

# LAKSHYA (JEE)

## Chemical Kinetics

**DPP-07**

- The rate constant is numerically the same for three reactions of first second and the order respectively. Which one is true at a moment for rate of three reaction if concentration of reactants is same and greater than 1 M.  
(A)  $r_1 = r_2 = r_3$       (B)  $r_1 > r_2 = r_3$   
(C)  $r_1 < r_2 < r_3$       (D) All
- Which is incorrect  
(A) Half-life of a first order reaction is independent of initial concentration  
(B) Rate of reaction is constant for first order reaction  
(C) Unit of K for second order reaction is  $\text{Mol}^{-1} \text{lit sec}^{-1}$   
(D) None
- A reaction is found to have the rate constant  $x \text{ sec}^{-1}$  by what factor the rate is increased initial conc. of A is tripled  
(A) 3      (B) 9  
(C) x      (D) Remains same
- The rate constant for a reaction is  $10.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$ . The reaction obeys—  
(A) First order      (B) Zero order  
(C) Second order      (D) All are wrong
- From different sets of data of  $t_{1/2}$  at different initial concentrations say 'a' for a given reaction, the  $[t_{1/2} \times a]$  is found to be constant. The order of reaction is:  
(A) 0      (B) 1  
(C) 2      (D) 3
- The  $t_{1/2}$  of a reaction is halved as the initial concentration of the reactant is doubled. What is the order of reaction?  
(A) First order      (B) Zero order  
(C) Second order      (D) Third order
- The half-life period for catalytic decomposition of  $\text{AB}_3$  at 50 mm is found to be 4 hrs and at 100 mm it is 2 hrs. The order of reaction is:  
(A) 3      (B) 1  
(C) 2      (D) 0

## ANSWERS

1. (C)
2. (B)
3. (A)
4. (B)
5. (C)
6. (C)
7. (C)



**\*Note\*** - If you have any query/issue

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