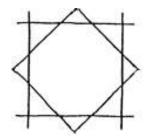
Draw the cross again, and then add two diagonal lines. Check the two right angles in the middle for square.

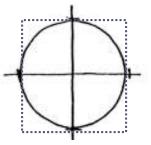


Draw a square, with each side about I" long. Check the corners for square when you've finished.



- Draw another I"square, as before, and then draw a diamond on top. Check all corners for square when you've finished.
- Draw a faint dotted line in a 1" square. Draw a cross shape. Mark 1/2" from the center in all four directions. Then draw four separate arcs, so that they meet up as a circle.

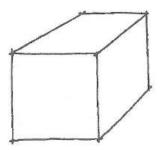






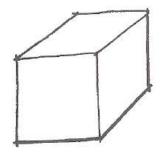
Line weights exercise

- Use direct line to sketch this image
 - Light line (optional)
 - Sketch the outline of the cube
 - Medium line
 - To express the surface structure of a three-dimensional volume
 - To distinguish the inner edges from the outer profile of a form
- Avoid using sketchy line



Now add profile line

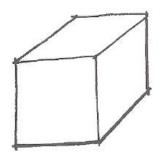
- Heavy line
 - Show the edges where solid matter meets spatial void
 - Define the shape and profile of objects (distinguish one object form another where they overlap in space)





Line weights exercise

- Use direct line to sketch this image
 - Light line
 - Indicates distinct changes in color, tonal value, or texture on the surface of a plane or volume
 - Hidden lines
- Avoid using sketchy line



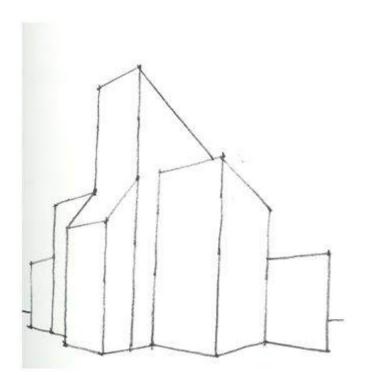


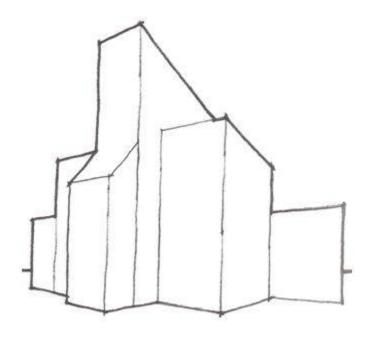


Line weights exercise

- Use direct line to sketch this image
 - Medium line
- Avoid using sketchy line

- Now add profile line
 - Heavy line

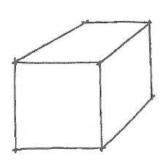


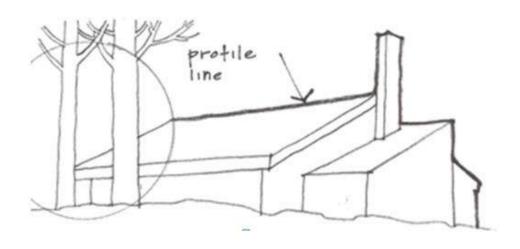


Sketch #1 - Line consistency

- Use direct line to sketch these images
 - Medium line only
- Avoid using sketchy line

- Sketch out both images
 - Do not add profile lines







Sketch #2a - Line weight variation

- Sketch out these images
- Show the change of line thickness

- Show line variation
- Use 3 different pencil leads
 - Light (add sidings and shingles)
 - Intermediate
 - Heavy (profile)

