

# SOSTAZ CENTRAL PROVINCE

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## RELIGIOUS EDUCATION (2046/1) PAMPHLET

*'PASSING R.E WITH A SMILE'*

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**In this pamphlet we have covered the following:**

1. Standardization of Religious Education 2046/1 Examination paper
2. How you can prepare yourself answer questions from each of the five parts of every question
3. Sampled bible passages and how to answer them
4. Sampled questions and answers for Parts (c)(i) & (c)(ii)
5. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and any other Religion from the syllabus

## STANDARDIZATION OF RE 2046/1 EXAMINATION PAPER

1. The question paper is divided into three sections:  
Section A to cover Grade 10 work  
Section B to cover Grade 11 work  
Section C to cover Grade 12 work
2. There will be 12 questions in the examination paper; Four (4) from Section A, Four (4) from Section B and Four (4) from section C.
3. You will be required to answer four questions:  
One from section A  
One from section B  
One from section C  
The fourth question from either section A, B or C
4. The exam is structured as follows:

(a) Content of bible passage	5 marks
(b) Christian teaching of values from the bible	4 marks
(c) (i) Application to Christian behavior in Zambia	6 marks
(ii) Application of values in Zambian modern society	6 marks
(d) Values in one religious tradition similar or different to Christianity.	4 marks

### HOW YOU CAN PREPARE YOURSELF TO ANSWER EXAMINATION QUESTIONS

(a) **Content**

You must know that part (a) of each question will require you to relate/narrate/tell/given an account of/describe a Bible passage. Therefore, it is important for you to read and study as you master all scripture passages especially major ones given in every unit/topic. You will find it helpful to practice relating bible passages on your own, do this by writing.

(b) **Meaning in terms of values.**

You must know that part (b) of each question will require you to state spiritual and moral values which Christians have based on the bible passage and show how those values have been deduced from the passage. As you study therefore try to find and give meanings/ lessons from the bible stories or parables.

(c) (i) **Application to the Zambian Christian situation**

You must know that part (c) (i) of each question will require you to show how the spiritual and moral values based on the bible passages can be expressed in a Christian way e.g. giving Christian advice based on the given situation etc.

(ii) **Application of values in Zambian modern society**

You must know that part (c) (ii) of each question is based on Zambian Modern Society. This part will require you to show how the spiritual and moral values can be expressed under Zambian Modern Society

(d) **Comparison of ideas/values/teachings**

You must know that part (d) of each question will require you to compare spiritual and moral values based on the bible passages (*Christianity*) with related values from *Hinduism, Islam* or *Zambian Traditional Religion*. As you study therefore, learn to give *similar* and *different teachings* between Christianity and each of the three religious traditions (Hinduism, Islam and ZTR).

**Note:**

- Each of the five parts from each question should be answered in note or point form **not** in paragraphs.
- Give only the limited number of points asked in the question except for part (a) based on Bible passage you can write as many points as possible which is marked at ½ mark per given point.

## **SAMPLED BIBLE PASSAGES FOR PART (a) AND HOW TO ANSWER THEM**

***NARRATE, RELATE, DESCRIBE, EXPLAIN, TELL A STORY AND GIVE AN ACCOUNT.  
HOW TO ANSWER:***

### **1. THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF JOHN THE BAPTIST'S BIRTH**

- The time Herod was king of Judea
- There was a priest named Zachariah
- His wife was Elizabeth
- They both belonged to a priestly family
- As Zachariah was burning incense in the Temple
- An angel appeared to him and he was afraid
- Do not be afraid Zachariah the angel said
- God has answered your prayer, your wife will bear you a son
- You are to name him John
- He will be a great man in God's sight
- He must not drink wine or strong drink
- He will be filled with the Holy Spirit from birth
- He will prepare many to be ready for the Lord
- Zachariah asked how this was possible because both were old
- An angel answered
- I stand in the presence of God and have sent to tell you the good news
- You will not be to speak until this is fulfilled
- Because you have not believed the message

### **2. ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE BIRTH OF JESUS TO THE SHEPHERD (LK 2:8-20)**

- In the country were shepherds living out in the fields
- Keeping watch of their flock by night
- The Angel of the Lord stood before them
- The glory of the Lord shone around and they were afraid
- The angel said to them "don't be afraid behold I bring good news for all people"
- For you today a saviour is born in the city of David
- This will be sign to you: you will find a baby wrapped in stripes of clothes lying in a manger
- Angels sang saying "glory to God in the highest
- And on earth peace and good will towards men
- The angel left the shepherds
- They found Mary and Joseph and the baby in the manger
- The shepherds spread the message of the angel
- All those who heard were surprised about the shepherds message
- Mary kept all these things and pondered them in her heart
- The shepherds returned glorifying and praising God

### **3. JOHN THE BAPTIST IN THE WILDERNESS (MATT 3:1-12)**

- John was preaching in the wilderness of Judea
- He said "repent for the kingdom of God is at hand"
- The voice of one crying in the wilderness
- Prepare the way of the Lord, make His paths straight

- John was clothed in camel hair and leather belt
- His food was locust and honey
- Jerusalem, Judea and all regions around the Jordan came to him
- Confessed their sins and were baptised in Jordan
- He called the Pharisees and Sadducees a brood of vipers
- He told them to show their repentance by how they lived
- He did not baptise them because they showed no signs of repentance
- They thought God will not reject them because they were Abraham's children
- They needed to repent of their pride and evil ways
- They should practice what they preached
- John warned them Christ would judge their evil ways

**4. THE ARREST AND DEATH OF JOHN THE BAPTIST (MK 6:17-29)**

- Herod had John arrested and put him in prison
- Herod had married Herodias his brother's wife
- John told him it was illegal
- Herodias had a grudge against John
- Wanted him killed
- Herod feared John and protected him
- He knew he was a righteous man and listened to him
- Herod gave a banquet for his birthday
- Herodias daughter danced well for the guests
- Herod promised her whatever she asked for
- The girl asked the mother what she should ask for
- Herodias told her to ask for John's head on a dish
- Herod was distressed
- Did not want to kill John
- Because he promised he could not refuse
- He sent people to bring John's head
- They brought the head and gave it to the girl
- The girl gave her mother

**5. PETER DENYING JESUS (LK 22:54-62)**

- They too Jesus to the house of the chief priest
- Peter followed at a distance
- They kindled a fire in the middle of the courtyard
- Peter sat with them on the fire
- A servant looked at Peter and said "this man was with him"
- Peter denied it and said I don't know Him
- Later another man saw him and said "you are one of them"
- Man I am not Peter answered
- Later another man said "this was with him for he is a Galilean"
- Peter replied "I don't know Him"
- As he was speaking the cock crowed
- The lord looked at Peter and he remembered what he was told
- Before the cock crows today you will disown me three times
- He went outside and mourned bitterly.

**6. WHAT PEOPLE SAID ABOUT JESUS AND BEELZEBUB (LK 11:14-20)**

- Jesus was driving out a demon that was mute
  - People were amazed to see the man speak
  - Some said “Jesus was used Beelzebub the prince of demons to drive out demons”
  - Others tested Him by asking for sign from heaven
  - Jesus knew their thoughts and said to them
  - Any kingdom divided against itself will fall
  - A house divided against itself fail
  - If Satan is divided against himself how can his kingdom stand
  - If I cast out demons by Beelzebub by who do your followers drive them out
  - Be judges yourself
  - If I drive out demons by the finger of God then the Kingdom of God has come to you.
7. **THE PARABLE OF THE SOWER (LK 8:4-8)**
- A large crowd gathered to listen to Jesus.
  - He told a parable of a farmer who went out to sow seed in his field.
  - As he scattered the seeds some fell on the path
  - People walked on it and birds ate it
  - Some fell on rocky soil
  - When they grew they withered cause they had no water
  - Some fell on thorny place with lots of weeds
  - The weeds choked the plants and died
  - Some fell on good soil
  - They grew well and produced a good crop
8. **JESUS’ REPLY TO THE REQUEST LORD TEACH US HOW TO PRAY.**
- One day Jesus was praying in a certain place
  - When He finished one of His disciples said to Him
  - Lord teach us how to pray
  - He said to them “when you pray say “Father who at in heaven, hollowed be your name
  - Your kingdom come
  - Give us each day our daily bread
  - Forgive us our sins
  - As we forgive those who sin against us
  - Lead us not into temptations
  - But deliver us from evil
  - For the power and the glory forever and ever. Amen.
9. **THE TRANSFIGURATION OF JESUS (LK 9:28-36)**
- Jesus went to pray took Peter, James and John
  - As He prayed His face changed appearance
  - His cloths become dazzling white
  - Moses and Elijah appeared
  - The apostles were asleep
  - Woke up and saw Jesus’ glory
  - Peter said it is good that we are here
  - We will make three tents
  - One for Jesus, one for Moses and one for Elijah
  - As He spoke a cloud covered them and were afraid
  - A voice spoke from the cloud this is my Son listen to Him

