

<u>Junaidfazal08@gmail.com</u> <u>Bc190202640@vu.edu.pk</u> CS504-Software Engineering-I (Solved Macq's)

LECTURE FROM (23 to 45)

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JUNAID MALIK 0304-1659294

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Ph# 0304-1659294 Email: junaidfazal08@gmail.com

1.	a. Data-centered
	b. Client Server page 130
	c. Layered
	d. Reference
2	STL Stands for
	a. Standard Template Library Page 138
	b. Standard Type Link
	c. Standard Tempo Line
	d. Standard Type Link
3.	The three basic principles that guide maintainability are:
	(a) Clarity
	(b) Enhancement
	(c) Flexibility
	(d) Simplicity
	a. (a),(b) and (c)
	b <mark>. (a),(c) and (d) page 149</mark>
	c. (b),(c) and (d)
	d. All of above
4.	Goto statements violate the idea of
	a. object oriented code
	b. structured code page 164
	c. control structure
	d. repetition structure
5.	A function should not be larger in any case and should not exceedin
	length
	a. Half page
	b. <mark>One page page 150</mark>
	c. Two pages
	d. Three Pages

6. Data Centered Architectural Style is also called							
	a.	Repository model page 129					
	b.	Client Server model					
	c.	Sub System model					
	d.	Reference model					
7. C	7. Global variables in C++ should always be referred to by using the						
	a.	::operator page 153					
	b.	:operator					
	c.	Without an operator					
	d.	None of the given					
8. T	here	arelayers in OSI reference model.					
	a.	5					
4	b.	6					
1	) c.	7 page 134					
P	d.	8					
9. I	) Ynai	mic process model shows the processof the System.					
7	a.	Components					
	<b>b</b> .	Objects					
	c.	Structure page 129					
	d.	Linkage					
10.V	Vhic	h of the following shows a commented statement in C++					
	a.	# Ans = first + second					
	b.	// Ans = first + second page 162					
	c.	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $					
	d.	/# Ans = first + second					
11		Architectural model is widely used in Mainframe application.					
	a.	Client-Server Model					
	b.	Repository Model page 130 Filter Model					
	c.	Filter Model					
	d.	Layered Model					

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12.Varia	bles should be initialized who	ere they are and they should be
	red in thescope possib	•
	defined and smallest	
	declared and medium	
c.	defined and medium	
d.	declared and smallest	page 161
		cant role in enhancing the of a
progra		HU H TA
	Writ ability	TOTAL INCA
b.	Readability	page 151
c.	Reliability	
d.	All of the given choices	
15.MVC	stands for	
Na.	<b>Model View Controller</b>	page 140
b.	Modern View Center	
c.	Model View Center	
d.	Modern View Controller	
16. Whic	h of the following is not a pos	ssible server in client server environment?
a.	Database Server	
b.	Transaction Server	
c.	File Server	
d.	Time Server	page 132
17. In cas	e of using unrelated operator	s in a single expression,would be the
best c	hoice to prevent the logical e	rrors.
a.	Comments	
b.	Indents	4-1009294
<mark>c.</mark>	Parenthesis	page 166
	Short Cuts	1 - (0)
	e of header files, construction	DO C D FI F
	d appear in the top of the file	The state of the s
a.	<b>Compilation</b>	page 160

b. run timec. logical

d. All of the given

- 19. Which one of these represents the Krutchen's 4+1 architectural view model
  - a. Logical view, Process view. Physical view. Development view. Use case view
  - b. Logical view. Dynamic view. Physical view. Development view. Use case view
  - c. Logical view. Process view, Physical view. Development view. Sequence view
  - d. Dynamic view, Process view. Physical view, Development view. Use case view
- system model. 20. Client server is a
  - a. Integrated
  - b. Distributed **page 130**
  - c. Heterogeneous
  - d. Homogeneous
- 21. Vertical partitioning is also known as
  - a. Balancing
  - b. Mutating
  - c. Parallelizing
  - d. Factoring page 135
- 22. "is" prefix should be used for variables and methods.
  - a. General
  - b. Boolean page 152
  - c. Constant
  - d. None of the given
- 23. Thin client model places a heavy processing load on\_
  - a. Only server
  - b. Only network
  - page 133 c. Both server and network
  - d. Neither server not network

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24. C++	header files should have the	extensionS	ource files can have the
exter	nsion		
a.	.c and .h		
b.	.cc and .h		
	.h and.cpp	page 15	<mark>88</mark>
	All of the given		
	ch of following is among ten	things, which th	e basic template of GOF
desig	n pattern includes.	FUH	Mia
	IQ .	THE TALL	TIVOD
	Context	page 142	10/7
4	Performance		
	Requirements		
4	cal partitioning divides the	rchitecture appli	cation from amakir
10. 7	ective.		
	Decision	page 13	<mark>85</mark>
\	Design	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
	Conclusion		
	Move	11 1 111	1.11.
	s like system performance, a	ivailability, scala	bility, and security are
40	zed in		
	Logical View		
	Physical View	р	<mark>age 127</mark>
	Code View		
	Concurrency View	1 1 11: 5	
	s variables should never be d	eclared public. P	ublic variables violate
	hof the following:		9294
	Information hiding		211
	Encapsulation		00%
	Information hiding and l	<b>Encapsulation</b>	page 161
	None of the give	msne	1
	les Simonyi first discussed I		on, He was of
a.	<b>Microsoft</b>	page152	

b. IBMc. Delld. Cisco

	rns are devices that allow programs to shareknowledge about
their_	
	Code
	Design page 137
	Analysis
	Implementation ess view in Krutchen's 4+1 architectural view model captures
	Object model of the design
	Concurrency and synchronization aspects of the design page
D.	122
C	Mapping(s) of the software onto the hardware and reflects its distributed
<b>√</b> .	aspect
d.	Static organization of the software in its development environment
A .	e N-Tire architecture, the idea is to enhance scalability and by
. 0./	rbing both the date and the application using multiple server
mach	
a.	Usability
	Performance page 134
	Interoperability
d.	. Integrity
34. Nam	es representing methods and functions should beand written in
mixe	d case starting withcase
a.	Noun_lower
b.	Verblower page 153
c.	Noun_upper
	Verbupper U U U T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
	ting point constant should always be written with decimal point and at least
	One decimal page 164
	Two decimal
	Three decimal
	none of the given
	c structural model shows the major system
	Leaks Components negging 120
	. Components page 129 Activates
C.	ACHVAICS

