

Basic English Grammar for ESL Students

Table of Contents

Present Simple: To Be

There is / There are

<u>Possessives</u>

Articles: A, An, The

This, That, These, Those

Present Simple

Can / Can't / Have to / Don't Have to

Prepositions: In, At, On

Past Simple: To Be

Past Simple: Regular Verbs

Past Simple: Irregular Verbs

Present Continuous

Present Simple or Continuous?

Countable and Uncountable

Future with Going To

Comparative Adjectives

Superlative Adjectives

<u>Adverbs</u>

Present Perfect: Verb be

Present Perfect: Other Verbs

Present Perfect or Past Simple?

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Present Simple: Be

Positive:

I am	I'm	from Japan.
you / we / they are	you're / we're / they're	from Brazil.
he / she / it is	he's / she's / it's	from India.

Negative:

I am not	I'm not	married.
you / we / they are not	You're not / You aren't We're not / We aren't They're not / They aren't	happy.
he / she / it is not	He isn't / He's not She isn't / She's not It isn't / It's not	a student.

Question:

Am	I	beautiful?
Are	you / we / they	a teacher?
Is	he / she / it	tall?

Present Simple: Be

Name:

- I'm Joanna.
- He's Paulo.
- They're Aki and Yuta.

Country / Nationality:

- I'm from the U.S. I'm American.
- My husband **is** from Italy. He's Italian.
- She's not Korean, she's Vietnamese.
- **Are** they from Australia?

Age:

- I<u>'m</u> 27 years old.
- How old **are** you?
- She<u>'s</u> 15.
- My mother is 65 years old.

Emotions:

- I<u>'m</u> sad.
- She's excited.
- You're angry.
- We're happy.

Jobs:

- I'm not a student. I'm a teacher.
- Are you a doctor?
- He's a journalist.
- They're artists.

Quiz: Present Simple: Be

1) We	_ from Canada.	
A. am		
B. isn't		
C. aren't		
2) My parents	divorced.	
A. am		
B. are		
C. is		
3) I tired.		
A. 'm		
B. 're		
C. 's		
4) Where	you from?	
A. is		
B. am		
C. are		
5) your brot	ther tall?	

	A. Am
	B. Are
	C. Is
6) S	Sarah married.
	A. 'm not
	B. 're not
	C. 's not
7) E	Bob and Tony my cousins.
	A. am
	B. are
	C. is
8) _	the food at this restaurant good?
	A. Am
	B. Is
	C. Are
9) N	ly apartment very small.
	A. is
	B. am
	C. are

10) Kate: "Are y	ou thirsty?"
Joe: "No,	"
A. I aren't	
B. I'm not	
C. you're not	:
11) He's	_ a good student.
A. aren't	
B. isn't	
C. not	
12) You	beautiful.
A. is	
B. not	
C. `re	
13) How old	you?
A. are	
B. is	
C. am	

14) She _____ 29 years old.

A. `m		
B. 're		
C. 's		
15) Jennifer a	nd I	students.
15) Jennifer a A. am not		students.
-		students.

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Simple: BE

- 1) C aren't
- 2) B are
- 3) A 'm
- 4) C are
- 5) C is
- 6) C 's not
- 7) B are
- 8) B is
- 9) A is
- 10) B I'm not
- 11) C not
- 12) C 're
- 13) A are
- 14) C 's
- 15) B aren't

There is / There are

	Singular	Plural
(+)	There's a bed in the room.	There are two pillows on the bed.
(-)	There isn't a mirror in the bathroom.	There aren't any windows in the bedroom.
(?)	Is there a table? Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.	Are there any chairs? Yes, there are. / No, there aren't.



There's a bed in the room.

There are two pillows on the bed.

Is there a window? No, there isn't.



Is there a table? Yes, there is.

Are there any chairs? Yes, **there are.**

Are there any plates? No, there aren't.

Possessives

NOUN	POSSESSIVE	EXAMPLE
I	my	My name is Sandra.
you	your	What's your name?
he	his	His name is John.
she	her	Her computer is fast.
it	its	My car is old, so its engine isn't powerful.
we	our	Our apartment is in the city center.
they	their	My parents sold their house.
Mary	Mary's	Mary's phone number is 555-4321.
Joe	Joe's	Joe's favorite color is green.
the boy	the boy's	The boy's clothes are dirty.
friends	friends'	My friends' names are Patrick and Gloria.
cat	cat's	My cat's name is Ginger.
country	country's	My country's flag is red, white, and blue.

Don't confuse its (possessive) with it's (contraction for "it is")!

- The cat ate it's food
- The cat ate its food.
- Its illegal for a 17-year-old to buy alcohol.
- It's illegal for a 17-year-old to buy alcohol.

Quiz – Possessives

1) Dan ar	nd Benny were late to $_$	first high school class
A. his B. its C. th	5	
	ou know whatsure, but I think she like	
A. its B. Ma C. Jo	aria's	
3) Good r	news! Brian passed	driving test!
A. his B. he C. yo	er	
=	you been to any of the	restaurants on Main Street?" high."
A. m B. its C. th	5	
5) I can't	eat Thai food.	too spicy for me.
A. Is B. It' C. Its	's	
6) I don't	t feel well	stomach hurts.
A. I'r B. m C. yo	У	

7) My friend and I offices are in the sa	drive to work together because
A. its B. our C. their	
8) I think you'll lov	e the new television screen is huge!
A. its B. his C. your	
9) Mary was	mother.
A. Jesu's B. Jesus' C. Jesus's	
10) My	toys are quite expensive.
A. children's B. childrens' C. childrens's	
11) We had a lot of weather should be	cold days in January, but warmer.
A. FebruarysB. FebruariesC. February's	
12) My sister lost _ anything!	glasses. Now she can't see
A. his B. her C. your	
13) These	kevboards are broken.

A. computer's B. computers' C. computers's	
14) Where did you go on $_$	last vacation?
A. you B. your C. you're	
15) My brothers and	wives live in Portland.
A. his B. our C. their	

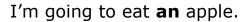
Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Possessives

- 1) C their
- 2) B Maria's
- 3) A his
- 4) C their
- 5) B It's
- 6) B my
- 7) B our
- 8) A its
- 9) B Jesus'
- 10) A children's
- 11) C February's
- 12) B her
- 13) B computers'
- 14) B your
- 15) C their

Articles: A, An, The







I'm going to eat **the** green apple.

a / an	general (one of many)	I want to buy <u>a</u> car. He's eating <u>an</u> apple. Do you have <u>a</u> bike? She is <u>an</u> old woman. I'm reading <u>a</u> book.
the	specific (one specific)	Tokyo is the capital of Japan. The new Chinese restaurant is very good. We like the blue car. The girl in the red dress is beautiful. I'm reading the new book by J.K. Rowling.