- When the voice stopped Jesus was alone
- The disciples told no one what they had seen

**10. THE RICHMAN AND LAZARUS (LK 9:28-36)**

- A rich man dressed in fine linen lived in luxury
- Lazarus was a beggar
- Sat every day at the rich man's gate
- Wanted some crumbs from the rich man's table
- Dogs came and licked his sores
- When Lazarus died he was taken to heaven
- The rich man also died and was taken to hell
- In hell was torment, the rich man looked up and saw Lazarus and Abraham far away
- Begged Abraham send Lazarus for water
- Abraham reminded him that in life he had the good things
- Now Lazarus has good things
- Told him that there is a great chasm between them and no one can pass over it
- Asked Abraham to send Lazarus to warn his brothers
- They have prophets and Moses to warn them
- Beg Abraham to send someone from the dead
- If they can't listen to Moses they will still not listen

**11. THE RICH YOUNG MAN (MK 10:17-31)**

- A man came and knelt before Jesus
- Asked "good teacher what must I do to receive eternal life?"
- Jesus reminded him about the commandments
- The man said he kept all the commandments
- Jesus said, he still had to obey one more thing
- He must give up his wealth to follow Jesus
- The man was very rich
- He did not want to give away wealth and went away very sad
- Jesus said it is hard for rich people to enter the kingdom of God than it is for a camel to go through the eye of a needle

**12. RELATE THE PARABLE OF THE RICH FOOL (Luke 12:13-34)**

- Then someone from the crowd said to him, "Teacher, tell my brother to divide the inheritance with me."
- But Jesus said to him, "Man, who made me a judge or arbitrator between you two?"
- Then he said to them, "Watch out and guard yourself from all types of greed, because one's life does not consist in the abundance of his possessions."
- He then told them a parable: "The land of a certain rich man produced an abundant crop, so he thought to himself, 'What should I do, for I have nowhere to store my crops?'"
- Then he said, 'I will do this: I will tear down my barns and build bigger ones, and there I will store all my grain and my goods.
- And I will say to myself, "You have plenty of goods stored up for many years; relax, eat, drink, celebrate!"'
- But God said to him, 'You fool!
- This very night your life will be demanded back from you, but who will get what you have prepared for yourself?'
- So it is with the one who stores up riches for himself, but is not rich toward God."

**13. MARRIAGE INSTITUTED BY GOD ACCORDING TO GENESIS (GEN. 2:18-25)**

- God took soil and made man from it.
- He breathed life giving breath into his nostrils
- Man began to live
- God put man in the garden he made
- God said its not good for man to be alone
- I will make him a suitable companion for him
- He made man fell in deep sleep
- While he was asleep God took out one rib
- From the rib God formed a woman
- He brought the woman to man
- Man said “here is one of my kind”
- Borne of my borne flesh of my flesh woman is her name
- So a man lives his parents and is united to his wife
- And they become one.

**14. PERSECUTION OF PAUL AND BARNABAS IN LYSTRIA (ACTS 14:8-20)**

- In Lystria was a crippled man lame from birth
- He sat and listened to Paul’s words
- Paul saw he had believed and could be healed
- Stand up straight on your feet the man jumped and walked
- When the crowd saw this they were amazed
- They said “gods have become like men and have come to us”
- They named Paul Hermaes and Barnabas as Zeus
- The crowd wanted to offer sacrifices to the apostles
- Paul and Barnabas tore there clothes and said we are only human beings
- We are just here to announce the good news
- So that you turn away fro your sins
- Some Jews who came from Iconium in Pisidia and influenced people
- They stoned Paul and dragged him out of town
- They thought he was dead
- Believers gathered around him and prayed
- He got up and went back to the town

**15. THE COMING OF THE HOLY SPIRIT ON THE DAY OF PENTECOST (ACTS 2:1-13)**

- When the day of Pentecost came
- The believers were gathered together in one place
- Suddenly they heard a noise from the sky like strong wind
- It filled the house where they were sitting
- They saw what looked like tongues of fire and touched each person
- They were filled with the Holy Spirit
- They began to talk in other tongues
- There were Jews living in Jerusalem
- People from regions were excited and amazed
- They heard the believers talking in their own language
- They wondered how they spoke in these languages
- They were amazed and continued asking each other

- What does this mean
- But others made fun of the believers saying
- They are drunk

**16. THE LAST SUPPER (LK 22:14-23)**

- Jesus told the disciples to prepare the Passover meal
- A large room upstairs was prepared
- Jesus with sat with the twelve disciples at the table
- He told them how He wanted to have the meal before He suffered
- He took the cup of wine and gave thanks
- Told them to share it and He would no longer drink of it until the kingdom of God comes
- Took a piece of bread gave thanks for it
- Broke it and gave thanks to them
- This is my body given for you
- Do this in remembrance of me
- After supper gave them the cup
- This is my blood poured out for you
- He warned them that one of you would betray Me
- This is in God's plan but is terrible for the one who would do it
- They begun to wonder who could do it

**17. PETER'S CONFESSION OF FAITH (LK 9:18-21)**

- One day Jesus was praying alone and His disciples came
- Who do people say that I am? He asked them
- Some say that you are John the Baptist
- Others say that you are Elijah
- Others say that you are one of the prophets of long ago and have come back
- "What about you?"
- Who do you say I am he asked them
- Peter answered you are the Christ of God
- Jesus gave strict orders that no one should say this to anyone
- The Son of man must suffer many things
- Be rejected by elders, priests and teachers of the Law
- Be put to death but three days later he will be raised to life

**18. THE TRIUMPHANT ENTRY INTO JERUSALEM (LK 19:28-44)**

- Jesus came to Jerusalem near mount olives
- He sent disciples into the village nearby
- He told them they would find a young donkey
- No one has ever ridden it
- If anyone asks you tell them the master needs it
- They found the donkey as instructed by Jesus
- Owners asked why they were untying it
- They told them the Lord needs it
- They brought the donkey to Jesus, put their cloaks on it's back
- Jesus sat on it and drove towards Jerusalem
- The disciples begun to praise God in loud voices
- They shouted "blessed be the King who comes in the name of our Lord"
- The Pharisees told Jesus to tell His disciples to be quite

- But Jesus said if they be quite, stones will cry out
- As he came over the city he wept over the city
- He Knew there would be great suffering and destruction there

**19. JESUS HEALS THE CENTURION'S SERVANT (LK 7:1-10)**

- Jesus went to Capernaum
- A Roman officer had a dear servant and was sick
- The officer sent men to call Jesus to heal his servant
- They begged Jesus earnestly
- Jesus went with them
- When he got near the house was told
- Do not trouble yourself come in my house
- I do not deserve you in my house
- Just give an order and my servant will be well
- Just give an order and my servant will be well
- I also have soldiers under me
- I order them to go and they go, come they come
- Jesus was surprised at hearing this and turned to the crowd
- I have never found such faith as this not even in Israel
- When messengers went back they found the servant healed

**20. THE BAPTISM OF JESUS BY JOHN (MATT 3:13-17)**

- Jesus came from Galilee to the Jordan to John
- To be baptised by John
- John prevented him saying
- I need to be baptised by you and you come to me
- Jesus answered "let it be so now for this is fit for us to fulfil all righteousness
- John agreed
- And when Jesus was baptised as He went out of the water
- Heaven opened
- The Spirit of God descended in bodily form of a dove
- A voice of God was heard saying this is my beloved Son in whom I am well pleased