37. Objectives Distributing the responsibilities to different subsystems so that				
we get a software system which is easy to maintain, is called the				
architecture				
a. Subtracting				
b. Partitioning page 138				
c. Cloning				
d. Balancing				
38. It ensures that a class only has one instance and provides a global point of				
access to it				
a. Singleton pattern page 145				
b. Observer pattern				
c. Real pattern				
d. None of the given				
39. N-tier architecture stems from the struggle to find abetween the fat-client				
architecture and the thin client architecture				
a. Concurrency				
b. Distribution point				
c. Middle ground page 134				
d. Similarity				
40. In client server model, the application is modeled as a set of that are provided				
by servers.				
a. Request				
b. Protocols				
c. Service page 130				
d. Requirements				
d. Requirements 41. Maintainability and portability issues are discussed in				
a. Functional view				
b. Physical view				
c. Code view Page 126				
d. Logical view				

42. In case of a file server, client request selected records from a_	and the
servertransmits recorded to client over the network	

- a. Local memory
- b. Network
- c. Database

#### d. File

#### Page132

- 43. Logical view in Krutchen's 4+1 architectural view model captures\_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Concurrency and synchronization aspects of the design
  - b. Mapping(s)of the software onto the hardware and reflect its distributedaspect
  - c. Object model of the design
  - d. Static organization of the software in its development environment
- 44. When programmers use shortcuts and cryptic codes in their program

becomes a major problem.

- a. Maintenance
- b. Reusability
- c. Availability
- d. Readability
- 45. Which one is

correct?

- a. double total= 0.5;
- b. double total = .5;
- c. double total = .50;
- d. all of the given
- 46. "Description of communicating objects and classes that are customized to solve general design problem in a particular context" is called \_\_.
  - a. Design Pattern
  - b. System Pattern
  - c. System Design
  - d. Design Method
- 47. Development view in Krutchen's 4+1 architectural view model captures
  - a. Object model of the design
  - b. Concurrency and synchronization aspects of the design

- c. Mapping(s) of the software onto the hardware and reflects its distributedaspect
- d. Static organization of the software in its development environment
- 48. Client server model tries to \_\_\_\_\_\_ data and processing.
  - a. Distribute
  - b. Merge
  - c. Clone
  - d. Proceed
- 49. Which indent size eliminates the chance of code lines splitting?
  - a. 2
  - b. 4
  - c. 3
  - d. 6
- 50. Which one of these is a correct short cut used by the programmer?
  - a.  $x^*=a$
  - b. x=\*a
  - c. x\*a=
  - d = a x
- 51. \_\_\_\_\_was the first pure Object Oriented language in which observer patternwas used in implementing its Model View Controller pattern
  - a. Smalltalk
  - b. PASCAL
  - c. JAVA
  - d. C++
- 52. Identify the TRUE statement
  - a. Portability effects Security
  - b. Size of data types vary from one machine to other
  - c. Size of control structures vary from one machine to other
  - d. None of the given options
- 53. 1) x = (a + 2 > 3)? a : a-1;
  - 2) if((a + 2) > 3)
    - $\mathbf{x} =$
  - a;else
    - x = a 1;
    - a. Statement (1) is more complex than (2)

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- b. Statement (2) is more complex than (1)
- c. Both statements are very complex
- d. None of the given options
- 168 54. which of the following statements are same in

output1) 
$$a = a \gg 2$$

- 2) a = a/4
- 3) a = a \* 2
- a. (1) and (3) only
- b. (2) and (3) only

#### c. (1) and (2) only

- c. All produce the same result
- 55. Code should not be:
  - a. Commented

- b. Indented
- c. aligned
- 56. If (!(block < active

Block))is equivalent to:

- a. if (block < activeBlock))
- b. if ((block == activeBlock))
- c. if ((block >= activeBlock)) **page 163**
- d. None of the given
- 57. The form for (;;) should be used for
  - a. Nested loop
  - b. Empty loop

**page 159** 

- c. More than 1000 iteration
- d. Less than 1000 iterations
- 58. using proper parenthesis normally makes the code
  - a. easy to read
  - b. easy to understand

**page 167** 

- c. less ambigous
- d. All of the given option
- 59. The clients and servers, in a client server environment, are connected through

- a. Framework
- b. Interface
- c. Middleware page 129
- d. Groupware
- 60. \_\_\_\_\_provides a unified interface to a set of intelligence in a sub-system
  - a. Observer pattern
  - b. Singleton pattern

#### c. Façade pattern

page 143

All of the above

Complex expressions:

c.

61.

- a. Make the code easy to modify
- b. Make the code difficult to modify

**page 164** 

- c. Make the code easy to understand
- d. Does not affect understandability
- 62. Bring-in system's a view and define, from the system's perspective, the Software functionally the developers must build.
  - a. Functional Requirements
  - b. Non-Functional Requirements
  - c. User Requirements
  - d. Business Requirements
- 63. Which of the following is used for multi-level commenting?
  - a. // Comment
  - b. /\*Comment\*/
  - c. (Comment)
  - d. \*/Comment/\*
- 64. Which of the following is NOT an objective for building an analysis model?
  - a. Define set of software requirements
  - b. Describe customer requirements
  - c. Develop an abbreviated solution for the problem
  - d. Establish basis for software design
- 65. Consider the following scenario:

"Student logins the system and checks his/her lecture schedule"
Keeping in mind the use case diagram, and above scenario the one of the

post conditions might be:

a. Students should have a login

- b. System should be available
- c. Students should log-off after checking schedule
- d. Lecture schedule should be displayed date wise
- 66. OOA is intended to define -----, their relationships, and their behavior.
  - a. Variables
  - b. Classes
  - c. Objects
  - d. Subjects
- 67. One of the most powerful features of exception handling is that an error can be ----over function boundaries.
  - a. Thrown
  - b. Called back
  - c. Caught
  - d. Sent
- 68. Inspections can check conformance with a specification but not conformance with the ----requirements.
  - a. Customer's real
  - b. Developer
  - c. Tester
  - d. Manger
- 69. For inspections, ----are prepared that contain information regarding defects.
  - a. Tables
  - b. Checklists
  - c. Lists
  - d. Farms
- 70. The first "bug" was actually a moth, which flew through an open window and into one of the Mark----- 's relays. p. con
  - a.
  - b. I
  - c. III
  - d. IV
- 71. Holistic medicine, concerns itself with the state of the body as a whole, not the---- that is currently attacking it.
  - a. Target
  - b. Reason
  - c. Disease
  - d. Source