Articles: A, An, The

Use "an" if the word starts with the sound of a, e, i, o, u:

- an apple
- an egg
- an ice cream shop
- an open door
- an umbrella
- an hour (the "h" is silent)

Use "a" if the word starts with the sound of any other sound:

- **a** ball
- **a** jacket
- **a** hat
- a tree
- a uniform (the "u" is pronounced like "yu")
- a water bottle
- a yellow shirt

Do not use "the" with countries or cities:

I live in the China.
 I live in China.

Do not use "the" with things in general:

She likes the pizza.

She likes pizza.

She likes the pizza from Tony's Restaurant. (specific)

Quiz: A, An, The

Complete the sentences with A, AN, THE, or --- if no article is needed.

	,	, , ,	
1)	Leonardo is _	actor.	
	A. a		
	B. an		
	C. the		
	D		
2)	Jim plays	basketball after school.	
	A. a		
	B. an		
	C. the		
	D		
3)	My new office	e has window.	
	A. a		
	B. an		
	C. the		
	D		
4)	There's	problem with the equipment.	
	A. a		
	B. an		
	C. the		
	D		
5)	only	light in the classroom isn't working.	
	A. a		
	B. an		
	C. the		
	D		

6)	He has	interesting job.	
	A. a B. an C. the D		
7)	We've beer	to France three times.	
	A. a B. an C. the D		
8)	light	blue jeans I bought yesterday are too	small
	A. A B. An C. The D		
9)	Martha hat	es vegetables.	
	A. a B. an C. the D		
10) My friend	said it was best movie of the ye	ar.
	A. a B. an C. the D		
11) I have	idea!	
	A. a B. an		

C. the D	
12) Bob has	great idea for a new product.
A. a B. an C. the D	
13) I have	uncle who lives in Florida.
A. a B. an C. the D	
14) Sally is	_ tallest girl in the class.
A. a B. an C. the D	
15) They're going Main Street.	to see show at theater on
A. a / B. the / a C. a / the D. the /	

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: A, An, The

- 1) B an
- 2) D
- 3) A a
- 4) A a
- 5) C the
- 6) B an
- 7) D
- 8) C the
- 9) D
- 10) C the
- 11) B an
- 12) A a
- 13) B an
- 14) C the
- 15) C a/the

This, That, These, Those

This	1 thing – near
That	1 thing – far
These	2+ things – near
Those	2+ things – far



This apple is green.



These books are new.



That apple is red.



Those books are old.

Present Simple: Positive

Use the **present simple** for things that happen regularly or things that are generally true.

I / you / we / they	work
he / she / it	works

Examples:

- I work in a bank.
- He works at the university.
- We work every day.
- My sister works at the hospital.

Special Case #1

For verbs that end in **consonant + -y**, we remove the -y and add -ies:

- I **study** English at school.
- Dana **studies** English at school.
- Bill studys English at school

Other verbs like this include: cry, try, fly, carry

Special Case #2

For verbs that end in -o, -sh, -s, -ss, -ch, -x, we add -es.

- They go to English class on Wednesday.
- She goes to cooking class on Saturday.
- She gos to cooking class on Saturday.

Other verbs like this include: watch, kiss, teach, fix

Quiz: Present Simple Positive

1) My brother	to college in New York.
A. go B. goes C. gos	
2) I t	o play tennis.
A. like B. likes C. like's	
3) My friends	to school every day.
A. walk B. walks C. walkes	
4) Peter	to the news on the radio.
A. listen B. listens C. listen's	
5) Clara and Robert	English at night.
A. studies B. study C. studys	
6) The baby	when he is hungry.
A. cries B. cry C. cryes	
7) Their apartment	very nice!

Α.	look		
В.	look's		
C.	looks		
We _		our ho	ouse every Sunday.
Α.	clean		
В.	cleans		
C.	cleanes		
Joe _		two big	ı black dogs.
Α.	has		
В.	have		
C.	haves		
) Sus	san		lots of TV.
Α.	watch		
В.	watchs		
C.	watches		
) I a	lways		tired when I first wake up.
Α.	feel		
В.	feels		
C.	feeles		
) Bot	th Clara an	nd Marin	na long hair.
Α.	has		
В.	have		
C.	haves		
	B. C. We A. B. C. Sus A. B. C. Bot A. B. C. Bot A. B. C.	A. clean B. cleans C. cleanes Joe A. has B. have C. haves Susan A. watch B. watchs C. watches I always A. feel B. feels C. feeles	B. look's C. looks We our ho A. clean B. cleans C. cleanes Joe two big A. has B. have C. haves Susan A. watch B. watchs C. watches I always A. feel B. feels C. feeles Both Clara and Marin A. has B. have

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Simple Positive

- 1) B goes
- 2) A like
- 3) A walk
- 4) B listens
- 5) B study
- 6) A cries
- 7) C looks
- 8) A clean
- 9) A has
- 10) C watches
- 11) A feel
- 12) B have

Present Simple: Negative

Use the **present simple negative** for things that are not generally true.

I / you / we / they	don't	like
he / she / it	doesn't	like

Examples:

- I don't like coffee.
- John doesn't like pizza.
- John and David don't like milk.
- My mother **doesn't like** to travel.

Common Errors

- 1) In the present simple negative, do not add -s:
 - Martha doesn't likes to dance.
 - Martha doesn't like to dance.

2) Other common errors:

- Pete no like bananas.
- Pete not like bananas.
- Pete doesn't like bananas.

Quiz: Present Simple: Negative

1) I	this	movie.	
	A. doesn't understand B. don't understand C. no understand	d	
2) J	ackson	how to c	ook.
	A. doesn't know B. don't know C. not know		
3) M	ly aunt and uncle		any children.
	A. don't has B. don't have C. doesn't have		
4) M	lartin	Chinese.	
	A. doesn't speak B. don't speak C. no speaks		
5) W	/e	in Europe.	
	A. doesn't lives B. doesn't live C. don't live		
6) M	ly sister	happy.	
	A. doesn't be B. isn't C. not		
7) C	arla e	early.	