**21. JESUS HEALS A BLIND MAN AT JERICHO (LK 18:35-43)**

- As Jesus drew near Jericho a blind man sat by the roadside
- Hearing a multitude going by he inquired what this meant
- He was told Jesus of Nazareth is passing by
- He cried " Jesus Son of David have mercy on me"
- People rebuked him to silent
- He cried out the more Son of David have mercy on me
- Jesus told them to bring the man to Him
- Jesus asked him 'what do you want from me?'
- "Lord let me receive my sight"
- Jesus said to him
- Receive your sight your faith has made you well
- He received his sight all the people praised God

**22. JESUS IN THE TEMPLE AS A BABY (LK 2:21-39)**

- He was circumcised
- He was named Jesus as the angel said

- Mary and Joseph were to perform the ceremony of purification
- They took the child to Jerusalem to present Him to the Lord
- They took a sacrifice of a pair of doves/pigeons as the Law required
- Simon a God fearing man full of the Holy Spirit
- Was waiting for Israel to be saved
- Was assured would not to die before seeing the promised Messiah
- Simon took the child in his Hands
- Gave thanks to the Lord and said
- “Lord you have kept your promise you may let your servant go in peace”
- With my eyes I have seen your salvation
- Prepared in the presence of all people
- Mary and Joseph were amazed at things Simon said
- Simon blessed Mary and Joseph and told them
- “This child is chosen by God to save and destroy”
- He will be a sign from God people will speak against Him
- And so He will reveal the secrets of their thoughts.

**23. JESUS HEALS TEN LEPERS (LK 17:11-19)**

- As Jesus went on his way to Jerusalem
- He went on the borders of Galilee and Samaria
- As He went in the village He was met by ten men
- They were suffering from a dreaded skin disease
- They stood at a distance and shouted
- “Jesus” master take pity on us
- Jesus saw them and told them to go to the priests for examination
- On the way they were made clean
- One of them healed came to Jesus
- Praising God in loud voice
- He threw himself at Jesus’ feet
- He thanked Jesus and Jesus said
- “where are the other nine”
- Why are you the only one giving thanks to God
- Jesus told him “get up and go, your faith has made you well”

**24. THE FRIEND AT MIDNIGHT (LK 11:5-28)**

- Jesus said to the disciples
- Suppose one of you should go to a friend at midnight
- And say friend let me borrow three loaves of bread
- A friend of mine on a journey has just come to my house
- I have no food for him
- Suppose a friend said don’t bother me the door is locked
- My children are in bed
- I can’t get up and give you anything
- Jesus said “even if he will not give you as a friend”
- He will get up and give you because are not ashamed of asking
- Therefore ask you will receive
- Knock and the door will be opened
- Seek and you will find

## **25. TEMPTATION OF JESUS AFTER BAPTISM (LK 4:1-113)**

- As Jesus returned from Jordan
- He was full of the Holy Spirit
- He was led by the spirit into the desert where he was tempted
- For 40 days by the devil
- He ate nothing and was hungry
- The devil said to Him if you are God's Son
- Order these stones to turn into bread
- Jesus answered man can not live on bread alone
- Devil took Him on the highest point and said
- If you are God's Son throw yourself from here
- God will send angels to protect you, you won't be hurt
- Jesus answered "scriptures say put not the Lord your God to the test"
- Devil showed Him all the kingdoms of the earth and said to Him
- If you bow down and worship me I will give you all these kingdoms
- Jesus answered and said to him 'thou shall worship the Lord God alone'
- After tempting Him in every way the devil left Him

## **SAMPLED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS FOR PART (c)(i) & (c)(ii) FROM GRADES 10-12**

### **UNIT 1: G10 WORK (BIRTH AND INFANCY OF JOHN THE BAPTIST AND JESUS)**

1. (c)(i). Mubanga is a Christian and her baby has been sick for a long time. Mubanga's parents insist that traditional medicine be Used on her baby. State three points of Christian advice that Mubanga could give her parents. [6]
  - Have faith in God who gives sure healing.
  - Pray to God for healing of the baby.
  - Use of traditional medicine may cause a person lose confidence in God's healing powers and open up his life to evil spirits.
  - Only God has healing powers
- (c)(ii) Give **three** points on how people protect from diseases themselves under Zambian society
  - Observing personal hygiene
  - Praying to God for protection
  - Going to the hospital for immunization e.g. polio, measles, chicken pox
  - Observing environmental hygiene

### **UNIT 2: G10 WORK (MINISTRY AND DEATH OF JOHN THE BAPTIST)**

1. (i) A Christian journalist who is your personal friend discovers that a Government Minister has misused public funds, but fears to expose the scandal. Drawing examples from John the Baptist's life and teaching state three points of Christian advice you would give him. [6].
  - The journalist must be fearless in exposing the scandal
  - The journalist should tell the minister that stealing is sin
  - The journalist must tell the minister to be truthful, honest and sincere
  - The journalist must tell the minister to change his way of life
  - The Journalist should tell the minister that he should be content with his pay
  - The minister should lead by example
- (c)(ii) How should people in authority show right behaviour under Zambian modern society? Give three points
  - By being honest and sincere in their discharge of their duties
  - Not taking advantage of their positions
  - Not accepting bribes
- (c)(ii) State three responses to religious and moral messages under Zambian modern society
  - Some people repent and change their behaviour for the better
  - Some turn a deaf ear and continue with their way of life
  - Others mock those who teach moral or religious values
  - Others criticize the message

### **UNIT 3: G10 WORK (BAPTISM)**

1. (c) (i) Silvia who is a Christian tells James another Christian that Baptism puts one in the kingdom of God. State three points of Christian advice you would give to the two on Biblical teaching on Baptism
  - It is a physical symbol to show that a person become a follower of Jesus Christ.

- It is a picture of the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ. We identify ourselves with Christ's death, burial and resurrection (Romans 6:3-13)
- It shows a person's complete obedience to the command of Christ (Mt 28:19)
- People become members of the body of Christ (the church) through the ritual of baptism.
- It is a physical symbol to show that a person is a follower of Jesus Christ
- Baptism does not guarantee someone to enter God's Kingdom one has to repent

(c)(ii) What is the value of circumcision under Zambian modern society? State three points

- For hygiene
- To reduce contraction of STIs e.g. HIV
- It reduces the contraction of cervical cancer among women

(c)(ii) State three methods of Baptism used under Zambian modern society

- Sprinkling of water
- Immersion of a person in water
- Pouring of water on the head

#### **UNIT 4: G10 WORK (TEMPTATION)**

1. (c)(i) Jonathan is an impostor holder of two million kwacha. After the workshop she remains with five hundred thousand kwacha and confides in you that she will retire the cash but will find a receipt worthy the remaining money. What Christian advice would you give her on how to resist such temptation using Jesus' example. Give **three** points

- Submission to God
- Firm resistance
- Through prayer
- Using the word of God

(c)(ii) State three temptations that people under Zambian Modern society face

- Corruption
- Bribery
- Prostitution
- Stealing
- Murder
- Cheating
- Adultery
- Fornication

#### **UNIT 5: G10 WORK (JESUS' POWER OVER DISEASE AND NATURE)**

1. (c) (i) Jonathan, a scientist says, "I do not believe in miracles," state **two** reasons he would give to support his statement and one Christian answer you would give him.

[6]

##### **Reasons for not believing in miracles:**

- Unbelief in the miracle working God
- Unbelief in the miracle itself.
- Lack of proof or evidence.

##### **Christian response**

- Many Christians believe that miracles occur in the will of God because they see definite result through their prayers, or those of other people.
- They believe miracles occur because they believe in a miracle working God and because of the miraculous birth, death and resurrection of Jesus.

(c)(ii) Mention **three** situations that require Christians to keep their faith in God in

Zambian modern society.