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- 72. What factor has no precipitation in more sophisticated and complex computerbased systems?
  - a. Vast use of personal computers
  - b. Vast increases in computer memory and storage capacity.
  - c. Greater variety of exotic input/output options.
  - d. Profound changes in computer architectures.
- 73. What types of errors are missed by black-box testing and can be uncovered by white-box testing?
  - a. Runtime errors
  - b. Logic errors
  - c. Performance errors
  - d. Input errors
- 74. When large amount of data is to be shared, repository model is used. This model has been extensively used in the----- based application.
  - a. Mainframe
  - b. Super Computers
  - c. Personal Computers
  - d. Real time
- 75. A (n) ----is a variance from a desired product attribute.
  - a. Error
  - b. Exception
  - c. Defect
  - d. Mistake
- 76. Performance &usability are example of---- requirements.
  - a. Business

  - b. Functionalc. Non-Functional
  - d. User
- 77. Camel Case is now the official convention for file names and identifiers in the-----programming language.
  - a. C#
  - b. C++
  - c. Java
  - d. Visual Basic. Net
- 78. Comments should be indented relative to their position in the -----
  - a. Code
  - b. Design

- c. Analysis
- d. Requirements
- 79. One of the guidelines to avoid common mistakes is to never use----- except foe declaration.
  - a. ,
  - b. :
  - c. =
  - d. II
- 80. When planning for performance, one should always remember the ----- rule.
  - a. 80/20
  - b. 70/20
  - c. 60/20
  - d. 100/20
- 81. Behavioral class pattern uses----- relationship to distribute behavior between classes.
  - a. Composition
  - b. Aggregation
  - c. Association
  - d. Inheritance
- 82. Software crisis appeared in----
  - a. Early 50s
  - b. Early 60s
  - c. Early 70s
  - d. Early 80s
- 83. In C++ or java, named constants are written in all uppercase letters with ---- to separate words.
  - a. Semicolon;
  - b. Underscore
  - c. Colon:
  - d. Dot.
- 84. Indentation larger than ----- makes deeply nested code difficult to read and increases the chance that the lines must be split.
  - a. 2
  - b. 4
  - c. 3
  - d. 1
- 85. Which phase of software development lifecycle is considered most expensive?

- a. Requirement Gathering
- b. System Design
- c. Maintenance
- d. Development
- 86. A software requirement document describes all the ---- provided by the system along with the constraints under which it must operate.
  - a. Conditions
  - b. Services
  - c. Tasks
  - d. Actions
- 87----- and functional specification documents are produced in requirement analysis phase.
  - a. Feasibility report
  - b. Requirement definition
  - c. Requirement specification
  - d. Design definition
- 88. During the program execution most of the time is spent on -----.
  - a. Conditional Structure
  - b. Loops
  - c. Arrays
  - d. Functions
- 89. Many applications need to be ported on to many different -----.
  - a. Platforms
  - b. Language
  - c. Compilers
  - d. Software
- 90. There are ----- steps involved in identification of structure while deriving object model. w.vulmshelp.co
  - a. Two
  - b. Three
  - c. Four
  - d. Five
- 91. The technique which is used to separate error-handling code from normal code is called -----.
  - a. Exceptional handling
  - b. Function handling
  - c. Code handling

- d. Variable handling
- 92. In order to show the presence of a defect, a ---- breaks the system.
  - a. Tester
  - b. Developer
  - c. Requirement engineer
  - d. Designer
- 93. Architectural model proposed by Clements et. al. contains---- views.
  - a. 3
  - b. 4
  - c. 5
  - d. 6
- 94----- server provides set of applications that enable communication among clients using text, images, bulletin boards, video, etc.
  - a. File
  - b. Database
  - c. Transaction
  - d. Groupware
- 95. is result of efforts to find a middle ground between the fat client architecture and the thin-client architecture.
  - a. Pipe and filter architecture
  - b. N-tier architecture
  - c. Three tier architecture
  - d. Zero install
- 96. The process view captures the concurrency and----- aspects of the design.
  - a. Synchronization
  - b. ASynchronization
  - c. Mapping
  - d. Data
- 97 involve purely black box testing.
  - a. Unit testing, Beta testing
  - b. Acceptance testing, Interfacing
  - c. Beta testing, Acceptance testing
  - d. Integration testing, Interface testing
- 98 is the correct formula for calculating Cyclomatic complexity of a program.
  - a. V N + 2
  - b. E V + 2

- c. E N + 2
- d. E + N 2

99 is not included in test criteria applied in a phase of testing.

- a. Functional validity
- b. Interface integrity
- c. Correctness
- d. Programming Logic
- 100. The nature of software application can be characterized by their information
  - a. Complexity
  - b. Content
  - c. Determinacy
  - d. Content and determinacy
- 101. The best way to conduct a requirements validation review is to----
  - a. Examine the system model for errors
  - b. Have the customer look over the requirements
  - c. Send them to the design team and see if they have any concerns
  - d. Use a checklist of questions to examine each requirements
- 102. Flow charts represents----
  - a. Sequence Activity
  - b. Random Activity
  - c. Parallel Activity
  - d. Shuffle Activity
- 103. A process which does not take input is called-----.
  - a. Miracle process
  - b. Core process
  - c. Secondary process
- 104. State Transition Diagram is helpful in determining ----a. Business understanding

  - b. Process flow
  - c. Data store
  - d. Control flow
- 105. In a -----, each program module is represented by a rectangular box.
  - a. Use case diagram
  - b. Document flow diagram
  - c. Class diagram

- d. Data flow diagram
- 106. Which of the following is not a fundamental structured programming construct?
  - a. Recursion
  - b. Condition
  - c. Repetition
  - d. Sequence
- 107. Which writing style is best regarding identifier role in enhancing the readability of a program?
  - a. If(Flag==0)
  - b. If (Flag==START\_NUMBER)
  - c. If (Z==START NUMBER)
  - d. If (Z==0)
- 108. Exception handling is a powerful technique that separates error-handling code from ----- code.
  - a. Normal
  - b. Abnormal
  - c. Single
  - d. Complex
- 109. Static analyzers are software tools for -----processing.
  - a. Analysis text
  - b. Source text
  - c. Design text
  - d. Maintenance text
- 110. Testing is an intellectually demanding activity and has a life cycle-----to software development.
  - a. Equal
  - b. Parallel
  - c. Sequential
  - d. In contrast
- 111.are used to describe flow of data or control in an application.
  - a. Code structures
  - b. String matchings
  - c. Paths
  - d. Flow graphs
- 112. Writing test cases and generating test data are processes that demand------building capabilities.