В.	doesn't wake up don't wake up doesn't wakes up	
8) Bill a	and Diane	to the dentist often.
В.	isn't go not go don't go	
9) You	ever	ry day.
В.	does studies don't studies don't study	
10) My	son	TV.
В.	doesn't watches doesn't watch isn't watch	
11) The	ey	that's a good idea.
В.	not think doesn't thinks don't think	
12) My	boyfriend and I	; we take the bus.
В.	doesn't drive don't drives don't drive	

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Simple Negative

- 1) B don't understand
- 2) A doesn't know
- 3) B don't have
- 4) A doesn't speak
- 5) C don't live
- 6) B isn't
- 7) A doesn't wake up
- 8) C don't go
- 9) C don't study
- 10) B doesn't watch
- 11) C don't think
- 12) C don't drive

Present Simple: Questions

Use **present simple questions** to ask about things that happen regularly or things that are generally true.

Do	I / you / we / they	live in a city?
Does	he / she / it	live in a city?

Examples:

- Do you live in Brazil?
- Does Adam live in England?
- **Do** they **live** in a big house?
- **Does** she **live** near the beach?

Common Errors

- 1) In questions, don't use -s:
 - Does she lives close to the beach?
 - Does she live close to the beach?
- 2) Don't forget DO or DOES:
 - Clara live in a big city?
 - Does Clara live in a big city?

Quiz: Present Simple Questions

Complete each sentence with **Do** or **Does**.

1)	_ you have any brothers and sisters?
2)	_ we watch too much TV?
3)	_ they do any exercise?
4)	_ Larissa play a musical instrument?
5)	_ he work in an office?
6)	_ your children talk on the phone a lot?
7)	_ your mother know how to use a computer?
8)	_ she have a car?
9)	_ Tom and Larry play baseball?
10)	she listen to classical music?
11)	I need to pay for the extra class?
12)	your friends like to swim?
13)	Joan watch TV at night?
14)	your father work on weekends?

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Simple Questions

- 1) Do
- 2) Do
- 3) Do
- 4) Does
- 5) Does
- 6) Do
- 7) Does
- 8) Does
- 9) Do
- 10) Does
- 11) Do
- 12) Do
- 13) Does
- 14) Does

Present Simple: Answering Yes/No Questions

- Do you have a dog?
 Yes, I do. / No, I don't
- Do I look fat in these jeans?
 No, you don't!
- Does John speak Italian?
 Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
- Does she like rock music?
 Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.
- Do we watch too much TV?
 Yes, we do. / No, we don't.
- Do they understand English?
 Yes, they do. / No, they don't.

Can / Can't / Must / Mustn't Have to / Don't have to

Can	= It's OK
Can't / Mustn't	= It's not OK
Have to / Must	= It's necessary / obligatory
Don't have to Doesn't have to	= It's not necessary / obligatory (it's optional)

(must / mustn't are more formal)



You can ride your bike here.



You **can't** smoke here. You **mustn't** smoke here.



You have to stop here.

You **must** stop here.



You **don't have to** pay for the food.

Prepositions: In, At, On







The cat is **on** the table.

	TIME	PLACE
IN	MonthsIn JanuaryIn October	Cities and countriesIn TokyoIn Japan
	Seasons<u>In</u> the summer<u>In</u> the spring	 Rooms and buildings <u>In</u> the kitchen <u>In</u> the supermarket
	Years • <u>In</u> 2004 • <u>In</u> 1986	Closed spaces<u>In</u> the car<u>In</u> a park
	 Periods of the day <u>In</u> the morning <u>In</u> the evening 	
	(exception: at night)	

	TIME	PLACE
	Dates and days	Transportation
ON	 On Monday On February 14th 	 On the bus On a bike On the train (exception: in a car) Surfaces On the table On the wall
	TIME	PLACE
AT	 Times At 6:00 At half past three At noon 	 Contexts / Events At school At work At a party

Quiz: IN, ON, AT

Complete each sentence with in, on, or at.

1. "Are you working right now?"
"No, I'm home."
2. "Where's my hairbrush?"
"It's the bathroom."
3. I like to go skiing the winter.
4. My cousin lives Australia.
5. I'll start my new job March 1st.
6. My sister's arriving the earliest train tomorrow morning.
7. My son is waiting for me to pick him up the bus stop.
8. We're going to a baseball game Saturday.
9. Why are your clothes the floor? Please pick them up and
put them away!
10. My mother's birthday is May.
11. I got lost because I got the wrong bus.
12. It's a dangerous area; you shouldn't go there night.
13. Living New York City is very expensive.
14. My boyfriend and I met the gym.
15. Our company was founded 1972.
16. I have two classes the afternoon.
17. The meeting ended 4:45.
18. There's a bowl of fruit the table.
19. We have a big family dinner Christmas Eve.
20. The books are my backpack.

Quiz Answers: In, On, At

- 1. at
- 2. in
- 3. in
- 4. in
- 5. on
- 6. on
- 7. at
- 8. on
- 9. on
- 10. in
- 11. on
- 12. at
- 13. in
- 14. at
- 15. in
- 16. in
- 17. at
- 18. on
- 19. on
- 20. in

Past Simple: To Be

Positive:

I / he / she / it	was	born in 1982.
you / we / they	were	born in 1982.

Negative:

I / he / she / it	was not (wasn't)	born in Europe.
you / we / they	were not (weren't)	born in Europe.

Questions:

Was	I / he / she / it	a famous artist?
Were	you / we / they	a famous artist?

Common words used to talk about the past:

- Yesterday
- Last Sunday / last week / last month / last November / last year
- 1 hour ago / 5 days ago / 3 months ago / 10 years ago
- When I was a child... / When we were in college...