[6]

- Surviving a fatal accident
- Receiving healing through prayers/in sickness
- When their prayers are being answered
- When facing challenges

### **UNIT 6: GRADE 10 WORK (JESUS' POWER OVER EVIL SPIRITS)**

1. (c)(i) John believes he is been possessed by evil spirits and says to you, "The evil spirit I have can only be treated by a traditional healer. " State one point of argument he could use to support his statement and two points of Christian advice you could give him with regard to treatment of evil spirits. [6]

**Argument:**

- "I have seen a traditional healer casting out evil spirits from people"

**Christian Response:**

- Go to church to be prayed for
- He should have faith in Jesus for healing
- Repent and have faithful in Jesus and you will be freed from evil spirits
- Have total commitment to Jesus
- Quoting relevant scriptures
- Pray in Jesus' name

- (c)(ii) Mention three methods used in Zambian Modern society to cast out evil spirits

- Through prayer and fasting
- Use of anointing oil and water
- Through the use of God's word

### **UNIT 7: GRADE 10 WORK (THE KINGDOM OF GOD)**

1. (c)(i) Mary tells you that the Kingdom of God does not exist. Give Mary three signs to show that the Kingdom of God is amidst us.

- Spiritual change
- Physical healing
- Deliverance from evil spirits

- (ii) What must people do in modern Zambian society to inherit the Kingdom of God? Give three points.

- Seek forgiveness from God through regular repentance
- Accept the message of repentance and make changes where there is need to change
- Getting baptized
- Involve themselves in serving God in every possible way

## **G 11 WORK**

### **UNIT 1: JUDGEMENT**

1. (c)(i) Martha says to you, 'There is no need to panic. I will live as I please and do what I like. I will repent just before Christ comes and go to heaven.' State three points of Christian advice you would give Martha with regard to Jesus' coming. [6]
  - No one knows the day nor the hour when Christ will come so be always ready.
  - Jesus' followers must be ready all the time
  - Good servants do their work faithfully and are ready for their master at all times
  - Christ will come suddenly like a thief, when we do not expect Him so be ready.
  - Jesus' followers who will be found ready when He comes will be rewarded.
- (c)(ii) What are the signs of the coming Judgement in modern Zambian society?  
State **three** points
  - Famine
  - Spreading of diseases
  - Persecutions
  - Moral decay
  - Earthquakes
  - Wars
  - Pestilences

## UNIT 2: PRAYER

1. (c)(i) Jorama has just obtained a Crafts Certificate in Entrepreneurship skills from a Trades School. She plans to set up business and she immediately commits the plans in her prayers. How should Jorama ensure that God answers her prayers? Give **three** points [6]
  - Pray with faith
  - Pray in Jesus' name
  - Believe that God answers prayer
  - Always obey
  - Pray according to God's will
- (c)(i) Euphrasia complains to you that God doesn't answer prayers, because she has been praying for a baby for years and nothing has happened. Explain to her how God answers prayers. Give three points
  - God may say 'Yes' if we pray according to His will
  - God may say 'No' if you do not pray according to His will
  - God may say 'Wait' if it's not the right time for you.
- (c)(ii) Why do people pray in modern Zambian society? Give three points
  - For protection
  - For guidance
  - To praise God
  - To intercede for others

## UNIT 3: JESUS' ATTITUDE TO OTHER PEOPLE

1. (c)(i) Mildred and Gilbert have fallen in love with each other and intend to get married. The parents to Gilbert who are not Christians discover that Mildred is an Albino and

refuse consent to the intended marriage. As a Christian what advice would you give to Gilbert's parents on their attitude to Mildred? Give **three** points

- They should accept her the way she is
- They should accept her the way she is
- They should not look at her physical appearance but her conduct
- Marriage should be based on love and not physical appearance.

(c)(ii) What should be the ideal attitude of people to Albinos in Modern Zambian Society?

- Mix with them freely
- Love them
- Accept them the way they are
- Share with them materially and spiritually

#### **UNIT 4: SUFFERING**

1. (c)(i) "I do not understand why Christians should suffer for the sake of Christ," Wondered a Church Elder. "I have been a Christian for ten years full of suffering and I feel discouraged," He said. What Christian advice would you give to the church elder on why Christians suffer for the sake of Christ? State three points

- To test and purify their faith
- To discipline or punish them
- It's a price that one pays for following Christ
- To teach them to depend on God for everything

(c)(ii) How can people in Zambian Modern Society avoid suffering? Give three points

- Good moral standards
- Caring for the environment
- Using drugs properly
- Personal hygiene
- Obedience to God
- Population control
- Hard work

(c)(ii) How do people react to suffering in modern Zambian society? Give three points

- Blame God
- Blame themselves
- Blame others
- Perseverance
- Getting angry
- Complain
- Pray to God

#### **UNIT 5: OPPOSITION TO JESUS**

1. (c)(i) Mrs Mwewa, a nurse has been criticized by her fellow nurses for refusing to join the unlawful strike. State three ways in which Mrs Mwewa would react to this criticism. [6]

- Should continue doing what is right
- Ignore the critiques
- She should love those who are criticizing her
- Pray for them

- Advise them to conduct themselves properly
- (c)(ii) How do people react positively in modern Zambian society?
  - Love those who are opposing
  - Advise the opposers to change for the better
  - Ignore the opposers
  - Forgive the opposers
  - Continue doing good.
  - Pray for the opposers
  - Trust God with the situation.
  - Should not revenge.
  - Be tolerant.

### UNIT 6: THE LAST SUPPER AND THE CRUCIFIXION

1. (c)(i) “ I don’t take part in the last supper at our Church because I don’t see any meaning”, says Jessica to you. How can you help Jessica with the meaning of the Last supper to Christians today? State **three** points

[6]

- It’s a command from Christ
  - To rejoice in their unity with other Christians
  - Look up in faith to sense Christ’s presence and His welcome
  - Look up to the Lord’s return and His visible presence
  - It is an act of remembrance of the death of Jesus Christ
  - It is a reminder of what God has done for Christians
- (c)(ii) How do people react to bereavement in Zambian modern society? Give **three** points
    - Pray to God for strength
    - Give comfort to the bereaved
    - Provide material and spiritual support
    - Accepting death as God’s will
    - Mourning

### UNIT 7: JESUS’ TRIUMPH OVER DEATH

1. (c)(i) Choolwe who is not a Christian says to you, “How can I be affected by the death of Jesus Christ as if he were my relative?” State **three** points of Christian advice you would give to Choolwe on how the death of Christ affects us today [6]

- It has reconciled man with God and freed him from the fear of judgment
- The death of Jesus is seen as way to cancel sin.
- It has led to the breaking of the barriers between people and between them and God
- Animal sacrifices are no longer necessary

- (c)(ii) What are the negative attitudes to death in Zambian modern society? State three points

- Witch finding,
- Divining
- Cleansing

## GRADE 12 WORK

### UNIT 1 G 12: THE EARLY CHURCH

1. (c)(i) In a certain local Church congregants refused to accept a pastor who was transferred from another town. What Christian advice would you give the congregants on the need to accept people of different tribes? Give **three** points

- All people are one in Christ
- All Christians regardless of their tribe worship the same God
- Through the death of Jesus, all barriers have been broken down.
- Christianity is not based on tribe

- (c)(ii) How should people in modern Zambian society relate to people of different tribes, races and culture? Give **three** points

- Accept them
- Love them
- Share with them
- Mix with them freely

### UNIT 2 G 12: CHRISTIAN WITNESS

1. (c)(i) Mr Mbulo has just been released from prison. He goes back to his former Church for worship. Some of the Church members shun and ignore him. He feels lonely and rejected. As a Christian, advise the church on the correct way to treat people of such a nature. Give **three** points

- Don't discriminate him
- Encourage him to behave well so that he does not go back to prison
- Accept him
- Support him materially and spiritually
- Work with him
- Love him

- (c)(ii) How can people in modern Zambian society help former prisoners to fit in society? Give three points

- Don't discriminate them
- Encourage them to behave well so that they do not go back to prison
- Accept them
- Support them and help them to become useful again
- Love them

### UNIT 3 G12: LIFE IN THE EARLY CHURCH

1. (c)(i) Christians from the church in the valley are living exactly like the Early Church in the Bible, 'Musonda concluded'. What Christian values were displayed by the Early Church that have been identified with the Christians in the Valley Church? Give three points.