- a. Code
- b. Domain
- c. System
- d. Scenario
- 113. Idea of zero install architecture is to develop a system where no installation on the ---- is needed.
  - a. Client side
  - b. Server side
  - c. Client & server side
  - d. Network
- 114. There are four basic coding structures: sequence, if statement, case statement, and ----
  - a. For loop
  - b. While loop
  - c. Switch statement
  - d. Logical operations
- 115. The pattern movement became very quiet until-----when patterns appeared again at OOPSLA conference.
  - a. 1987
  - b. 1988
  - c. 1962
  - d. 1995
- 116. In ----- coverage scheme, all possible paths of a program from input instruction to the output instruction are tested.
  - a. Branch coverage
  - b. Statement coverage
  - c. Path coverage
  - d. System coverage
- 117. Inspections cannot check -----characteristics.
  - a. Non-Functional
  - b. Business
  - c. User
  - d. Functional
- 118. Split lines occur when a statement exceed the ---- column limit.
  - a. 80
  - b. 90
  - c. 95

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- d. 85
- 119. STL is a library of reusable components provided by -----compilers.
  - a. Java
  - b. Cobol
  - c. Small talk
  - d. C++
- 120. In -----, the responsibility of instantiation of an object is given to some STITI other object.
  - a. Behavioral
  - b. Structural
  - c. Creational
  - d. Observer
- 121.pattern is an example of creational pattern.
  - a. Façade
  - b. Singleton
  - c. Observer
  - d. Prototyping
- 122.pattern hides the implementation of the subsystem from clients, making the subsystem easier to use.
  - a. Observer
  - b. Fecade
  - c. Creational
  - d. Singleton
- 123.language allows short circuiting.
  - a. Pascal
  - b. C
  - c. C++
  - d. ADA
- 124. Dynamic memory allocation is done from internal memory storage called---.
  - a. Cache
  - b. Pool
  - c. VRam
  - d. Boot Memory
- 125. Context level diagram is also known as----
  - a. 0-level DFD
  - b. 1-level DFD
  - c. 2-level DFD

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	d. 3-level DFD
126.	Unit testing process is done by stakeholder of the software.
	a. Project manger
	b. Customer
	c. Software
	d. <mark>Developer</mark>
127.	The number of paths in a program that contains loops tends to
	a. Finite
	b. Infinity
	c. Limited
	d. Countable
128.	UML is among different which are used for documenting the object
	riented design.
	a. Reports
V	b. Documents
d.	c. Notations
7	d. SRS
129.	White box testing is performed to test the of the
pı	rogram
a.	Logic
b.	Structure page 198
c.	Flow
	Syntax
	Some bit field members are stored:
	• left to right
	• right to left
	• in circular array  a. only (1) is true
	b. Only (ll) is true
	c. Only (III) is true
	d. e. Both (I) and (II) are true page 183
131.	<ul> <li>a. only (1) is true</li> <li>b. Only (ll) is true</li> <li>c. Only (lll) is true</li> <li>d. e. Both (l) and (II) are true page 183</li> </ul> In order to write a portable code which of the following guideline will not
	e helpful:
	a. Stick to the standards
	b. Program in the mainstream
	c. Size of data types
	d. Using vendor specific language extensions
132.	is qualitative benefit of Unit Testing

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a. Repeatability
b. Confidence building page 207
c. Bounded code
d. Cost effectiveness
133. In order to development life cycle. Instead of using vendor specific
language extensions, use as much as possible
a. STL page 179
b. ANSI
c. ISO
d. CMM
u. Civiivi
134. In system development life cycle, defects cannot enter into the program
during phase.
a. Requirement
b. Design
c. Coding
d. Implementation page 209  135andare important short circuiting logical operators.
a. AND b. OR c. NOTd. NOR
a. <b>a &amp; b pae 173</b> b. b&c
c. c&d
d. a & c.
testing isolates every part of the program and shows that
the individual parts are correct.
a. White Box
b. Black Box
c. Unit Google
d. System
d. System  137 is not a white box testing technique.  a. Statement Coverage
a. Statement Coverage
h Branch Coverage

d. State Transition Coverage page 202
138. Chip level testing for hardware is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_

c. Path Coverage

c. Unit testing page 207

a. White Boxb. Black Box

d. System testing
139. For equivalence partitions, we divide the problem inobvious categories.
a. <mark>Two</mark>
b. Four
c. Five
d. Six
140. Which rewritten form of above line of code is more in line with the
self-documentation philosophy than the code above?
a. $x = false$
b. $x = NULL$
c. $X = 0.0$ ; page 169
d. $x = '\0'$
141. One of the main reasons to make functions is
a. Reliability
b. Reusability page171
c. Maintainability
d. Efficiency
142. 80/20 rule states that:
a. you spend 80 percent of your time in 20 percent of the
code page 177
b. you spend 20 percent of your time in 80 percent of the code
c. We should try to optimized 80 percent or at least 20 percent of the
code
d. We should try to optimized 20 percent or at least 80 percent of the
code
143identifies which statements in a method or class have been executed.
a. Method Coverage
b. Statement Coverage
c. Class Coverage
d. Branch Coverage
144.Insystem's internal implementation details are not visible to
the tester.
a. White Box Testing
b. Gray Box Testing
c. Black Box Testing page 198
d. Both White Box Testing & Gray Box Testing

145.	Verification a	and validation	n are the proc	esses in which of the	we check a	ı
us	ing it					
	a. specifica	tions argume				
	<mark>c. specific</mark> a	<mark>itions, expect</mark>	tations	pag	<mark>ge 192</mark>	
		ts, arguments		HIA.		
146.	Objective of	is to s	how that the	program does n	ot work	
	a. Requirer	nents		TIV	17	
	b. Design			100	211	1
126	c. Coding				1	12
	d. testing	I	oage 196			( / x
147.				simply called ra	ising or	_an error
a.	Catching		\			
b.	Casting	7 A				NY A
	<b>Throwing</b>	I	page 184			
	Repress					_ Y
				with side effec	ts - functio	ns
th	at change the	values of the				
	a. Objects					
	b. Classes					
	c. Structure	es				
	d. <mark>Variabl</mark>					
B			unctions with s	<mark>ide effects — func</mark> t	tions that	
<u>cł</u>	ange the value	s of the param	eters. Page 170	<u>,                                    </u>		
140	The number	Oic 1	the most abuse	ed symbol in pro	orame writ	ten in C or
	++.		inost aous	od symbol in pro	Stains will	
a.	VV.				- 11	
	0	r	page169	1	011	
		1/1/	3	1 - (		

c. 2 \_is a creative activity while\_\_\_ d. 3 \_\_\_\_is a destructive activity. 150.