Quiz: Past Simple: Be

1)	Where	you yesterday afternoon?
	A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't	
2)	Where	your grandfather born?
	A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't	
3)	Pablo Picasso _	a writer. He was a painter.
	A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't	
4)	My friends	_ at school yesterday because they were sick.
	A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't	
	"Where were yo at the de	ou this morning? You at the meeting." ntist's."
	A. weren't / wa B. wasn't / was C. weren't / we D. were / was	3

6) Darlene is 27 years old. Ten years ago, sheschool.	in high
A. was B. were C. wasn't D. weren't	
7) "Did you like the movie?" "The special effects great, but the story	very good."
A. wasn't / was B. weren't / were C. was / weren't D. were / wasn't	
8) Barcelona is a beautiful city! We there for conference last month.	or a
A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't	
9) "Were your colleagues happy about the surprise "David, but Janet and Tim they hate	-
A. were / wasn't B. was / weren't C. wasn't / were D. weren't / was	
10) "Were you shy when you were a child?" "No, I I talked to everyone!"	
A. was B. wasn't C. were D. weren't	

Quiz Answers: Past Simple: To Be

- 1) C were
- 2) A was
- 3) B wasn't
- 4) D weren't
- 5) A weren't / was
- 6) A was
- 7) D were / wasn't
- 8) C were
- 9) B was / weren't
- 10) B wasn't

Past Simple: Regular Verbs

Positive:

I / you / he / she / it / we / they	worked	yesterday

Negative:

I / you / he / she / it / we / they	didn't work	yesterday

Question:

Did	I / you / he / she / it / work	yesterday?
	we / they	

How to form the past simple for regular verbs:

Verb	Past	Spelling
listen play	listened played	Add -ed
like decide	liked decided	Add -d
stop	stopped	One vowel + one consonant = double the final consonant and add -ed
study try	studied tried	One consonant + y → -ied

Past Simple: Regular Verbs

In past simple negative and questions, do not add -ed:

- Mary didn't liked the movie.
- Mary didn't like the movie.
- Did you studied for the test?
- Did you study for the test?

Examples:

- I **talked** with my mother last night.
- We **enjoyed** the party on Saturday.
- She **finished** the test early.
- He didn't listen to the teacher's instructions.
- They didn't want to join us for coffee.
- Jill didn't stay in a hotel last summer.
- Did you watch the news yesterday?
- **Did** they **remember** to turn off the lights?
- What time did your father arrive?

Quiz: Past Simple Regular Verbs

Mark each past simple sentence as correct or incorrect

- 1. Did the teacher ask you any questions in class this morning?
- 2. We tryed to talk to the manager, but he was busy.
- 3. Did you remembered to pay the electric bill?
- 4. Gabi and Sandy didn't walk to the beach because it was too far.
- 5. How long you waited for the bus last night?
- 6. I did start piano lessons last week.
- 7. What time did the plane land?
- 8. My brother didn't helped me carry my books.
- 9. She no called me yesterday.
- 10. We rented an apartment on our vacation last year.
- 11. I didn't need to use a calculator for my math homework.
- 12. Were you want to be a dancer when you were a child?
- 13. When they arrived at the airport, they checked their bags.
- 14. Where did you lived when you were a child?
- 15. "Did you pass the test?"
 "No, I didn't."

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Past Simple

- 1. Correct
- 2. Incorrect (should be "tried")
- 3. Incorrect (should be "Did you remember")
- 4. Correct
- 5. Incorrect (should be "How long did you wait")
- 6. Incorrect (should be "I started")
- 7. Correct
- 8. Incorrect (should be "didn't help")
- 9. Incorrect (should be "She didn't call")
- 10. Correct
- 11. Correct
- 12. Incorrect (should be "Did you want")
- 13. Correct
- 14. Incorrect (should be "Where did you live")
- 15. Correct

Past Simple: Irregular Verbs

Infinitive	Positive	Negative
be	was / were	wasn't / weren't
buy	bought	didn't buy
can	could	couldn't
eat	ate	didn't eat
get	got	didn't get
go	went	didn't go
have	had	didn't have
leave	left	didn't leave
make	made	didn't make
meet	met	didn't meet
say	said	didn't say
see	saw	didn't see
take	took	didn't take
think	thought	didn't think
understand	understood	didn't understand
wear	wore	didn't wear
write	wrote	didn't write

Past Simple: Irregular Verbs

Examples:

- Where were you last month?
 I was in France.
- What did your sister buy at the mall?
 She bought new shoes.
- What time did he eat breakfast today?
 He ate breakfast at 6:00 AM.
- When did you get married?
 We got married in July.
- Why did she go to London?
 She went to London to study English.
- Did you have any pets when you were a child?
 Yes, I had a dog.
- When did he leave the meeting?
 He left the meeting an hour before it finished
- What did you make for dinner?
 I made some vegetable soup.
- When did you meet your best friend?
 I met my best friend 20 years ago.
- What did the teacher say?
 The teacher said that she loved our class.
- Did you see Brad at the football game?
 No, but we saw Peter and Henry.
- What did he wear to the wedding?
 He wore a suit.
- Did he write a new book last year?
 No, he only wrote a few magazine articles.

Quiz: Past Simple Irregular Verbs

1) Jimmy and Sea baseball inside the	n a window while playing e house.
A. bought B. broke C. built	
2) We	really late yesterday.
A. sleeped B. slept C. slipt	
3) Mrs. Johnson _	us about World War II in history class.
A. learned B. taught C. thought	
4) My boss	me an important e-mail this morning.
A. said B. sent C. spent	
5) My favorite tea	m the championship last year.
A. wan B. wore C. won	
6) Everyone	_ cake at Harold's birthday party on Saturday.
A. ate B. eat C. eated	

7) I	the egg	s and milk in the refrigerator.
	A. did B. put C. went	
8) V	Ve	tickets to the show.
	A. didn't get B. didn't got C. weren't get	
9) I	under	stand the movie we watched in English class.
	A. wasn't B. didn't can C. couldn't	
10)	Aaron and Barl	bara out after work yesterday.
	A. didn't go B. didn't gone C. didn't went	
11)	I	_ enough time to finish the project.
	A. didn't had B. didn't have C. hadn't	
12)	The students _	their homework.
	A. didn't B. didn't did C. didn't do	
13)	When I was yo	ung, my parents me drive their car.
	A. didn't let B. didn't letted C. weren't let	

14.	What	at the store?
	A. did you buy B. you bought C. you did buy	
15)	When	their house?
	A. was they sell B. did they sell C. did they sold	
16)	your fat	ther happy when he the news?
	A. Wasn't / did he B. Were / hear C. Was / heard	ar
17)	How long	you to read the book?
	A. did it take B. did it told C. did it took	
18)	What	your girlfriend for her birthday last year?
	A. gave you B. did you give C. you gave	
19)	Where	_ last Saturday night at 10 PM?
	A. was you B. were you C. did you	
20)	I the pr	esident at a conference in 2007.
	A. did meet B. met C. was met	

Quiz Answers: Past Simple Irregular Verbs

- 1) B broke
- 2) B slept
- 3) B taught
- 4) B sent
- 5) C won
- 6) A ate
- 7) B put
- 8) A didn't get
- 9) C couldn't
- 10) A didn't go
- 11) B didn't have
- 12) C didn't do
- 13) A didn't let
- 14) A did you buy
- 15) B did they sell
- 16) C Was / heard
- 17) A did it take
- 18) B did you give
- 19) B were you
- 20) B met

Present Continuous: Positive

Present continuous is for things happening now, at the moment.