- There was love and unity
- They cared and supported each other
- They shared material possessions
- They prayed together
- They communed together
- They continually worshipped together

- (c)(ii) How do people in modern Zambian society resolve disagreements?

- Mutual discussion of the problem
- Through understanding of the problem
- Committing it to God in prayer
- Referring to relevant scriptures for guidance
- Open rebuke to the culprits
- Consulting elders for wisdom to handle the problem

#### **UNIT 4 G12: CHRISTIAN ATTITUDE TO WORK**

1. (c)(i) After many years of living and working in a shanty compound Katambaila left for his home village. At the village he was impressed with community's respect for each worker and their love for Christ. Explain to Katambaila how Christians show respect for any work. Give three points

- The Christian's right attitude is to aim at earning respect in whatever job they do.
- They must be appreciated because they use their talents to work to please God.
- Because all workers contribute to the welfare of society.

- (c)(ii) How can one learn to show respect for manual workers in modern Zambian society? Give three points

- Accepting them as they are.
- Appreciating their talents they have
- Recognizing the part they play in the society
- Encouraging and helping them achieve something better, if they seem to have other abilities to be developed

#### **UNIT 5 G12: CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO LEISURE**

1. (c)(i) Unita is now a Christian but she is still found in the company of her old friends that are not Christians. They visit bars, disco houses and other places together after working

hours. Give Unita the standards drawn from the New Testament for Christians to follow when making decisions about how to use their leisure time. State **three** points

- She should avoid visiting bars and other places because they may cause the abuse of the body.
- She must consider how to use leisure time wisely and honour God
- She must avoid doing something which may lead a weaker sister or brother to sin

(c)(ii) How can people in modern Zambian society spend their leisure time? Give **three** points

- Visiting their family members and friends
- Doing God's work
- Watching sports
- Praising and worshipping God
- Doing voluntary works
- Working on a hobby
- Relaxing with family members
- Hair plaiting

(c)(ii) How can people in modern Zambian society spend their leisure time negatively? Give **three** points

- Drinking beer
- Prostitution
- Gossiping
- Watching obscene materials such as pornographic materials

## **UNIT 6 G12: CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO MONEY AND POSSESSIONS**

1. (c)(i) A rich Businessman refuses to donate money to Mother Theresa's orphanage and says, "I would rather build a big dam for my cattle, drink and enjoy life with my money than increase that poor Nun's popularity in the world". State three points of Christian advice you would give him with regard to proper use of wealth.

- Wealth should be used to help the needy
- Wealth should be used to advance God's work
- Wealth must be used to do good and share with others
- Wealth should be used to glorify God

(c)(i) Mr Banda was once a committed Christian. However, now he has backslidden because of wealth. His son has become worried that his father might not enter the Kingdom of God he asks you, "Why is it hard for a rich person to enter the Kingdom of God"? What Christian advice would you give Mr Banda's son on why it is hard for a rich person to enter God's Kingdom? State three points

- Riches makes one to be proud
- It makes some people to forget God
- It makes people deny God and bring disgrace on Him
- People tend to reject Christ because of wealth

(c)(ii) How should positive attitude of people in modern Zambian society to money and possessions be? Give three points

- Money and possessions should be used to help the needy
- Money and possessions should be used to advance God's work
- Money and possessions must be used to do good and share with others
- Money and possessions should be used to glorify God

### **UNIT 7 G12: CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO LEADERSHIP**

1. (c)(i) A church calls a newly trained pastor and among the tasks he asked to perform is to visit the sick and the old people. He confides in you and says, "It is not my duty to visit such people. It is the duty of deacons". What Christian advice would you give the pastor on the nature of a true perfect shepherd? Give **three** points

- A leader should not discriminate
- A leader should be a servant of the people he/she leads
- A leader should put the interests of others first
- A leader should listen and pay attention to the needs of the people he/she leads
- A leader should explain decisions and actions taken without being a dictator

(c)(ii) How should be the attitude of leaders to their followers in modern Zambia today? Give three points

- Leaders should not discriminate
- Leaders should be a servant of the people he/she leads
- Leaders should put the interests of others first
- Leaders should listen and pay attention to the needs of the people he/she leads
- Leaders should explain decisions and actions taken without being dictatorial

### **UNIT 8 G12: CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO SEX AND MARRIAGE**

1. (c)(i) At a theological college graduation, the Principal's speech read in part, "My beloved graduates, you are going out in the community, free from immorality and avoid compromising situations. The community out there has very beautiful and attractive young ladies. Keep the Christian standards for sexual behaviour. God bless". State three points of Christian standards for sexual behaviour that the Principal would like the graduates to continue upholding.

- Purity of life is commanded-no sex before marriage

- Immorality is sin
- There must be no unfaithfulness after marriage
- Christians should not read or watch immoral things

(c)(i) Give your friend three purposes for marriage. Give three points

- Mutual love and faithfulness
- For procreation or reproduction of life
- For mutual help
- A permanent union between husband and wife
- For fulfilment of sexual desires

(c)(ii) What is the purpose for marriage in Zambian modern society? Give three points

- For reproduction
- Strengthening family ties
- For mutual help
- Fulfilment of sexual desires
- For mutual love

(c)(ii) What are the negative attitudes of people towards the unmarried adults in Zambian modern society? Give three points

- They are considered to be sexually impotent
- They are considered to be abnormal
- They are not respected
- They are discriminated

## **UNIT 9 G12: HUSBAND AND WIFE RELATIONSHIP**

1. (c)(i) Emma says, “The man I want to marry must have riches because I don’t want to continue with suffering”. Give Emma the qualities of a good husband as stated in the word of God. State three points

- One who loves his wife and Christ love the church
- One who shows respect for the wife
- One who protects his wife
- One who is able to provide and care for his family

(c)(ii) Give reasons why a Christian husband in Zambian modern society must treat the wife with loving consideration. Give three points

- Because she is a weaker sex
- Because she has equal rights with man he must not make her miserable.
- So that prayers may not be hindered

- God commands husbands to love their wives

#### **UNIT 10 G12: RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN PARENTS AND CHILDREN**

1. (c)(i) Mary refuses to clean the house and says to you, “It is not my duty”. What Christian advice would you give her with regard to her duties as a child in a home? Give three points

- Honour and obey their parents
- To care for her aged parents
- Respect her parents

(c)(ii) How can people show Loyalty in families in modern Zambian society? Give three points

- Need to be faithful to one another.
- Need to show love and respect.
- Have to be obedient

## **SIMILAR AND DIFFERENT TEACHINGS BETWEEN CHRISTAINITY AND OTHER THREE RELIGIONS IN RE (2046/1) SYLLABUS**

### **UNIT 1: G10 WORK (BIRTH AND INFANCY OF JOHN THE BAPTIST AND JESUS)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism on how God direct human lives

#### **Similar teachings**

- Both are guided by their Holy scriptures
- In both God directs human lives

#### **Different teachings**

**Christianity** – Guided through the Holy Bible

**Hinduism** – Follow the writings of the Vedas

**Christianity** – God guides Christians through the inner witness of the Holy Spirit, Godly, Counsel and circumstances

**Hinduism** – God directs through life cycles, which include birth, marriage, worship and death

**Christianity** – Anyone committed to the will of God receives God’s guidance

**Hinduism** – One is born in a particular caste and is guided through the daily and seasonal rituals

2. Similar teachings and one difference between Christian and Zambian birth traditions.

#### **Similar teachings**

In both they

- hold a special celebration to appreciate the new life
- have a naming ceremony
- select the name of the baby from the family line or according to birth situations
- select the name of the baby before or after the baby is born
- give gifts to the baby and mother

#### **Different teachings**

**Christianity** – prayers are offered to God by church elders to dedicate the child

**Zambian tradition** – use roots and charms to protect the child from evil people and spirits

**Christianity** – idol worship sacrifices to ancestral spirits is not tolerated

**Zambian tradition** – may offer sacrifices of beer or food and prayers are offered to ancestral spirits to show gratitude and thanksgiving for the new life

**Christianity** – relatives and friends are free to visit the baby and mother soon after birth

**Zambian tradition** – there is seclusion of both the mother and the baby for a period of time to protect the child from evil people and spirits.