- a. Development, Testing
- b. Testing, Development
- c. Validation, Verification
- d. Verification, Validation
- 151. Testing individual components independent of other components is called:

a.	Unit testing	page 189		
b.	Module testing			
c.	Subsystem testing			
d.	System testing			
	-	gical operators o	can be evaluated only from	m
	Right to left		W 50	
	Left to right	page173	LI TX.	
	Top to bottom	LL	II I Mo.	
	Bottom to top		TIV.VD.	
		gram may	if there are exceptional	l paths in it
	Decrease			
	Increase	page 185		11.
	Remain same			(/A
100	Cutback	aggar alwaydd alw	vova and vvith a	atatam aut
134.	In the switch statement, a. Switch	cases should alw	ays end with a	_statement.
NA.				
4	b. Go c. <b>Break</b>	page 16	7	3 \ V
	d. Stop	page 10		
155.	Cyclomatic complexity	measures the lo	pical complexity	
155.				
	a. Quantitatively	page 20	<mark>3</mark>	
	b. Qualitatively			
	c. Creditably			
	d. Worthily			
156.	The size of		a significant role in making	ing the
pı	rogram easy or difficult t			
a.	<b>Function</b>	page 17		
	Object		1 - 1D. COIII	
	data type		101/	
a.	none of the above		100	
	_depicts programming in	structions that do	not have branching	
01	r any control information		110	
<mark>a.</mark>	Sequence	page 200		
	IF			
	While			
	Case			
158.	for $(i = 0, col = 0; i < 27;$	i++.j++)		

157.

In the above	line of the code	e 27 is representing
a. Real	Numbers	
b. Mag	ic Numbers	page 167
c. Const	tant Numbers	
d. Positi	ive Numbers	
159. The p	rocess that invo	lves verification of product with respect to its written
requiren	nents is called _	THE CLEAN
a.	Maintenance	
b.	Debugging	) I = IIV
	Development	10/7
d.	Testing	page 192
		ls its specifications but deviates from users expectation
		This means, software is verified but not
a.	Validated pa	age 192
b.	Corrected Checked	
c. d.	Traced	
\		the value of some other accessible data object along
	_	
Willi Iet	urning its value	after execution is called
a. S	hort Circuiting	
b. N	/Iodularity	
c. <mark>S</mark>	ide Effects	page 174
	Abstraction	
		'    e. Salary() > 10000)
		if (e.Title()=="CEO") is TRUE then
		ot evaluated page 185
	econd part is al	
	A A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	t also be TRUE
	The second second	ot evaluated but e.Salary ()is called
	~ T 1 A ~	wn the overall system (on the lookout for this error
flag) res	sponds by1	the error
a. Is	gnoring	· ullislicit
	Casting	
	Catching	page 184
	ass over	re.
164. Testir	ng of collection	of modules to discover interfacing problems
among i	nteracting mod	ules is called
3	-	

$\mathbf{A}$	L-J	UNAID INSTITUTE GROUP
	a. U	nit testing
		Iodule testing
		ubsystem testing page 198
		rstem testing
165.	Const	ant values used in the program are
ca	alled	
a.	Real	Numbers
b.	Magi	c Numbers page 168
		ant Numbers
		ve Numbers
G.	1 Obiti	vo i valliocis
100	ام لام	11 1:00 1
	A	elds are a convenient way to express many difficult operations.
ζ. ₩		r, bit fields suffer from one problem
1		Lack of usability
N.Y		Lack of security
7	c.	Lack of performance
Y	d.	Lack of portability page 183
167.	Comn	na (,) is very dangerous because
	a.	Compiler does not recognize this symbol
	b.	It creates linkage problem
	c.	It causes side effects page 176
		It does not causes side effects
168.	Functi	on testing falls undertesting technique
	a.	White Box
	b.	Black Box
	<b>c.</b>	Unit page 207
1.00	d.	System
169.		reatest advantage of exception handling is its ability to handle:
	a.	Asynchronous errors page 184
	b.	Syntax errors Management
	c. d.	Syntax errors Memory errors Control Structure errors
170		Control Structure errors
170.	hole is	integrating subsystems into a system, and then testing this system as a
W	a.	Unit testing
	a. b.	Component testing
	c.	Subsystem testing
	d.	System testing  System testing
	u.	System testing

# AL-JUNAID INSTITUTE GROUP 171 struct packed struct f

1/1. struct packed_struct{
unsigned int
f1:1; } pack;
11.1, } pack,
Here in "packed_struct":
a. value of $f1 = 1$
b. size of $f1 = 1$ bit page 183
c. value of f1 should not exceede 1
d. None of given options
172. The C/C++ language has not specified whetheris arithmetic or
logical.
<pre>a. Right shift &gt;&gt;</pre>
c. &&
d.
173. There are basic coding structures.
a. One
b. Two
c. Three
d. Four page 200
174. In control can take either of several branches.
a. IF
b. While
c. Case statement page 201
d. Sequence
175cause major portability issues
a. Loops
<ul> <li>a. Loops</li> <li>b. Bugs in code</li> <li>c. Sizes of data types page 179</li> <li>d. Conditional Structures</li> </ul>
d. Conditional Structures
176. A good program must containinfeasible paths.
a. <mark>0 page 206</mark>
b. 1
c. N
d. Infinite
177. We do not use flow graphs to
a. Show flow of data