I	am	watching
you / we / they	are	watching
he / she / it	is	watching

Examples:

- I am watching TV right now.
- He **is studying** at the moment.
- It **is raining** today.
- We are thinking about you.
- They are playing baseball.

It's very common to use contractions:

- I'm watching TV right now.
- **He's** studying at the moment.
- It's raining today.
- We're thinking about you.
- They're playing baseball.

Some verbs are never used in the present continuous: like, want, need, believe.

- I'm believing in God.
 - I believe in God.
- She's wanting a soda.
 She wants a soda.

Quiz: Present Continuous Positive

Mark each sentence correct or incorrect

- 1. Billy and Mark are driving to the airport at the moment.
- 2. Clara and Jill is reading the newspaper.
- 3. He's running to work because he's late.
- 4. I learning English in school.
- 5. James is listen to the radio.
- 6. My children are doing their homework.
- 7. She wearing a white T-shirt and jeans.
- 8. Stop opening all the packages you're making a mess!
- 9. My friend are talking with the teacher.
- 10. I'm sitting next to my brother.

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Continuous Positive

1) Correct
2) Incorrect (should be "are reading")
3) Correct
4) Incorrect (should be "I'm learning")
5) Incorrect (should be "is listening")
6) Correct
7) Incorrect (should be "She's wearing")
8) Correct
9) Incorrect "should be "is talking")
10) Correct

Present Continuous: Negative

I	am not (I'm not)	listening
you / we / they	are not (aren't)	listening
he / she / it	is not (isn't)	listening

Examples:

- I am not working at the moment.
- She is not wearing a hat today.
- You are not listening to the teacher.
- Pete and Jan are not watching TV.

There are two ways to use contractions:

- She's not wearing a hat today.
 She isn't wearing a hat today.
- You're not listening to the teacher.
 You aren't listening to the teacher.

Both forms are OK!

Quiz: Present Continuous Negative

Mark each sentence correct or incorrect:

- 1. Brian isn't eat anything because he just had lunch.
- 2. He no making dinner.
- 3. I not reading any books at the moment.
- 4. My team isn't playing very well in this game.
- 5. Paula's not wearing sunglasses.
- 6. They're at the party, but they're not dancing.
- 7. Tom and Tiffany isn't playing video games now.
- 8. We're not drinking wine because we have to drive home soon.
- 9. You're not listen to me.
- 10. I'm not feeling well. I think it was something I ate.

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Continuous Negative

1. Incorrect (should be "isn't eating")
2. Incorrect (should be "He's not making" or "He isn't making"
3. Incorrect (should be "I'm not reading")
4. Correct
5. Correct
6. Correct
7. Incorrect (should be "aren't playing")
8. Correct
9. Incorrect (should be "not listening")
10. Correct

Present Continuous: Questions

Am	I	working?
Are	you / we / they	working?
Is	he / she / it	working?

Examples:

- Are you writing a letter?
- Is Pedro sleeping right now?
- Are the children playing a game or reading a book?
- **Is** the computer **working**?

You can put a question word at the beginning:

- What are you doing?
 I'm writing an e-mail.
- Where is Sarah going?
 She's going to the store.
- Who are they talking to?
 They're talking to the teacher.
- Why is he running?
 Because he's late for work.

Quiz: Present Continuous Questions

Mark each sentence correct or incorrect:

- 1. Are the children sleeping?
- 2. How are you feeling today?
- 3. How many T-shirts you are buying?
- 4. Is it raining now?
- 5. What are they try to do?
- 6. What magazine are you reading?
- 7. Which hotel he is staying at?
- 8. Who is she wait for?
- 9. Why is he leaving school early?
- 10. What you thinking about?

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Continuous Questions

1. Correct
2. Correct
3. Incorrect (should be "are you buying")
4. Correct
5. Incorrect (should be "are you trying")
6. Correct
7. Incorrect (should be "is he staying")
8. Incorrect (should be "is she waiting")
9. Correct
10. Incorrect (should be "What are you")

Present Simple or Continuous?

Use **present simple** for things that happen **in general** or **regularly**. Use **present continuous** for things happening **now**, **at the moment**, or **current/temporary projects**.

Present Simple	Present Continuous
I work from 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM every day.	I'm currently working on a new project.
Mark studies English every Tuesday night.	Mark is studying the present continuous this week.
We usually go to Europe in the summer.	Right now, we're going to the supermarket.
They always talk to their boss in the morning.	It's 9:00 AM. They're talking to him now.
Does it usually rain in the winter?	No, but it's raining at the moment. Take an umbrella.

Words that are often used with the present simple or continuous:

- With present simple: always, usually, often, sometimes, never, every (day/night/Monday/summer/year)
- With present continuous: now, right now, at the moment, currently, this week/month/year, today

Quiz: Present Simple or Continuous

Select the correct option:

- 1. They always **are going / go** to the gym after work.
- 2. He normally **works / is working** every weekday, but today he **works / isn't working** because it's a holiday.
- 3. "Where <u>are you going / do you go</u>?"

 "To my grandmother's house see you later!"
- 4. How often are you cleaning / do you clean your house?
- 5. Jane is cold because **she doesn't wear / she's not wearing** a jacket.
- 6. My colleagues normally **are eating / eat** lunch in the office.
- 7. How many children are you having / do you have?
- 8. My husband is playing / plays tennis three times a week.
- 9. Please turn down the music; **I try / I'm trying** to study.
- 10. Watch out! Your son **is running / runs** into the street!
- "What <u>does she do / is she doing</u>?""She's baking a cake."
- 12. Rita **doesn't know / isn't knowing** how to ride a bike.
- "Where's mom?""She takes / She's taking a shower."
- 14. Yes, I can talk now. **I don't drive / I'm not driving**.
- 15. My cousin never **gives / is giving** me a birthday present.

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Simple or Continuous?

- 1. go
- 2. works / isn't working
- 3. are you going
- 4. do you clean
- 5. she's not wearing
- 6. eat
- 7. do you have
- 8. plays
- 9. I'm trying
- 10. is running
- 11. is she doing
- 12. doesn't know
- 13. She's taking
- 14. I'm not driving
- 15. gives

Countable and Uncountable

Countable nouns are things we can count – for example, cats:

- My brother has a cat.
- My sister has two cats.
- My friend has three cats.