3. Similar teachings and different teachings between Christian and Muslim teachings on God’s direction of a person’s life.

#### **Similar teachings**

- God ordains every phase and activity of life.
- Everything that happens is God’s will/allowed by God.
- Both use Holy Scriptures as a basis for guidance.

#### **Different teachings**

**Christian** – God uses not only the Bible but also other means to guide us.

**Muslim** – The Quran is the only basis for guidance.

**Christian** – God’s message dictated to the angel Gabriel through inspired writers are recorded in the Bible.

**Muslim** – God’s message dictated through the angel Gabriel to Mohammed is recorded in the Quran.

4. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism with regards to religious duty and family loyalty

**Similar teachings**

- Both give first priority to their faith than family.
- Both are loyal to their religions.
- In both, children must obey and respect their parents.

**Different teachings**

**Christianity**-Does not compromise worship of different gods within the family.

**Hinduism**-Accept worship of different gods within the family.

5. Similar and different teachings found in Christianity and Islam with regards to religious duty and family loyalty. [4]

**Similarity**

- In both, children must obey and respect their parents.
- Both are loyal to their religions.

**Difference**

**Christianity**- teaches that what God has joined together let no man separate.

**Islam**- gives the right to divorce when married life becomes a misery.

6. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Z/Tradition with regards to religious duty and family loyalty.

**Similarity**

- In both children are supposed to respect their parents.

**Difference**

**ZTR**- first loyalty goes to parents.

**Christianity**- first loyalty goes God

**UNIT 2: G10 WORK (MINISTRY AND DEATH OF JOHN THE BAPTIST)**

1. Similar and different points between the main teachings of John the Baptist (Christians) and that of Hinduism

**Similar teachings**

- Both believe that God is the creator and controller of the universe
- Both believe that prayers is the simplest way of knowing God
- Both encourage none violence
- In both the soul does not die after death

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – Believe in the resurrection

**Hinduism** – Believe in re-incarnation

**Christianity** – Believe in faith and obedience

**Hinduism** – Believe that performance of deeds is essential

**Christianity** – Repentance leads to new life.

**Hinduism**-Performance of good deeds (karma) leads to good life.

**Christianity** – At death the soul goes to be with the Lord.

**Hinduism**-At death the soul can take another form and come back to earth as another being

2. Similar teachings and Different teachings between Christianity and Islam on their main messages.

**Similar teachings**

- In both prayer is seen to be important.
- In both they teach that there is only one God

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – Fast at any time in year.

**Islam** – Fasting is done during the month of Ramadan.

**Christianity** – It is not a must for one to visit the Holy land.

**Islam** – pilgrimage to Mecca is a must in one's life time.

3. Similar and different teachings between the message of Christianity and that of ZTR

**Similar teachings**

- Prayers to God are made through mediators.
- Trouble follows those who disobey.

**Different teachings**

**Christianity**-Jesus Christ is the mediator

**ZTR** – Ancestral spirits are the mediators

**Christianity** – Meet their God in churches

**ZTR** – Meet their God in shrines

**Christianity** – Considers God to be supreme and is knowable

**ZTR** – Considers God to be supreme but is unknowable

**UNIT 3: G10 WORK (BAPTISM)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regards to baptism/admission practices.

**Similar teachings**

- Both symbolize entry into adult life/new life
- Both approach spiritual leaders for instructions

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – The child receives instruction from the church leader-then is Baptized or immersed in water

**Islam** – No initiation from childhood into adult religious life and no special Ceremony

**Christianity** – to become a Christian one must express belief in the Biblical principles (repent, confess, be baptized)

Islam – to become a Muslim one must express belief in the Kalima (creed)

2. Similar teachings and Different teachings between the purpose of Zambian Traditional Initiation practices and the purpose of Christian baptism

**Similar teachings**

- Both show publicly that one has entered a new way of life.

- Both show an outward symbol of an inward reality.

**Different teachings**

**Christianity**-to show repentance

**ZTR**-to show that one has entered adulthood.

**Christianity**-It is association with the body of Christ.

**ZTR** –It is association with the adults.

3. Similar teachings and Different teachings between Christian and Hindu admission practices.

**Similar teachings**

- It is an outward sign of an inward reality.
- it is a sign of entering a new way of life

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – Baptism is a sign of repentance and faith in Christ

**Hindu** – Admission practice is a sign of an upper class Hindus initiation into his caste.

**Christian**- use water for their admission.

**Hindu** – use a triple stranded string for the boy to wear for the rest of his life.

**UNIT 4: G10 WORK (TEMPTATION)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism with regards to temptations

**Similar teachings**

- Lust and greedy in both are serious temptations
- In both they face temptations
- In both yielding to temptation should be avoided

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – There are many temptations and it is not a sin to be tempted

**Hinduism** – There are only two kinds of temptations that is lust and greedy

**Christian** – Christians pray and use the word of God to resist temptation

**Hinduism** – Lust is resisted by thinking of all women as sisters and mothers and greedy is resisted by remembering that money and possession can only bring peace and happiness when earned in an honest way

2. Similar teachings and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regard to temptation.

**Similar teachings**

- In both they face temptations
- Believing in other gods besides the one and true God is sin
- In both they face the temptation of lust.
- In both yielding to temptation should be avoided

**Different teachings**

**Christianity**- Encouraged to pray when faced with temptation

**Islam** – encouraged to think of the day of judgement when faced with temptation

**Christianity** – Face several temptations e.g. lust, stealing, insulting etc

**Hinduism** – Face two serious temptations that is, lust and idolatry

## UNIT 5: G10 WORK (JESUS' POWER OVER DISEASE AND NATURE)

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam beliefs on miracles

### Similar teachings

- Both believe in a miracle working God
- Both believe in Miracles
- Both through holy people God gets unusual things done

### Different teachings

**Christianity** – Miracles can also be performed through satanic powers

**Islam** – Only Allah performs the actual miracle

**Christianity** – Miracles can be performed by ordinary men with faith

**Islam** – Allah can only perform miracles through prophets (Holy men)

**Christianity** – The test of the genuine believer is not the ability to perform miracles but conformity and obedience to God's will

**Muslims** – God uses holy men only to perform miracles to increase their reputation.

2. Similar teachings and Different teachings between Christianity and ZTR with regards to their attitudes towards the sick.

### Similar teachings

- Both care for the sick
- Both try to find a cure for the sick

### Different teachings

**Christianity** – pray for the sick

**Z.T.R** – consult the healers and witch doctors

**Christianity** – take care of the sick out of God's love

**Z.T.R** – take care of the sick as an obligation.

3. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu beliefs on miracles

### Similarity

- Both believe in the miracle working God
- In both miracles alone should not be the basis for someone's holiness

### Difference

**Christian** – miracles can also be performed by satanic powers

**Hindu** – only God performs miracles

## UNIT 6: GRADE 10 WORK (JESUS' POWER OVER EVIL SPIRITS)

1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Zambian Traditional beliefs with regard to spirit possession

### Similar teachings

- Both believe that evil spirits possess people
- In both, evil spirits have different personality from the one possessed
- In both, evil spirits can be exorcised (cast out) though with different methods

### Different teachings

**Christian** – Evil spirits can be exorcised by word of command in Jesus' name.

**Z.T.R** – Spirits are exorcised through drumming, dancing and special ceremonies

## UNIT 7: GRADE 10 WORK (THE KINGDOM OF GOD)

### 1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Muslim central ideas

#### Similar teachings

- Both believe God ordains every phase of life
- Both believe in the Day of Judgement and life after
- Both believe in surrendering completely to the will of God

#### Different teachings

**Muslim** – believe that the good and bad are both ordained by Allah.

**Christian** – nothing bad comes out of God (He is all good).

**Muslim** – professing of the Kalima is cardinal.

**Christian** – faith in Christ is cardinal

**Muslim** – pray five times in a day facing Mecca

**Christian** – pray all the time while facing anywhere

### 2. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu central ideas

#### Similar teachings

- In both prayer is very important
- In both believe in tolerance and non-violence