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h	Dagarika dagisiana		

b. <mark>Describe decisions</mark>
c. Show Control in an application
d. Describe different coding structures
178. The order in which bytes of one word are stored isdependent
a. <mark>Hardware page 181</mark>
b. Software
c. Language
d. syntax
179is the starting point, base document for both testing and the
development
a. Software code
b. Test case document
c. Software architecture document
d. Functional specification document page196
180. if a major rework is required to translate a program written for
one environment to another, it means code is not or less
a. Secure
b. Bug Free
c. platform dependent
d. Portable page 179
181. Which of the following is the correct path for the code:
181. Which of the following is the correct path for the code.
If(a%b=0)   1
C=a+b; 2
C=a+b; 2
Cout< <c; 3<="" td=""></c;>
a. 1-2-3-1 (S) (3) (4-1659) 94
d. 1-2-3-1 b. 1-3-2 c. 1-2-3 d. 2-3-1
c. 1-2-3
d. 2-3-1
182. Switch statement is equal tostatement.
a. if
b. if-else
c. nested if
d. if-else if page 167
183. Exception handling provides
a. Portability mechanism

1/2

- b. Code Usability mechanism
- c. Error Handling mechanism page 184
- d. Both Portability & Code Usability mechanism
- 184. Unit Testing will be done by
  - a. Testers
  - b. End Users
  - c. Customer
  - d. Developers page 207
- 185. Which type of testing is not concerned with how the inputs are transformed into outputs?
  - a. White Box
  - b. Gray Box
  - c. Black Box page 198
  - d. Both White Box & Gray Box
- 186. Consider the following statement: int a,b=10; Which of the following is correct?
  - a. variable "a" is initialized to
  - b. Variable "b" is initialized to 10
  - c. Both variables "a" and "b" are initialized to 10
  - d. variables cannot be initialized this way
- 187. Software \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the process of examining the software product against its requirements.
  - a. Testing page 192
  - b. Debugging
  - c. Exception handling
  - d. Fixing
- 188. The idea behind exception handling is to raise some error flag every time
  - a. The code compiles
  - b. The code links

	c.	Memory is allocated
	d.	Something goes wrong page 184
189.		Bit fields allow the packing of data in a structure, using Bit fields we
ca	ın:	
a.	Re	<mark>ad 9 bit integers page 182</mark>
		roid memory leakages
		oid memory overflow
d.	Av	oid syntax errors
190.		is a tool that can help us in reducing the size of individual
fu	ncti	
a.	-	neritance
		odularity page 170
		sociation
D	- 10	straction
191.	_	and are two important tools that helps in managing the
		am complexity
		mposition, Inheritance
		ostraction, Encapsulation page 170
	_	gregation, Inheritance
		odularity, Composition
	A p illed	ath through a program which is never traversed for any input data is
Ca	a.	Dependent path
	а. b.	Independent path
	c.	Infeasible path page 206
	d.	Feasible path
	u.	1 custote putit
193.	Wh	en a small set of functions (which use each other) is so overwhelmingly
		ttleneck, there are two alternatives:
	a.	use a better algorithm OR re-write the code page 177
	b.	debug the code OR place assertions in code
	c.	remove the functions OR add more functions
	d.	changed programming language OR compiler at least
	u.	changed programming language OK complier at least
194.	The	e first step in any OOA process model is to
a.	bui	ild an object-relationship model
		fine collaborations between objects
		cit customer requirements Page603
d.	sel	ect a representation language

195.	A necessary supplement to transform or transaction mapping needed to
	eate a complete architectural design is
	entity relationship diagrams
	the data dictionary
	processing narratives for each module Page422
	test cases for each module
	All comments should be written in
	English (Page 162)
	French
	C++
	JAVA
	Which test criteria should be applied in a phase of testing?
	functional validity
0	interface integrity
70. 3	correctness all of the given Page522
	The hardest single part of building a software system is deciding
	reciselyto build.
-	what (Page 17)
	How
	When
d.	Why
	In sequence Diagrams objects are organized in a line
	horizontal (Page 106)
	vertical
c.	horizontal and vertical
d.	none of the above
200.	Every view is potentially Hierarchical in this regard which of the view
	e Hierarchical?
	Functional View
	Development View
	Concurrency view
	Functional View Development View Concurrency view All of given (Page 125) Like analysis models, many different kinds of models are
	eveloped
	Architectural (Page 126)
	System
c.	C
a.	Logical

1 1	E OCTAIND IN STITLE ORGET
	Idea behind zero install architecture is to develop a system where no
in	stallation on the is needed.
	Client side (Page 130)
b.	Server Side
c.	Client & Server Side
d.	None of the all
203.	The construction is used to avoid errors.
a.	compilation (Page 157)
b.	runtime
	design time
d.	none of them
204.	Two tests are considered to be equivalent if it is believed that: if one
di	scovers a defect, the other probably will too, and if one does not discover
a	defect,
a.	the other probably may
Dec	none of them
C.	the other probably won't either Page 199
	the other probably will
205.	It was lady named who actually coin the term "bug" for
th	e fiest time.
	Elisay Chistopher
b.	Admiral Grace Hopper Page 213
c.	Ana Nicholson
	Jane Hopper
	Symptoms of logical errors are
	code is misbehaving
b.	Program doesn't crash, but the flow of program takes odd branches through
	the code.
c.	Results are the opposite
d.	
e.	
207.	First-hand accounts of the problem are always useful in Debugging
_	rocess.
a.	8
	False
208.	architecture elements are further divided into categories which in total
	·e
	2
	<b>Page 122</b>
c.	4

d 5

#### 209. Establishing responsibilities for objects includes

- a. Generalization Relationships
- b. Specialization Relationships
- c. all of the above
- d. identifying Association relationships Page 101
- 210. Source files can have the extension ----
  - a. .c++
  - *b.* .*C*
  - c. .cpp
  - d. all of the given Page 155
- 211. Which of the following is not a characteristic of software?
  - a. Software is tangible
  - b. A change to a piece of code may implicitly affect the functions of the rest of the code.
  - c. Software is configurable.
  - d. Software does not wear and tear.
- 212. Which of the following is a fact finding method?
  - a. Site visits
  - b. Prototyping
  - c. Study of similar systems
  - d. All of given

Seven common fact-finding methods (Sampling, Research, Observation, Questionnaires, Interviews, Prototyping, and Joint Requirements Planning) are introduced as a means to discover requirements.