Other examples of countable nouns:

- Things book, table, computer, banana, shirt, television, house.
- People man, woman, child, friend, sister, uncle, teacher, boss.

Uncountable nouns are words that we can't count, or can't divide into separate parts:

- Liquids and some foods water, butter, rice, flour, milk
- Ideas and concepts love, fun, work, money, peace, safety
- **Information** advice, information, news, knowledge
- Categories music, furniture, equipment, jewelry, meat

Countable	Uncountable
dollar / dollars	money
song / songs	music
table / tables	furniture
bottle / bottles	wine, water
report / reports	information
job / jobs	work

Countable and Uncountable

Don't add -s to make uncountable nouns plural:

- I need some informations about the course.
- I need some information about the course.

You can use other words to help quantify uncountable nouns:

- She bought three bottles of wine and five boxes of rice.
- He gave me two pieces of advice: eat less and exercise more.

With countable nouns, we use many, few, and a lot of:

- How many glasses of water do you drink every day?
- There are too **many people** in the room.
- I have a **few questions** about the lesson.
- I eat a lot of vegetables.

With uncountable nouns, we use much, little and a lot of:

- How much water do you drink every day?
- He put too **much salt** in the soup.
- We have too little information to make a decision.
- She has a lot of experience in this type of work.

We can use **some**, **any**, and **no** with both uncountable nouns and **plural** countable nouns:

- Can I borrow **some** of your books?
- Would you like to listen to **some** music?
- I don't have **any** ideas.
- I don't have any money.
- There are no chairs in the living room.
- There's no furniture in the living room.

Quiz: Countable / Uncountable Nouns

1)]	I didn't understand th	e lesson, so I asked			
	A. a lot of questions.B. many question.C. a little question.				
2) _		_ think English grammar is difficult.			
	A. A lot of personB. Many peopleC. Much people				
3) _	of books were delivered to the school yesterday.				
	A. A few boxesB. Any boxesC. Some box				
-	Their relationship has lost every day.	They argue			
	A. a lot of problemsB. many problemC. much problems				
5) 1	There are	in the classroom.			
	A. some desk B. so much desks C. twenty desks				
6) I	How	do vou drink?			

A. lots of teaB. many teaC. much tea	
7) He has	to do over the weekend.
A. a lot of worksB. many workC. some work	
8) My father's going on	next month.
A. two business trips B. two business trav C. much business tri	els
9) I like	by Lady Gaga.
A. a few songsB. some musicsC. many music	
10. Don't go to that par	t of the city at night - there's
A. a few violence B. a lot of violence	ı

Answers on the next page

C. many violences

Quiz Answers: Countable & Uncountable Nouns

- 1) A a lot of questions
- 2) B Many people
- 3) A A few boxes
- 4) A a lot of problems
- 5) C twenty desks
- 6) C much tea
- 7) C some work
- 8) A two business trips
- 9) A a few songs
- 10) B a lot of violence

Future with Going To

Use **going to** to talk about future events, plans and predictions.



She's going to have a baby soon.

Positive:

Full Form	Contracted Form	
I am You are He / she / it is We are They are	He's / Sne's / It's	going to take a test tomorrow.

In fast spoken English, **going to** often sounds like *gonna:* "We're *gonna* take a test tomorrow."

Future with Going To

Negative:

Full Form	Contracted Form 1	Contracted Form 2	
I am not You are not He / she is not It is not We are not They are not	I'm not You're not He's / She's not It's not We're not They're not	You aren't He / she isn't It isn't We aren't They aren't	going to take a test tomorrow.

Question:

Am	I	
Are	you	going to take a test temerrow?
Is	he / she / it	going to take a test tomorrow?
Are	we	
Are	they	

Don't forget "am/is/are"!

- I going to buy some new shoes next week.
 - I'm going to buy some new shoes next week.
- She not going to watch TV.
 - She's not going to watch TV.
- They going to get married in June.
 - They're going to get married in June.

Quiz: Future with "Going to"

Mark each sentence as correct or incorrect:

- 1. Is you going to start any new projects this year?
- 2. Barbara and Adrian is going to start studying English next semester.
- 3. I going to buy flowers for my girlfriend's birthday.
- 4. Laura's not going to stay in a hotel during her next vacation.
- 5. Is Martha going make a lot of money in her new job?
- 6. Marty's going to meet John for lunch at 12:30.
- 7. My father not going to come home until 9:00.
- 8. They're not going to win the game.
- 9. Tim and Janet are going cook dinner on Friday.
- We're going to visit our friends in Rio de Janeiro in December.
- 11. What movie are you going to see tonight?
- 12. I'm not going to eat any dessert after dinner.

Quiz Answers: Future with "Going to"

1. Incorrect (should be "are you")
2. Incorrect (should be "are going")
3. Incorrect (should be "I'm going")
4. Correct
5. Incorrect (should be "going to make")
6. Correct
7. Incorrect (should be "father is not going")
8. Correct
9. Incorrect (should be "going to cook")
10) Correct
11) Correct
12) Correct

Comparative Adjectives

Use comparatives to compare two things:

Phil is 10 years old. Ben is 8 years old.

- Phil is older than Ben.
- Ben is **younger than** Phil.

For One-Syllable Words

Add -er

Tall	Taller
Old	Older
Fast	Faster
Long	Longer
New	Newer

- My new car is **faster than** my old car.
- I'm older than my brother.
- Traveling by bike takes longer than traveling by motorcycle.

For Words that end in a vowel + consonant

Double the last consonant and add -er

Big	Bigger
Hot	Hotter
Thin	Thinner

- An elephant is bigger than a cat.
- Brazil is **hotter** than Sweden.
- My sister is **thinner** than me.

For Words that end in consonant + y

Remove -y and add -ier.

Easy	Easier
Нарру	Happier
Busy	Busier

- Reading English is **easier than** listening.
- Maria is happier than Dave.
- People today are **busier than** in the past.

For Words with 3+ syllables

Add "more" before the adjective:

Expensive	More expensive
Popular	More popular
Interesting	More interesting

- A car is **more expensive than** a computer.
- Michael Jackson's music is more popular than country music.
- Watching a movie is **more interesting than** studying grammar.