#### Different teachings

**Christianity**- believe that when someone dies the soul goes to heaven.

**Hinduism**- believe that when someone dies the soul continue to live in another body/ creature.

### 3. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Zambian Tradition central ideas

#### Similarity

- Both have mediators
- Both pray as a community

#### Difference

**Christian**- keeps in touch with Jesus through prayer

**Z/T**- Keeps in touch with ancestral spirits.

**Christian** – Pray without stopping

**Z/T** - Pray when there is a problem

## UNIT 1: G11 WORK (JUDGEMENT)

### 1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regard to personal judgment.

#### Similar teachings

- Both believe that each person will be judged on judgment day
- Both believe that there will be a day of Judgment

#### Different teachings

**Christian** – Judgment day is not fearsome

**Islam** – Judgment day is fearsome

**Christian** – Everyone will be judged

**Islam** – soldiers who die in a holy war (jihad) will not be judged

2. Similar teachings and Different teachings between Christians and Hindus about judgement

**Similar teachings**

- in both rewards and punishment are inevitable
- in both they do not fear the Day of Judgement
- in both people will be judged according to their actions/deeds

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – Judgement is determined by one’s response to Christ

**Hindu** – it is essential to perform deeds

**Christian** – there is a final day of judgement

**Hindu** – judgement comes soon after one’s death

**Christian** – believes in the resurrection

**Hindu** – believes in reincarnation

3. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Zambian Tradition about judgement

**Similar teachings**

- both believe in personal Judgement

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – believe that the world will end and rewards given to people

**Z/T** – there is no end of the world

**UNIT 2: G11 WORK (PRAYER)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Zambian Tradition teaching about prayers.

**Similar teachings**

- In both prayer is important
- Both pray through a mediator
- Both conduct communal prayer
- Both have special places of prayer

**Different teachings**

**Christians** – Jesus is the mediator

**Z/T** – Ancestral Spirits are mediators

**Christian** – Encourage both private and community prayers

**Z/T** – Community prayer is more encouraged than private prayer

**Christian** – pray all the time, any where

**Z/T** – Only pray when there is a problem

2. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism with regard to prayer.

**Similar teachings**

- In both prayer of meditation is found
- In both prayer is important
- Through prayer believers are guided in their daily activities

**Difference**

**Christian** – when praying, a Christian is encouraged to see God as one

**Hindu** – when praying a Hindu is encouraged to see the ultimate God in form of various gods/goddesses

**Christian** – God is approached through Jesus

**Hindu** – approach God through gods and goddesses

3. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regards to prayer.

**Similar teachings**

- Both value private and community prayers
- In both, there is a day of special service and prayer

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – pray while facing anywhere

**Islam** – pray while facing Mecca

**Christianity** – pray as many times as possible in a day

**Islam** – pray five times a day

**UNIT 3: G11 WORK (JESUS' ATTITUDE TO OTHER PEOPLE)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Islam about love, forgiveness and tolerance

**Similar teachings**

- Both consider each other as brothers
- They both promote hospitality and welcome enemies

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – They encourage forgiveness at times

**Islam** – A Muslim is unyielding in any matters to do with his religious laws

**Christianity** – Revenge is not allowed

**Islam** – Revenge is condoned by the Quran

2. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu attitude to their enemies.

**Similar teachings**

- Both forgive their enemies
- Both tolerate their enemies
- Both show love to enemies

**Difference**

**Christian** – love, forgive and tolerate by the power of the Holy Spirit

**Hindu** – forgiveness comes from one's strong feeling of liberation and broadness of mind

3. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Zambian Tradition on love, forgiveness and tolerance

**Similarity**

- Both show love and kindness to the unfortunate ones.
- Both teach about love, forgiveness and tolerance.

**Difference**

**Christian** – encourage forgiveness all the time

**Z.T.R** – where death is concerned revenge is sought

**UNIT 4: G11 WORK (SUFFERING)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam about suffering

**Similar teachings**

- Both believe that suffering is the will of God
- Holy scriptures commend suffering for the Kingdom

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – suffering for the Kingdom of God without faith in Christ is in vain

**Islam** – Those who fight in defense of God’s true religion will be led into paradise by God.

**Christian** – Jesus is their example of suffering

**Islam** – Muhammad is their example of suffering

2. Similar and different between the teaching of Christianity and Hinduism on suffering (4)

**Similar teachings**

- Believers are expected to be faithful until death
- God allows suffering
- Physical suffering may bring physical death but not spiritual death

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – it is only God who can end suffering

**Hinduism** – believes that suffering can only end when we give up our desires and ambitions

3. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Zambian Tradition on suffering

**Similar teachings**

- Both believe that suffering is there

**Different teachings**

- Christian – God allows suffering
- Z/T – God is not the cause of suffering
- Christian – it is only God who can remove suffering
- Z/T – it is not God’s business to remove suffering
- 

**UNIT 5: G 11 WORK (OPPOSITION TO JESUS)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu/Mahatma Gandhi’s reaction to opposition and persecution.

**Similar teachings**

- Both show love and forgiveness
- Both show tolerance
- Both practice non-violence
- Both accept persecution
- Both do not revenge

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – Rejoice when opposed/criticized for Christ’s sake

**Hindu** – Staged sit down strikes

**Christian** – Pray for persecutors

**Hindu** – fast until death

2. State one similarity and one difference between Christian and Muslim teaching reaction to opposition and persecution. [4]

**Similar teachings**

- Both are ready to be persecuted for their beliefs
- In both, Hospitality is shown to the opposers/persecutors
- Both endure suffering

#### **Different teachings**

**Christian** – revenge is not allowed by the bible

**Muslim** – revenge is allowed by the Quran

**Christian** – Jesus is the example of opposition and persecution

**Muslim** – Muhammad is the example of opposition and persecution

### **UNIT 6: G 11 WORK (THE LAST SUPPER AND THE CRUCIFIXION)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu ideas about death.

#### **Similar teachings**

- In both physical death separates the soul from the body
- In both the soul does not die, it is eternal
- In both death is not the end of life

#### **Different teachings**

**Christian** – a person dies once and after that judgment comes

**Hindu** – believe in reincarnation/ rebirth

**Christian** – burry the body

**Hindu** – they burn the bodies

2. State one similarity and one difference between Christianity and Islam on their funeral and burial practices and their teaching about death.

#### **Similar teachings**

- In both burial is the usual means of disposing of the body
- In both relatives gather at the deceased's home for mourning
- Both teach that death is not the end of everything
- In both there is body viewing

#### **Different teachings**

**Christianity** – read scriptures from the Bible during burial

**Islam** – read scriptures from the Quran

**Christianity** – after burial they do not go back to the church for prayers

**Islam** – a day after burial they gather at the Mosque for prayers and readings from the Quran

3. State one similarity and one difference between Christianity and Zambian Tradition on their funeral and burial practices and their teaching about death.

#### **Similar teachings**

- Both mourn their dead
- Both bury the dead body

#### **Different teachings**

**Christian** – sin is the cause of death

**ZTR** – every death is associated with external causes such as witchcraft, curses or spirits

**Christian** – the dead are not buried with any objects

**ZTR** – the dead are buried with objects such as food, weapons and utensils

### **UNIT 7: G11 WORK (JESUS' TRIUMPH OVER DEATH)**

1. Give two Similar teachings and two Different teachings between Christianity and Zambian Tradition belief about life after death

**Similar teachings**

- Both believe in life after death
- In both, the spirit survives at death
- Both experience physical death

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – The spirit of the dead goes back to God.

**ZTR** – The spirits of the dead are still part of the living

**Christian** – after Judgment the soul of the believers will live forever while the soul of unbeliever will be punished

**ZTR** – Good spirits of the dead will provide protection to the living while the bad spirit will be harmful to society.

2. Similar teachings and different teachings between Christianity and Islam belief about life after death

**Similar teachings**

- Both believe in the resurrection of the dead and in the coming judgement
- Both believe that the present life determines the next life

**Difference**

**Christian** – only the righteous with no sins will go to heaven and the unrighteous ones to hell

**Islam** – deeds will be weighed on a scale and if one's bad deeds outweigh the good deeds, then he will go to hell and vice versa.