- 213. The statements given below are associated with system development, testing and maintenance. Identify the correct statement from among them:
  - a. Some of the activities in the implementation phase are building individual system components, writing of programs and development of user interfaces.
  - b. The post implementation review is performed to see that the computer system is working.
  - c. None of Given
  - d. System development phase consists of a development phase and an implementation phase.
- 214. Quantitative methods for assessing the quality of proposed architectural designs are readily available.

a. True b. False 215. A decision table should be used a. to document all conditional statements b. to guide the development of the project management plan c. only when building an expert system d. when a complex set of conditions and actions appears in a component 216. Test cases should be designed long before testing begins. a. True **Page 467** b. False 217. Which of the following are characteristics of testable software? a. observability b. simplicity c. stability d. all of the given **Page 469** 218. Comparison testing is typically done to test two competing products as part of customer market analysis prior to product release. a. True b. False 219. By collecting software metrics and making use of existing software reliability models it is possible to develop meaningful guidelines for determining when software testing is done. a. True b. False 220. Configuration reviews are not needed if regression testing has been rigorously applied during software integration. a. True b. False 221. A change becomes ----- because of close presence of data and fucntions a. Localized Page 81 b. Private c. Global d. Accessible 222. Requirement engineering mainly deals with the ----- of the system Page 16 a. definition phase b. development phase

c. maintenance

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d.	none of the above	e	
223.	40-60% of all def	ects found in softw	vare projects can be traced back to
p	oor		
a	<b>Requirements</b>	Page 17	
b.	Design		
c.	Coding		
d.	Testing	TOTAL C	TTT -
224.	In the N-Tire Ar	chitecture the idea	is to enhance scalability and
	by distributing	both the data and	the application using multiple server
m	achines.		TIV.
a	<b>Performance</b>	Page 131	
b.	Efficiency		1 /2
c.	Usability		
d.	none of the all		
		s based on the	pattern.
CO	<b>Observer</b>	Page 140	
V 1	Structural		
	Behavioral		
	None of them		
			idual header files with the file name
	atching the		
	class	Page 155	
	method		
	object		
	none of the all		
			testing for hardware in
	_	tested thoroughly a	after manufacturing
	Circuit level	100204	
	Chip Level	Page 207	
	component level		011
	system level		
		V	hardware, with Built-in self testing:
		can be tested	3 nei
_	Freely	D 405	
b.	T V	Page 207	
	dependtly		
	completely	is the newed !	which tuomandans mussares is an
		_	which tremendous pressure is on
	_	ix the problem and	l make the system running again
a.	Uptime		

- b. Downtime Page 214
- c. Currentime
- d. Futuretimr
- 230. Which one of the given below is not a symptom of memory overrun?
  - a. Program crashes quite regularly after a given routine is called, that routine should be examined for a possible overrun condition.
  - b. If the routine in question does not appear to have any such problem the most likely cause is that another routine, called in the prior sequence, has already trashed variables or memory blocks.
  - c. Checking the trace log of the called routines leading up to one with the problem will often show up the error.
  - d. Compiler warnings. Page 220
- 231. Three tier architecture contains -----layers
  - a. Presentation
  - b. Application
  - c. Database
  - d. All of the above Page 131
- 232. Which of the following is a/are tool used in requirement analysis?
  - a. Flow Graphs
  - b. Data Flow Diagrams
  - c. Activity Networks
  - d. Module Dependency Diagrams
- 233. Consider the following comment. "The software which I bought won't run on windows and when it runs I can't use WORD at the same time". Which of the following do you think are violated by the newly bought software?
  - a. dependability, interchangeability
  - b. platform independence, interoperability
  - c. reliability, dependency
  - d. interoperability, reliability
- 234.....is a diagramming technique used to identify the types of objects in the system and the static relationships that exist among them?
  - a. Class Diagram
  - b. Document flow diagrams
  - c. Data flow diagrams
  - d. Flow charts
- 235. Which of the following interaction style best suit the design of an interface for visually impaired users?
  - a. direct manipulation Page 469
  - b. direct manipulation

- c. natural language
- d. command line
- 236. Which of the following testing involve purely black box testing?
  - a. unit testing, beta testing
  - b. acceptance testing, interface testing
  - c. beta testing, acceptance testing
  - d. integration testing, interface testing
- 237. What are the three generic phases of software engineering?
  - a. definition, development, support

Page 96

- b. what, how, where
- c. programming, debugging, maintenance
- d. analysis, design, testing
- 238. In the context of requirements analysis, partitioning results in the elaboration of data, function, or behavior.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 239. In refining the DFD during transaction mapping it is unnecessary to create a PSPEC since only the CSPEC is relevant to this type of architectural style.
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 240. In transaction mapping the first level factoring results in
  - a. creation of a CFD
  - b. derivation of the control hierarchy
  - c. distribution of worker modules
  - d. refinement of the module view
- 241. Variable names must be in mixed case starting with upper case.
  - a. True
  - b. False

- 242. Class variables should be declared public. This concept violates which of the following.
  - a. Information hiding
  - b. Encapsulation
  - c. Information hiding and Encapsulation Page 158
  - d. None of given
- 243. Real-time applications add a new and potentially difficult element to the testing mix
  - a. performance
  - b. reliability

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c. security d. time			

c.	security	
d.	time Page	<mark>498</mark>
244.	Top-down integra	ntion testing has as it's major advantage(s) that
a.	low level modules	s never need testing
<mark>b.</mark>	major decision poi	nts are tested early
c.	no stubs need to be	e written
	none of the given	TOTO TE
245.	is Authorized, ass	ess Performance, get item for UPC, get cashier for
nu	mber, are the exa	mples of
a.	Services	Page 102
	Attributes	
	Links	
	None of the above	
AG		iew describes the organization of the softwar
	its development e	
Oh. 1	Static .	Page 122
	Dynamic	
	Still	
	Static & Dynamic	
247.	Hungarian Notati	on was first discussed by Charles Simonyi of
_	C	D 140
	Microsoft.	Page 149
	Oracle	
	Apple Macintosh None of the all	
		s not specify whether is signed or unsigned
	Char	s not specify whether is signed or unsigned Page 181
	integer	1 age 101
	double	00304-1659794
	constant	100012
		sible execution paths can exist in simple code in a
	nguage that allow	
a.	<b>Exceptions</b>	Page 185 mghel
	defects	11115116
c.	errors	
	all of them	
		ne by which of the teams in Software Development