Adjectives with Irregular Comparatives

Good	Better
Bad	Worse
Far	Farther

- Eating fruit is **better** for your health **than** eating hamburgers.
- Cancer is worse than the flu.
- One mile is **farther than** one kilometer.

Quiz: Comparative Adjectives

Mark each sentence correct or incorrect:

- 1. A book is longer a magazine.
- 2. American football is dangerouser than baseball.
- 3. This restaurant is more better than the one we ate at yesterday.
- 4. Ashley is prettier than Sandy.
- 5. Craig is more friendly than Paul.
- 6. I'm popular than her.
- 7. Listening to English is harder than reading English.
- 8. The couch is more comfortable than the chair.
- 9. An elephant is bigger of a mouse.
- 10. The new movie is more bad than the original movie.
- 11. The sun is hoter than the moon.
- 12. The weather in London is wetter than the weather in Cairo.
- 13. This test was easier than the last one.
- 14. Vegetables are better for your health than candy.
- 15. The movie was much more interesting than the book.

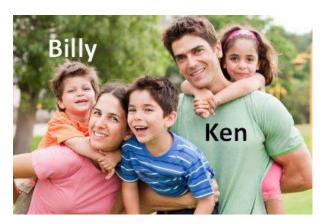
Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Comparative Adjectives

1. Incorrect (should be "longer than a magazine")
2. Incorrect (should be "more dangerous")
3. Incorrect (should be "is better than")
4. Correct
5. Incorrect (should be "friendlier")
6. Incorrect (should be "more popular than")
7. Correct
8. Correct
9. Incorrect (should be "bigger than")
10. Incorrect (should be "worse")
11. Incorrect (should be "hotter")
12. Correct
13. Correct
14. Correct
15. Correct

Superlative Adjectives

Use superlatives to compare three or more things:



Ken is **the oldest** person in the family.

Billy is **the youngest** person in the family.

Adjective	Superlative
Old	the oldest
Big	the biggest
Easy	the easiest
Friendly	the friendliest
Beautiful	the most beautiful
Expensive	the most expensive
Good	the best
Bad	the worst
Far	the farthest

Examples:

- My grandmother is the oldest person in my family.
- Russia is the biggest country in the world.
- This is **the easiest** test I've ever taken.
- Barry is **the friendliest** guy in the class.
- Donna is **the most beautiful** woman I've ever seen.
- The most expensive shoes in the world cost 1.5 million dollars.
- I like all sports, but I like soccer the best.
- Picking up garbage was **the worst** job I've ever had.
- Australia is the farthest I've ever traveled.

Don't forget "the"!

- I read newest lesson from Espresso English.
- I read the newest lesson from Espresso English.

Superlatives are often used with the **present perfect + ever:**

- This is the best sushi **I've ever eaten**.
- What's the most expensive car you've ever driven?
- The longest book I've ever read was 500 pages.
- Jan is the friendliest person I've ever met.

Quiz: Superlative Adjectives

1) That's	movie I've ever seen!
A. funniestB. the funnierC. the funniest	
2) English is	subject for me, and math is
A. the easiest / the mos B. easiest / difficultest C. the most easy / the r	
3) Alaska is	place I've ever been to.
A. coldest B. the coldest C. the most cold	
4) War and Peace is	book I've ever read.
A. the more long B. the most long C. the longest	
5) That restaurant has never go back there again.	food I've ever eaten. I'll
A. the baddest B. the worse C. the worst	
6) Paris is considered one	of cities in the world.
A. romanticest B. more romantic C. the most romantic	

7)	class a	nt the school starts at 7:00 AM.
	A. The earlierB. The earliestC. The most early	
8)	flight	costs \$400.
	A. The expensivestB. The worst expensiveC. The least expensive	
9)	Jaina is	student in the class.
	A. the better B. the best C. the most good	
) The world's ometers per hour.	train has a top speed of 581
	A. fastest B. most fast C. faster	

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Superlative Adjectives

- 1) C the funniest
- 2) A the easiest / the most difficult
- 3) B the coldest
- 4) C the longest
- 5) C the worst
- 6) C the most romantic
- 7) B The earliest
- 8) C The least expensive
- 9) B the best
- 10 A fastest

Adverbs

Use **adjectives** to describe nouns (things or people).

Use **adverbs** to describe verbs (**how** a person does something):

- That was a **terrible** game. (adjective describes "game")
- The team played **terribly.** (adverb describes "played")

Common adverbs:

Adjective	Adverb
slow	slowly
quiet	quietly
bad	badly
beautiful	beautifully
dangerous	dangerously
careful	carefully
easy	easily
healthy	healthily
good	well
fast	fast
hard	hard

Examples:

- My grandfather drives **slowly**, but I drive **fast.**
- The teacher spoke so quietly that I couldn't hear her.
- I can read English well, but I speak badly.
- Evan lives **dangerously.** He loves radical sports.
- We wrote the letter **carefully** so as not to make a mistake.
- I opened the jar easily.
- Soccer players need to eat **healthily** to stay in good shape.
- Janet works very **hard.** She arrives at work early and leaves late.

Adjectives often go **before** the noun or after a form of the verb **be**. Adverbs usually go **after** the verb:

- Ruth is a quiet person. ("quiet" describes "person")
- The machine is **quiet.** ("quiet" describes "machine")
- Ruth speaks **quietly.** ("quietly" describes "speaks")

Quiz: Adjective or Adverb?

Choose the correct word to complete each sentence:

- George gives <u>generous / generously</u> of his time to help poor children succeed in school.
- 2. Helen wears very **stylish / stylishly** clothes.
- 3. I got a **perfect / perfectly** score of 100% on my grammar test.
- 4. My husband learned to cook really **good / well** after taking a culinary course.
- 5. Peter thinks that buying a motorcycle is a **bad / badly** idea.
- 6. The music is too **loud / loudly**; I can't hear you.
- 7. Should I stay in my home country or live abroad? It's a hardly decision.
- 8. That part of the city isn't very **safe / safely**.
- 9. Wanda dances **beautiful / beautifully**. I'm sure she'll be a professional ballerina someday.
- 10. Please carry that box <u>careful / carefully</u>. It has fragile electronic equipment inside.

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Adjective or Adverb?

1. generously
2. stylish
3. perfect
4. well
5. bad
6. loud
7. hard
8. safe
9. beautifully
10. carefully

Present Perfect: Verb be

Use the **present perfect** in two situations:

1) To talk about experiences in the past, when we don't know or don't say exactly when the experience happened.