3. Similar teachings and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism belief about life after death

**Similar teachings**

- Both believes in life after death
- Both believe that the soul does not die

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – believes in resurrection

**Hinduism** – believes in reincarnation

**Christianity** – the righteous will go to heaven while the wicked to hell

**Hinduism** – the more sinful a person is the more often he comes back into this world

**Christianity** – the spirit of a dead person leaves the body immediately one dies

**Hindu** – burn the dead bodies in order to release the spirit from the body in readiness for reincarnation.

**UNIT 2: G12 WORK (CHRISTIAN WITNESS)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regards to their reaction to persecution

**Similar teachings**

- Both are prepared to suffer for their faith
- Both believe that everything that happens including persecution is allowed by God.

**Different teachings**

**Christians** – Pray for and forgive their enemies

**Muslims** – The Quran encourages revenge

2. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism with regards to their reaction to persecution

**Similar teachings**

- Both practice non-violence
- Both accept persecution
- Both do not revenge
- Both endure persecution

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – Rejoice when persecuted for Christ's sake

**Hindu** – Stage sit down strikes when persecuted

**Christian** – react to persecution by praying

**Hindu** – react to persecution by fasting

**Christian** – revenge is not encouraged

**Hindu** – there are Hindu extremists who like to revenge

**UNIT 3: G12 WORK (LIFE IN THE EARLY CHURCH)**

1. Similar teachings and different teachings between Christianity and ZTR on how they resolve problems

**Similar teachings**

- Both discuss the issue in order to arrive at the lasting solution
- They both get the consensus of the two parties

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – only encourage forgiveness

**ZTR** – in case of death revenge way be sought

2. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Zambian Traditional Religion on how they solve problems

**Similar teachings**

- In both there is mutual discussion
- In both they try to understand the problem

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** –refer to scriptures

**Z.T.R.** – ask the wisdom of elders

**Christianity** – commit problem to God in prayer

**Z.T.R.** – divination is done in case of death and revenge is sought

**UNIT 4: G12 WORK (CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO WORK)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism with regards to work

**Similar teachings**

- Both teach that work is an obligation
- Both encourage everyone to work to earn a living

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – the bible encourage the need to work

**Hinduism** – the Bhagavad – Gita emphasizes the need to work

**Christianity** – no work no food

**Hinduism** – a Holy man who meditates is greatly honoured therefore exempted from work

2. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and ZTR with regards to work

**Similar teachings**

- Both believe that neglecting work results into lack of food and shelter
- In both everyone is expected to work.

**Different teachings**

Christians – work is a fulfillment of God’s command

Z/T – work is merely for the family/community

3. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regards to work

**Similarity**

- In both everyone should work
- In both all workers should be respected

**Difference**

**Christianity** – the Bible commands people to work

**Islam** – the Quran commands people to work

**Christianity** – work should be done to the glory of God

**Islam** – work is not connected to worship

**UNIT 5: G12 WORK (CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO LEISURE)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Z.T.R with regards to the way they spend their leisure time

**Similar teachings**

- Both relax outside working hours
- Both spend time with families
- Both watch or take in sports
- Both visit relatives and friends

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – have a specific day for leisure

**ZTR** – have no specific day for leisure

2. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism regarding the way they spend their leisure time.

**Similar teachings**

- Both spend time with the family
- Both visit relatives/friends
- Both watch or do some sport
- Both have a day set aside for rest
- Both relax outside working hours

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – A day of worship has significance

**Hinduism** – No significance is attached to a day of worship

3. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam with regards to leisure

**Similar teachings**

- In both leisure is after working hours
- In both beer drinking is condemned as leisure activity
- In both a day of worship has significance

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – Saturday/Sunday is their day of rest and worship

**Hinduism** – Friday is the day of worship and congregational worship

**UNIT 6: G 12 WORK (CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO MONEY AND POSSESSIONS)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Hinduism on their attitudes to wealth.

**Similar teachings**

- In both wealth must be acquired honestly
- In both wealth is a blessing if used rightly and a horrible block if used wrongly

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – wealth comes from God and must be used to further his work.

**Hinduism** – wealth comes from hard work

2. Give one similarity and one difference between Christianity and Islam on their attitudes to wealth. [4]

**Similar teachings**

- In both it is not sin to be rich
- In both wealth must be obtained honestly and through hard work
- In both one should not exploit others

**Different teachings**

**Christianity** – put God's kingdom first

**Islam** – first consider their families then others

3. Give one similarity and one difference between Christianity and Z/T on their attitudes to wealth. [4]

**Similar teachings**

- In both one must share with others
- In both riches must be obtained through hard work

**Difference**

**Christianity** – wealth should be used to the glory of God

**ZTR** – wealth is a means of prestige

**UNIT 7: G 12 WORK (CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO LEADERSHIP)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Zambian Tradition about leadership

**Similar teachings**

- In both leaders look after the interest of others
- In both leaders are respected

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – the leader does not demand for special treatment because of position

**Z.T.R** – the leader demands for special treatment

**Christian** – leaders are chosen by God

**Z.T.R** – power is mainly through inheritance and consensus

2. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Muslim about leadership

**Similar teachings**

- In both a leader must be God fearing
- In both leaders are respected

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – all leaders are chosen by God

**Muslim** – all leaders are chosen by people

**Christian** – prayer would be used to remove bad leaders

**Muslim** – use violence to remove bad leaders from power

3. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu about leadership

**Similar teachings**

- In both the aim of leaders is to guide people to God
- In both a leader should serve everyone even common people

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – leadership belong to anyone chosen by God

**Hindu** – leadership belongs to the Gurus who have much influence on people

**UNIT 8: G 12 WORK (CHRISTIAN ATTITUDES TO SEX AND MARRIAGE)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Muslim purpose for marriage

**Similarity**

- In both marriage is for reproduction
- Both marry in order to avoid the sin of immorality

**Difference**

**Christian** – marriage is a permanent union between two people therefore what God has joined together let no man separate

**Islam** – a man can divorce his wife if marriage life becomes a misery and can marry more than one woman as long as he is able to support them equally

2. Similar and different teachings between Christian and ZTR purpose for marriage

**Similar teachings**

- Both marriage is for reproduction
- Both marriage is for fulfillment of desires

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – marriage is a permanent union between two people

**ZTR** – if marriage did not produce children or there were other marital problems, it would be ended

3. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Z/T on how they choose marriage partners

**Similar teachings**

- In both parents must be consulted

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – a wife/ husband is chosen by God

**ZTR** – parents look for a suitable wife for their son

4. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Islam on how they choose marriage partners

**Similar teachings**

- In both parents must be consulted

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – a wife/ husband is chosen by God

**Islam** – parents arrange all marriages

**UNIT 9: G12 WORK (HUSBAND AND WIFE RELATIONSHIP)**

1. Similar and different teachings between Christianity and Z/T regarding husband and wife relationship

**Similar teachings**

- In both a husband protects the wife from other people

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – a wife is consulted on family matters

**ZTR** – a wife is not consulted on family matters

**Christian** – a wife is companion

**ZTR** – a wife is regarded as a property

2. State one similarity and one difference between Christianity and Z/T regarding adultery and fornication.

**Similar teachings**

- In both adultery is not encouraged

**Different teachings**

**Christian** – fornication is never allowed

**ZTR** – a young man may commit fornication to prove his manhood

**UNIT 10: G12 WORK (RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PARENTS AND CHILDREN)**

1. Similar and different teachings about loyalty between Christianity and ZTR

**Similar teachings**

- Both teach children to respect parents and elders
- Both teach children to be obedient

**Different teachings**

- Christians – loyalty is given to God first
- ZT – loyalty is given to parents first

2. Similar and different teachings between Christian and Hindu on relationships between parents and children

**Similar teachings**

- In both children are gift from God and must be loved and cared for
- In both parents are responsible for training, disciplining, giving of spiritual and moral guidance to their children
- In both children have a duty to respect and care for their old parents

**Difference**

**Christian** – spiritual and moral teachings may not be there if parents are not Christian

**Hindu** – parents and children always belong to one religion

***YOU ARE NOW READY TO PASS THE EXAM  
GOOD LUCKY!!!!***