SINDH MDCAT PAPER 2012

NTS past paper 2012

ENGLISH

Identify the word or phrase that needs to be changed for the sentence to be correct:
1. He <u>brought down</u> the tiger <u>with</u> his <u>first shot</u> . <u>No error</u> A B C D E
2. The noise of the traffic make it impossible for us to work with the A A B C D windows open. No error
Complete the sentences by choosing the most appr opriate word, from the given lettered choices (A to E) below each.
3. He got off his bicycle and A. walked B. jumped C. wheeled d. repaired 4. Somebody has not turned the tap A. of B. off C. over D. in E. at

Read the passage to answer questions 5-6

To inquire after the meaning or object of one's own existence or of creation generally, has always seemed to me absurd from an objective point of view. And yet everybody has certain ideals which determine the direction of his endeavors and his judgments. In this sense, I have never looked upon case and happiness as ends in themselves-such an ethical basis I call more proper for a herd of swine. The ideals which have lighted me on my way and time after time given me new courage to face life cheerfully, have been Truth, Coodness, and Beauty. Without the sense of fellowship with men of like mind, of preoccupation with the objective, the eternally unattainable in the field of art and scientific research, life would have seemed to me empty. The ordinary objects of human endeavor property, outward success, luxury-have always seemed to me contemptible.

- 5. The author of the passage followed which of the following objectives?
 - I. Truth
 - II. Goodness
 - III. Beauty
 - IV. Saints
 - A. I Only
 - B. If Only
 - C. I & II Only
 - D. I, II & III Only
 - E. I, II, III, IV
- 6. Which of the following is contemptible for the author?
 - A. truth, goodness, and beauty
 - B. property, outward success, luxury
 - C. art and scientific research
 - D. sense of fellowship with men of like mind
 - E. preoccupation with the objective

Choose the word most similar in meaning to the capitalized one.

7. FREIGHT:

- A. worries
- B. luggage
- C. instruments
- D. foolish
- E. uneasy

8. HARDSHIP:

- A. wealth
- B. blessings
- C. gift
- D. suffering
- E. objections

Choose the lettered word or phrase that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the word in capital letters.

9. NEGLIGIBLE:

- A. significant
- B. untamed
- C. tiny
- D. casual
- E.minute

10. ELEGANT:

- A. graceful
- B. unattractive
- C. neat
- D. appeasing
- E. enchanting

PHYSICS

- 11. Identify the example/s of Static Equilibrium:
- I. A book lýing on a horizontal table
- II. A building
- III. A bridge
 - A. I only
 - B. II only
 - C. III only
 - D. II and III only
 - E. I, II and III
- 12. The mass of earth on the basis of Newton's Law of Gravitation is given by:
 - A. $M = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
 - B. $M=1.6027x10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
 - C. $M = 5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$
 - D. $M = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ kg}$
 - E. $M = 3 \times 10^3 kg$
- 13. Fusion and fission reactions are associated with:
 - A. Water or hydral energy
 - B. Geothermal energy
 - C. Fossil fuel energy
 - D. Nuclear energy
 - E. Tidal energy
- 14. What is the change in gravitational potential energy when 7000 N elevator moves from street level to the top of building 300 m above the street level?
 - A. 2100 J
 - B. 21000 J
 - C. 210000 J
 - D. $2.1 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$
 - E. 210 J

15. A body of mass 0.025 kg attached to a spring is displaced through 0.1 m to the right of equilibrium position. If the spring constant la 0.4 N/m and its velocity at the end of displacement is 0.4 m/sec then its total energy will be:

- A. 4 x 10 -3 J
- B. 0.0002 J
- C. 0.000001 J
- D. 0.2 J
- E. 0.04 J

16. The unit of luminous intensity is

- A. Mole
- B. Ampere
- C. Kelvin
- D. Candela

17. 1F $\hat{A} = 2i+3j - K$, B = 4i + 2j - 2K. Find a vector X parallel to A but has magnitude of B? parallel to

