

EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ZAMBIA

Joint Examination for the School Certificate
and General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

HISTORY

PAPER 2

2167/2

Wednesday

31 OCTOBER 2012

Additional materials:
Answer Booklet

www.eczmaterials.com

TIME: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1 Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet provided.
- 2 There are **twenty** questions in this question paper.
- 3 Answer **three** questions.
- 4 Answer **not more than two** questions from any one section.
- 5 Write your answers in the **Answer Booklet** provided.
- 6 If you use more than one **Answer Booklet**, fasten the **Answer Booklets** together.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- 1 All questions in this paper carry equal marks.
- 2 You are advised to read carefully through the whole paper before choosing the questions you intend to answer.
- 3 **Cell-phones are not allowed in the examination room**

SECTION A

- 1 What were the aims of Bismarck's foreign policy during the period 1870 to 1890? What was his attitude towards France and Russia during the same period? [4:16]
- 2 What reasons did European countries have for scrambling for colonies in Africa up to 1900? What were the effects of this scramble on Africa? [14:6]
- 3 Explain why Britain adopted the policy of Splendid Isolation. Why did she abandon it by 1914? [12:8]
- 4 Outline the principle aims of the League of Nations. What were its successes and failures? [4:8:8]
- 5 Give the measures the Meiji leaders enforced to modernise Japan. How did Japan acquire status as a world power in the period 1890 to 1918? [8:12]
- 6 What territorial losses in Europe and overseas did Germany suffer at the Versailles Peace Treaty of 1919? What did the Germans resent about the treaty? [14:6]
- 7 Why was the Tsar's government overthrown in February 1917? Why was there another revolution in October of the same year? [10:10]
- 8 Describe and explain the rise of Mussolini to power in Italy in 1922. How did his policies benefit the people of Italy during the period 1922 to 1945? [10:10]
- 9 Which factors helped Hitler and the Nazi Party rise to power in Germany in 1933? Why and how did Hitler persecute the Jews? [10:10]
- 10 Why was the United States of America hit by the Great Depression? How did President Franklin Delano Roosevelt manage to deal with the conditions created by the depression? [6:14]

SECTION B

- 11 What conferences were held during World War Two? What were the conclusions made at these conferences? [5:15]
- 12 What caused the Cold War between the Soviet Union and Western Powers after 1945? Write on two cold war incidents listed below:
- (a) The Berlin Blockade 1948 – 49.
 - (b) Korean War 1950 – 1953.
 - (c) Cuban missile crisis 1961 – 1962. [6:7:7]
- 13 Write briefly on the following aspects of the United Nations Organisation (UNO).
- (a) Achievements of the UNO.
 - (b) List any **three** organs of the UNO and state their main functions.
 - (c) State **three** problems that have affected the UNO since 1945.
 - (d) List any **three** social agencies of the UNO and state their main functions. [5:6:3:6]
- 14 What was meant by the term Détente? Why did the Superpowers want Détente during the 1970's and what attempts did they make to achieve it? [2:10:8]
- 15 What were the arguments for and against the establishment of the state of Israel in 1948? [10:10]
- 16 What reasons contributed to Charles De Gaulle's rise to power in France in 1958? What were the main features of De Gaulle's rule from 1958 to 1969? [10:10]
- 17 What are the aims, membership and organisation of the Southern African Development Community (SADC)? [4:8:8]
- 18 Why and how was the USA involved in the Vietnam War between 1950 and 1968? Why did she finally pull out of the War? [3:12:5]
- 19 What economic and social changes took place in the Soviet Union from the death of Joseph Stalin to the fall of Nikita Khrushchev in 1964? Why was Khrushchev deposed in 1964? [15:5]
- 20 Write on any **two** of the following:
- (a) What are some of the types of stigma that people with HIV and AIDS suffer? What are the rights that people living with HIV and AIDS have?
 - (b) The roles played by the media and difficulties faced by the media in third world countries like Zambia
 - (c) What is marriage? How many types of marriages do we have in Zambia? Mention two advantages and two disadvantages of the various types of marriages? [10:10]