Examples:

- <u>Have you been</u> to Italy?
 Yes, <u>I've been</u> there three times.
- <u>Have you been</u> to Rio de Janeiro?
 No, **I haven't.** I don't like hot weather.
- <u>Has Diana been</u> to a rock concert?
 Yes, many times!
- <u>Has your brother been</u> to a big sports event?
 <u>No, he hasn't.</u> He hates sports.
- 2) To talk about an action or state that started in the past and continues to the present.

Examples:

- How long <u>have you been</u> married?
 <u>I've been</u> married for five years.
- How long <u>has John been</u> a teacher?
 <u>He's been</u> a teacher since last January.

Present Perfect: Verb be

Positive

Full Form	Short Form	
I have You have We have They have	I've You've We've They've	been to Paris.
He / she / it has	He's / she's / it's	been to Paris.

Negative

Full Form	Short Form	
I have not You have not We have not They have not	I haven't You haven't We haven't They haven't	been to Paris.
He / she / it has not	He / she / it hasn't	been to Paris.

Question

Auxiliary Verb	Subject	
Have	I / you / we / they	been to Paris?
Has	he / she / it	been to Paris?

Present Perfect: Other Verbs

Regular verbs

Verb	Past Participle	Example
travel	traveled	I've traveled to 15 countries in my life.
watch	watched	She hasn't watched the movie yet.
pass	passed	We've passed our English test.
try	tried	Have you tried restarting the computer?
stop	stopped	They've recently stopped smoking.

Irregular verbs

Verb	Past	Past Participle
break	broke	broken
buy	bought	bought
do	did	done
eat	ate	eaten
get	got	gotten
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
know	knew	known
leave	left	left
make	made	made
meet	met	met
see	saw	seen
take	took	taken
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
write	wrote	written

Present Perfect: Other Verbs

Examples:

- I can't find my car keys. Have you seen them?
 No, I haven't. Sorry.
- We've written more than 100 e-mails in the past week.
- My cousin **has met** a lot of famous people in her life.
- Have you ever broken a bone?
 Yes, I have.
- Has she ever eaten Vietnamese food?
 No, she hasn't.
- Have you ever thought about moving to another country?
 We've thought about it, but we haven't told our kids.
- The teacher **hasn't given** us any homework yet.
- Camilo has made a lot of mistakes in his life.
- Have you ever gotten lost while driving?
 No, I haven't but my mother has!
- Kristin **has** never **taken** singing classes.

Quiz: Present Perfect

Mark each sentence correct or incorrect:

- 1. Have you ever drived a Ferrari?
- 2. Gary is known Darla for a long time.
- 3. Has he ever eaten Brazilian food?
- 4. She's recently wrote a book.
- 5. Have you heard the new song by Adele?
- 6. He hasn't woken up yet.
- 7. Help, police! That man's just stolen my wallet!
- 8. I haven't take the test yet.
- 9. I've lived in Orlando for three years.
- 10. Laura have sold her car.
- 11. No, they hasn't eaten lunch yet.
- 12. She's been to Berlin twice.
- 13. They already given me the money.
- 14. Has you ever met my brother?
- 15. I haven't read the newspaper in the past week.

Answers on the next page

Quiz Answers: Present Perfect

1. Incorrect (should be "driven")
2. Incorrect (should be "has known")
3. Correct
4. Incorrect (should be "written")
5. Correct
6. Correct
7. Correct
8. Incorrect (should be "taken")
9. Correct
10. Incorrect (should be "has sold")
11. Incorrect (should be "haven't eaten")
12. Correct
13. Incorrect (should be "They've already given")
14. Incorrect (should be "Have you met")
15. Correct

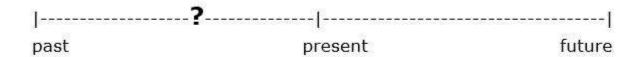
Present Perfect or Past Simple

Use the **present perfect** to talk about a general experience in the past. Use the **past simple** to talk about a specific moment in the past.

```
"Have you seen the new Mission Impossible film?"
"Yes, I have."
"When did you see it?"
"I saw it last week."
```

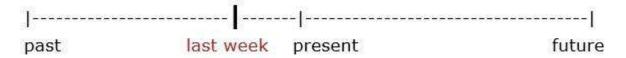
Use the **present perfect** for "unspecified" time:

I've seen the new Mission Impossible film.



Use the **past simple** for "specified" time:

I saw the new Mission Impossible film last week.



Present Perfect or Past Simple

Use the **present perfect** to talk about an action that started in the past and continues to the present. Use the **past simple** to talk about an action that started and finished in the past.

Use the **present perfect** for "unfinished" time:

"I've lived in Brazil for three years." (and I live in Brazil now)

Use the **past simple** for "finished" time:

"I lived in Brazil for three years." (and I don't live in Brazil now)

Quiz: Present Perfect or Past Simple?

Choose the correct option to complete each sentence:

- 1. I didn't see / haven't seen you at the meeting last Monday.
- Joel <u>had / has had</u> a lot of interesting jobs in his life.
 (Joel is still alive)
- 3. He **knew / 's known** his best friend since 1990.
- 4. Dana called / 's called me an hour ago.
- 5. I 've never gone / never went skiing.
- 6. My parents **have lived / lived** in the same house for 30 years. (and they still live there)
- 7. **<u>Did / Have</u>** you **<u>like / liked</u>** the movie we saw yesterday?
- 8. The first man **has walked / walked** on the moon in 1969.
- 9. Richard **didn't meet / hasn't met** the new teacher yet.
- 10. They <u>didn't visit / haven't visited</u> Martha when they visited Los Angeles last summer.
- 11. My brother and I **didn't speak / haven't spoken** to each other since January.
- 12. **<u>Did / Have</u>** you ever **<u>fall / fallen</u>** asleep in class?
- 13. You're late. The meeting **has started / started** fifteen minutes ago
- 14. What airline **did you fly / have you flown** with on your last vacation?
- 15. **Did / Has** Laurie ever **ridden / ride** a motorcycle?
- 16. She **had / has had** her first child when she was 21.

Quiz Answers: Present Perfect or Past Simple?

- 1. didn't see
- 2. has had
- 3. 's known
- 4. called
- 5. 've never gone
- 6. have lived
- 7. Did / like
- 8. walked
- 9. hasn't met
- 10. didn't see
- 11. haven't spoken
- 12. Have / fallen
- 13. started
- 14. did you fly
- 15. Has / ridden
- 16. had

Thanks for reading!

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