A.
$$\sqrt{12/7} (2i + 3J) - K$$

B.
$$\sqrt{7}/12$$
 (4i + 2J – 2 K

B.
$$\sqrt{7}/12 (4i + 2J - 2 K)$$

C. $\sqrt{7}/12 (2i + 3J + K)$

D.
$$\sqrt{3} / 5 (I + 2J - 3K)$$

E.
$$\sqrt{5/12}$$
 (3I + 5J -2K)

18. If A = 3i + 6J - 2K then the unit vector parallel A will be:

A.
$$3i + 6J + 2K / 7$$

B.
$$3/7 I + 6/7 j - 2/7 K$$

C.
$$3/7 I + 6/7 J + 2/7 K$$

D.
$$7 / 3i + 6j - 2k$$

E.
$$7 / 3i + 6j + 2k$$

19. if $V = \lim_{\Delta r \to \Delta t} \Delta r / \Delta t$, then V will be:

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0$$

- A. Average velocity
- B. Uniform velocity
- C. Instantaneous velocity
- D. Variable velocity
- E. None of the above

20. A ball	is thrown	vertically	upward	with the	velocity	of 98 1	m/sec, how
high does	the ball ris	e?					

- A. 196 m
- B. 2 m
- C. 1/2 m
- D. 490 m
- E. 98 m

21. A particle is projected at an angle of 45° with a velocity of 9.8m/s. The horizontal range will be: $(g=9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$.

- A. $9.8 / \sqrt{2}$ m
- B. 9.8 \2m
- C. 9.8 m
- D. 4.9 m
- E. 3.1 m

- A. 360°
- B. 180"
- C. 100°
- D. 57.3°
- E. 0.01745°

23. If $I = r \times p$ and r = position vector P = linear momentum then I in the equation will be:

- A. currant
- B. length
- C. angular momantum
- D. torque
- E. displacement

24. The superposition of two light waves is called:

- A. Diffraction
- **B.** Polarization
- C. Interferonco
- D. Reflection
- E. Absorption

Α	. 20 cm	
	. 5 cm	
	. 10 cm	
	. 30 cm	
	. 40 cm	
while lo	osing 100 Joules of l	oules of heat and delivers 600 Joules of work heat by conduction to the atmosphere, the gy of the system will be:
Α.	600 Joules	
	900 Joules	
C.	300 Joules	
	400 Joules	
E.	1600 Joules	
27.	Is a device wh	nich makes use of mutual Induction for
	g up or down an alter	
Α.	Sonomator	
B.	Transformer	
C.	Ammator	
	Voltmotor	
E.,	. Potantlometar	Nition Online Testing System
such tha	at the current falls to	urrent Is a current of 5 amp which is changed o zero in 0,1 sec. If an average e.m.f. of 200 ductance of the circult will be:
	A. 4 henrys	
	B. 5 henrys	
	C. 6 honrys	
	D. 7 henrys E. 8 henrys	
	L. o nemys	
20.77	Y 4	
	Instrument(s) which	h work on the principle of Wheatstone bridge
is/are :		h work on the principle of Wheatstone bridge
is/are : A.	Instrument(s) which Meter Bridge The Post Office Box	
is/are : A. B.	. Meter Bridge	x ·
is/are : A. B. C.	. Meter Bridge . The Post Office Box	

30.An ammeter reads up to 1 A. Its Internal resistance is $0.81~\Omega.$ To Increase the range to 10 A, the value of the required shunt is:

- $A. 0.3 \Omega$
- $B.0.9\Omega$
- $C.0.09 \Omega$
- D. $0.03~\Omega$
- E. 1.3 Ω

31.Electromagnetic waves are produced by:

- A. motion of electric and magnetic fields
- B. chargeless particles
- C. a static charge
- D. heat
- E. none of the above

32. The energy of an X-ray quantum of wavelength 1.0 x 10⁻¹⁰ m is.

- A. 1.99 x 10⁻¹⁵ J
- B. $3x10^{8}$ J
- C. $6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}$,
- D. 19.89 x 10⁻²⁶ J
- E 1.99 Joules

33. The shortest wavelength photon emitted in balmer series is :

- A. $1.0974 \times 10^{-7} \text{m}$
- B. 4 nm
- C. 364.6 nm
- D. 3.64 m
- E. 480 nm

34. To remove the huge amount of heat energy in nuclear reactor, are used.

- A. Core
- B. Control rods
- C. Shielding
- D. Moderators
- E. Coolants

35. The half life of C^{14} is about:

A. 1637 years B. 892 years C. 10 years D. 100 years

E. 5730 years

36. The equation $\Delta U = \Delta Q$ refers to:

	A. Isothermal process P. Adiabatic process
	B. Adiabatic process C. Isochoric process
	D. Isobaric process
	E. Carnot cycle
37. T	wo capacitors $C_1 = 3\mu f$ and $C_2 = 6\mu f$ are in series across a 90 volts
D.C	supply. The total capacitance is given by:
	Α. 9μf
	B. 2µf
	C. 10µf
	D. 90µf
	E. 5µf
38. F	Kinetic energy of a charged particle decreases by 10 J as it moves
	a point at potential 100 V to 200 V. The charge on the particle is:
	A. 10 ⁻³ C
	B. 10 ⁻² C
	C. 10 ⁻¹ C
	D. 10 ⁵ C
	E. 10 °C Community Education
39. A	100 watt bulb is operated by 240 volts, the current through the bu
will b	
	A. 2.4 A
	B. 240 A
	C. 0.416 A
	D. 41.6 A
	E. 416 A
	bulb having a resistance of 150 Ω is connected to a 225 volt source
the c	arrent in the bulb will be:
	A. 1.5 A
	B. 10 A
	C. 3.7350 A
	D. 250 A E. 100 A

CHEMISTRY

41.If the reaction : $P + Q \rightarrow R + S$

is described as being of zero order with respect to P, it means that.

- A. P is a catalyst in this reaction
- B. No P molecules possesses sufficient energy to react
- C. he concentration of P does not change during the reaction
- D. The rate of reaction is independent of the concentratio. of P
- E. The rate of reaction is proportional to the concentration of Q
- 42. The number of moles of solute dissolved per liter of solution is called:
 - A. Normality
 - B. Molality
 - C. Molarity
 - D. Percentage composition
 - E. Mole fraction
- 43. The oxidation number of all the elements in free state is ...
 - A. 1
 - B. 3
 - C. 0
 - D. -1
 - E. -3
- 44.Sum of all the exponents of molar concentration of the reactant present in the rate equation is known as ______.
 - A. molecularity
 - B. order of reaction
 - C. rate of reaction
 - D. Gradient
 - E.slope

	ording to''the properties of elements of elements atomic number''.	nents are the periodic function
	A. Mendeleev's periodic law	
	B. Newland's law of octaves	
	C. Doberenier's triads	
	D. Lothar Meyer's classification	
	E. Modern periodic law	
46. 2 gr	rams of H2 molecule contain	molecules .
molecu		
	A. 12.04×10^{23}	
	B. 6.02×10^{23}	
	C. 3.01×10^{23}	
	D. 1.008	
	E. 2	
47. Cor	mparative rates of diffusion of He and	d SO ₂ , will be
•	A. 8	
	B. 2	
	C. 4	
	D. 16	
	E. 64	
48. The	e unit of viscosity is	
	A. Joule	
	B. N/m^2	
	C. dynes/cm	
	D. poises	
	E. ergs	
	e maximum possible number of electr nodate is given by .	ons a shell 'n' can
	A. n	
	B. n^2	
	C. $2n^2$	
	D. N^3	
	E $3n^2$	

50.CI + $\bar{e} \rightarrow Cl^- \Delta H = -348kJ/mol$ the value -348KJ/mol in this case will be:

- A. Ionization energy
- B. Electronegativity
- C. Electron affinity
- D. Entropy
- E. Free energy

51. Nitrogen dioxide decomposes on heating according to the following equation

$$2NO_2(g) \Leftrightarrow 2NO(g) + 0_2(g)$$

When 4 mole of nitrogen dioxide were put into a 1 dm³ container and heated to a constant temperature, the equilibrium mixture contained 0.8 mole of oxygen.

What is the numerical value of the equilibrium constant, Kc, at the temperature of the experiment?

- A. $0.8^2 \times 0.8 / 4^2$
- B. $1.6 \times 0.8 / 2.4^2$
- C. $1.6^2 \times 0.8 / 4^2$
- D. $1.6^2 \times 0.8 / 2.4^2$

52. H₂ S is an example of _____ hydride .

- A. ionic
- B. covalent
- C. complex
- D. metallic.
- E. border-line hydride

53. The formula of "rock salt" is:

- A. NaOH
- B. NaHCO₃
- C. Na₂CO₃
- D. CuSO4
- E. NaCl.

54. For the reaction (where X' Is halogen)

 $2M+X_2 \rightarrow 2MX$

It M is metal, it is more likely to be:

- A. Alkaline earth metal
- B. Alkall metal
- C. Outer transition metal
- D. Inner transition metal
- E. None of the above

55. Which one is not true for H₂ SO₄?.

- A. Acid
- B. Oxidizing agent
- C. Nitrating agent
- D. Dehydrating agent
- E. Sulphonating agent

56. Transition elements and their compounds are commonly used as catalysts due to

- A. involvement of inner-d-orbitals
- B.due to the presence of unpaired electron
- C. d-d transition of electrons
- D. variable oxidation state
- E. suitable surface area

57. The C-C bond distance is

- A. 1.10 Å
- B. 1.20 Å
- C. 1.30 Å
- D. 1.54 Å
- E. 1.34 Å

58.

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CH}_3' - \mathsf{CH}_2 - \mathsf{CH}_2 - \mathsf{CH}_2 - \mathsf{OH} \\ \mathbf{1} \, \mathsf{propanol} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CH}_3 - \mathsf{CH} - \mathsf{CH}_3 \\ \mathsf{and} \\ \mathsf{OH} \\ \mathsf{2}, \mathsf{propanol} \end{array}$$

are examples of _____

- A. Chain isomerism
- B. Position isomerism
- C. Functional group isomerism
- D. Metamerism
- E. Optical isomerism

$$59.CH = CH + 2 AgNO_3 \rightarrow AGC = CAg + 2HNO_3$$
 represents _____property of acetylene.

- A. basic
- B. acidic
- C. dehydrating
- D. physical
- F. none of the above

60. (-NH₂) on benzene ring is:

- A. meta-directing and deactivating group
- B. Otho-para directing and deactivating group.
- C. othro-para directing and activating group
- D. orthro-directing and activating only
- E. para-directing and deactivating only

61. The stability of carbonium ions follow the order:

A.
$$CH_1^+ > RCH_2^+ > R_2 C^+ H > R3C +$$

B.
$$R_3C^+ > R_2CH^+ > RC^+H_2 > C^+H_3$$

C.
$$R_3 C^+ > CH_3^+ > R_2^+ CH > R^+ CH_2$$

D.
$$R_2CH^+ > CH_3^+ > RCH_2^+ > R_3C^+$$

E.
$$R_3 C^+ > R_2 CH^+ > CH_3^+ > RCH_2^+$$

62. RMOX is an organometallic compound, generally known as:

- A. Grignard's Reagent
- B. Baeyer's reagent
- C. Ether
- D. Ester
- E. Aldehyde

is used as preservative for life specimen.

- A. H_2SO_4
- B. Ammonia
- C. Methanol
- D. NaOH
- E. Formalin

64. The structural formula of picric acid is:

	led in thyroxine, the hormone of thyroid gland.
A. Mg ⁺⁺	
B. K ⁺¹	
C. Ca ⁺⁺	
D. Iodine	e
E. Zinc	
66. Sp³ hybridiz	cation in CH4 glves it geometry.
	A. Linear
	B. Co planner
	C. Tetra hedral
	D. Trigonal pyramid
	E. Octahedral
67. 1 calories =	Joules.
	A. 200 Joules
	B. 2000 Joules
	C. 4.184 Joules
	D. 4180 Joules
	E. 3630 Joules
C The emount	of heat provided to a system at constant processes (a.) is
qual to	of heat provided to a system at constant pressure (q_p) is
quar to	
	A Change in internal energy (ΔE)
	B. Change in enthalpy (ΔH)
	C. Change in free energy (ΔG)
2	D. Change in temperature only (ΔT)
	E. Change in pressure only (ΔP)
69. AgCI ⇔Ag	+ Cl
The ksp f	or the reaction will be:
_	
	$Ksp = [AGCL] / [AG^+][CL^*]$
В. Н	$Ksp = [Ag \cdot] [CL^{\scriptscriptstyle{T}}] / [AgCL]$
C. F	$Csp = [Ag^+] [CL^-]$
_ •	$Z_{cn} = [aggl]$
D. F	Lsp = [agcl]

	A. Monodentate
	B. Bidentate
	C. Tridentate
	D. Polydentate
	E. None of the ahove
	BIOLOGY
71 Th	a secondary and tertiany consumpers also known as
/1. 111 0	e secondary and tertiary consumoare also known as:
	A. green plants
	B. herbivores
	C. abiotic factors
	D. decomposers
	E carnivores
72. Pla r	nts absorb it in the form of soluble phosphates. It is Present
	antly.in growing and storage organs of plants. What is it?
	A. H ₂ O
	B. CO ₂
	C. K
	D. P
	E. N
72 Dh a	www.lords.cin.into through glottic
/3.F IIA	rynx leads air into through glottis .
	A. Trachea
	B. bronchus
	C. alveoli
	D. nasal sac
	E. larynx

74. The concentration of Na ions in the body fluids is controlled by harmone. A. ADH B. parathormone C. aldosterone D. estrogen E. thyroxin 75. The movement of plants in response to touch stimulus is called: A. hydrotropism B. chemotropism C. geotropism D. thigmotropism E. phototropism 76. The number of muscles in a human body is about: A. 200 B. 300 C. 400 D. 500 E. 600 77. Steroids consist of 6-membred carbon rings and one 5 membred carbon ring. A. Four B. Three C. Two D. Five E. Six 78.An enzyme increases the speed of a reaction: A. by adding activation energy requirements B. by lowering activation energy requirements C. by decreasing the concentration of products D. by increasing the concentration of products E. all of the above 79.Lysosomes are also called: A. Suicide sacs B. Chondriosome C. Storage organelle D. Dictyosome

E. Power house of a cell

A. fan	nilies				
B. ord	ers				
C. phy	[,] la				
D. kin	gdom				
E. gei	nera				
81. The cell	wall of most of	the bacteri	a have uni	que macromole	cule called
Δ ce	llulose				
B. ch					
C. fib					
D. fat					
	ptidoglycan				
82. All of th	ne follow <mark>in</mark> g org	anisms bel	ong to the	kingdom protis	ta
EXCEPT:					
A. U	lva				
B. Eı	iglena		- /		
	ictoria				
	ime mold				
	ommon Molds				
L. CC	minon words				
		19.			
				m the living hos	t with the
help of spec	cial hyphal tips	called	•		
A D					
	oots oot hair				
	oot nair nizoids				
	austoria				
	one of the above				
E. IV	one of the above				
84. The bot	anical name of	Imli is:			
A. Ca	ssia fistula				
	imosa pudica				
	marindus indica				
	tura alba				

E. Rosa indica

85. Which one is not the group of Gymnosperm ?	?
A. Cycads	
B. Ginkgo	
C. Gnetae	
D. Conifers	
E. Musci	
86. Which one of the following is fish?	
A. Star fish	
B. Jelly fish	
C. Cuttle fish	
D. Sea horse	
E. None of the above	
87. Glucose → 2pyruvic acid +2H ₂ 0	
$2NAD + 2Pi \rightarrow 2ATP$	
$2NAD + 4H \rightarrow 2NADH + 2H^{+}$	•
These three reactions collectively constitute	<u>.</u>
A. Krahin anala	
A. Kreb's cycle	
B.Calvin's cycle	
C. Electron transport chain	
D. Light reaction E. Glycolysis	
88. The genotype of normal male in humans is	chromocomoc
66. The genotype of normal mate in numans is	cm omosomes,
A. 44+XX	
B. 44+XY	
C. 44+XXY	
D. 44+X0	
E. 44+XXX	
E. 44 (AAA)	
89. The process of replacing or supplementing th	e defective allele with a
functional, normal allele is known as	ic defective uncle with a
A. allele transplant	
B. physiotherapy	
C. Gene therapy	
D. mutation	
P 1 :	
E.cloning	
E.cloning	

Α	. legs
	. head
C	. eggs and sperms
D	. hands
E.	. all body parts
nedium nitrogen A'sampl nitrogen	from a bacterial clone were grown for many generations on a in which all the nitrogen compounds contained only the isotope 15 ("N). Adenine comprised 36% of the nitrogen bases present. e of these bacteria was transferred to a medium in which the only source was "N and was provided with conditions suitable for reproduction. What was the percentage of guanine in the DNA?
Α.	. 14%
В.	18%
C.	28%
D.	36%
	64%
92. Nitro	ogen-cycle is facilitated by
A.	Algae
В.	Fungi
	Bacteria
	Virus
E.	Earth-quacks
93. Sava	nnah is an example of ecosystem.
ecosyste	m:
	marine water
	. fresh water
В	
B. C	. forest
B C D	. forest . tropical grass land . desert

94. In cats, the genes controlling coat-colour are co-dominant (incompletely dominant) and are carried on the X chromosomes. When a black female was mated with a ainger male the resunting litter consisted of black male and tortoise-shell female kittens. What phenotypic ratio would be expected in the F ₂ generation
A. 1 black male: 1 ginger male: 2 tortoise-shell females B. 1 black male: 1 ginger male: 1 tortoise-shell female 1 black female C. 2 black males: 1 tortoise-shell female: 1 ginger female black female D. 1 black male: 1 tortoise-shell female: 1 ginger female: 1 black female
E. 2 black males : 1 tortoise-shell female : 1 black female
95.The region where the impulse moves from one neuron to another is called
Is cance
A. Axon
B. Dendrites
C. Synapse.
D. Thalamus
E. Cerebellum
96.A bean seed contains all of the following except :
A. A seed coat
B. An epicotyl
C. A hypocotyl
D. A hypha
E. Cotyledon
97 is the reconstruction of the lost part of the body,
A Crowth
A. Growth B. Development
C. Regeneration
D. Blastulation
E. Gastrulation
98. Fern hass pair of chromosome.
A. 20
B. 40
C. 500
D. 13
E. 7

99. Which valve action results from an increase in pressure in the ventricles of the heart?

- A. The closing of all the heart valves
- B. The closing of semi-lunar valves
- C. The opening of the bicuspid valve
- D. The opening of the semi-lunar valves
- E. The opening of the tricuspid valve

100. The combination of XXY (47) chromosomes results in:

- A. Down's Syndrome
- B. Turner's Syndrome
- C. Klinefelter's Syndrome
- D. Sickle cell anemia
- E. Color blindness

NTS TESTING SERVICE NTS ANSWERE KEY 2012

Question a	Correct Choice	Question#	Correct Choice	Question#	Correct Choice	Question#	Correct Choice
1	Е	26	С	51	D	76	Е
2	В	27	В	52	В	77	В
3	C	28	Α	53	E	78	В
4	В	29	E	54	В	79	A
5	D	30	C	55	C	80	Е
6	В	31	A	56	Е	81	Е
7	В	32	A	57	D	82	E
8	D	33	C	58	В	83	D
9	A	34	E	59	В	84	C
10	В	35	E	60	С	85	Е
11	Е	36	C	61	В	86	D
12	C	37	В	62	A	87	Е
13	D	38	C	63	Е	88	В
14	D	39	C	64	E	89	C
15	A	40	A	65	D	9()	C
16	E	41	D	66	C	91	A
17	A	42	C	67	С	92	С
18	В	43	C	68	В	93	D
19	С	44	В	69	С	94	В
20	D	45	E	70	D	95	C
21	С	46	В	71	E	96	D
22	D	47	С	72	D	97	С
23	C	48	D	73	Е	98	C
24	C	49	C	74	C	99	D
25	C	50	С	75	D	100	С