250. Bugs Fixing is done by which of the tean lifecycle?
a. Development Team Page 196
b. Testing Team

c.	Analysis & Design	Team	
d.	. Process Team		
251.	Software Bugs hav	e multiple nan	nes, Which one of the below is not the
na	ame of Software Bu	gs	
	Bugs		
b.	. Defects		
	Errors	THE PARTY	CIT -
	- 10 10	Page 213	L H I A z
252.			trace is a very useful tool.
a.		Page 226	
	. False		
253.	Stakeholders are d	ifferent people	who would be interested in the
			- X / X
A		Page 24	
b.	•		
On 7	Product	A	
	All of the given		
			dvantage(s) of object oriented analysis
	design over structu		
	Ease of modeling r	eai worid event	S
	. Reusability		
	Maintainability		
	. All of given  The two main deep	imants produa	ad during this phase are Dequirement
		-	ed during this phase are Requirement cation. They are also called
	tatement and Kequi Requirement Definit		
	. Functional Specific		Page 25
	. Mathematical spec		1 ( 5 0 2 0 4
	System Specification		-1659794
	. None of the given		10
	_	ode that explai	ns itself without the need of comments
	nd extraneous docu		100
	. Self-documenting		ge 147) PIP
b.	. Self-telling Code	2.111	0110
	Self-Documenting	Design	
	. None of the above	C	
257.	Bugs that won't "s	tand still" (aln	ost random) are the to deal
	rith.	`	•
a.	least difficult		
b.	. most difficult	Page 226	

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- c. very easy
- d. easy

258. Association is a type of relation

- a. Weak OOP, 49
- b. Stronger
- c. Normal
- d. None of above
- 259. Bugs that won't (almost random) are the-----to deal with.
  - a. stand still

Page 226

- b. Dynamic
- c. Static
- d. None of above
- 260. CRUD include following:
  - a. Creat
  - b. Update
  - c. Read
  - d. All of above

- 261. Project ----- defines the concept and range of the proposed solution, and limitations identify certain capabilities that the product will not include
  - a. Scope Page 30
  - b. Agreement
  - c. Plan
  - d. None of the given
- 262. The cyclomatic complexity metric provides the designer with information regarding the number of
  - a. Cycles in the program
  - b. Errors in the program
  - c. Independent logic paths in the program
  - d. Statements in the program
- 263. Which of the followings is not a testing type?
  - a. Subsystem testing
  - b. Alpha testing
  - c. Beta Testing
  - d. Gamma Testing Page 198
- 264. Which of the items listed below is not one of the software engineering layers?
  - a. Process
  - b. **Manufacturing**
  - c. Methods

- d. Tools
- 265. Which piece of code is self-documented?
  - a. if (x==0) // this is the case when we are allocating a new number
  - b. if (AllocFlag == 0)
  - c. If (AllocFlag == NEW\_NUMBER) Page 148
  - d. None of the given

#### 266. UML (unified modeling language) analysis modeling focuses on the

- a. Behavioral model and environment model.
- b. Behavioral model and implementation model.
- c. user model and environmental model
- d. user model and structural model Page 604
- 267. What makes requirements elicitation difficult?
  - a. bounding scope
  - b. understanding user needs
  - c. requirements volatility
  - d. all of the above

Page 285

- 268. In the architecture trade-off analysis method the architectural style should be described using the
  - a. module view
  - b. process view
  - c. all of the given

Page 403

- d. data flow view
- 269. Which of these are objectives for software testing?
  - a. determine the productivity of programmers
  - b. eliminate the need for future program maintenance
  - c. eliminate every error prior to release
  - d. uncover software errors

- 270. In software quality assurance work there is no difference between software verification and software validation
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 271. Top-down integration testing has as it's major advantage(s) that
  - a. low level modules never need testing
  - b. major decision points are tested early
  - c. no stubs need to be written
  - d. none of the given

			isks associated with inadequate
	_		that risk is
	Ambiguous requireme		Page 20
	Creeping Requirements		
	Minimal Specification		
d.	None of the above		
		TUTE	TITLE
273.	Interaction Diagrams d	lepict the	Behavior of the system
a.	7 III. III. II	F TT	-11 1 V C
	<b>Dynamic</b>	Page 106	
	Active		
70	None of the above		34.7%
	_	events are o	rganized in atime line
A	Vertical	D 106	
70. 1	<b>Horizontal</b>	Page 106	
CO	Vertical & Horizontal		
( r	None of the above		
			a set of cooperative classes that make
		a system	
	Code	D 400	
	Design	Page 138	
	Analysis		
	none of the all		
		_	able, Instead of using vendor specific
	nguage extensions, use -		auch as possible
	STL	Page 179	
	ANSI		
	ISO		
	CMMI	JUT	
	Performance & Usabili	ty are exam	ples of
	quirements		shelp.col
	Business	11	LaD.
	Functioanl	D 20	SHEIF
<b>c.</b>	Non-Functioanl	Page 39	
	User	1 64	1
	•		ware application is in the
	-		cycle cost is attributed towards the
			re application after installation
	20 % 25 %	Page	214)
D.	25 %		

<u> </u>		L-JUNAID INSTITUTE GROUP
		30%
		35%
27		Bugs that won't "" (almost random) are the most difficult
		deal with.
		stand still Page 226
		dynamic
		running
		stand tall
28		If you are initializing a variable at the time of declaration, do not
		clare anotherin the same statement.
		variable Page 176
		object
		class
4		None of given
28		During Requirement Engineering process which of the following is/are
S.		ocument(s) used for fact finding?
79		Company's employee list
Y		Samples of the company databases
		The company's mission statement and plan
		All of given
28		Object-oriented domain analysis is concerned with the identification
		d specification of reusable capabilities within an application domain.
		True
		False
28		Fourth generation techniques
		Allow software to be developed without any testing.
		Eliminate the need for costly requirements gathering activities.
		Can reduce the time required to develop software. Page 73
		Are best used by non-programmers to build small systems
28		Data design actually begins during the creation of the analysis model, not the
		chitectural model.
		True page397 False
28		The states shown in a state transition diagram do not necessarily correspond
	to	the processes shown in a control flow diagram for the same system.
	a.	puges
		False
28	6.	The criteria used to assess the quality of an architectural design should be

based on system

a. accessibility and reliability page404

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- b. data and control
- c. functionality
- d. implementation details
- 287. A useful technique for evaluating the overall complexity of a proposed architecture is to look at the component
  - a. number and size of components
  - b. flow dependencies and sharing dependencies Page 406
  - c. size and cost
  - d. none of the given
- 288. The three basic principles that guide maintainability are: simplicity, clarity, and
  - a. **Generality**

Page 146

- b. Reliability
- c. All of the given choices
- 289. In order to make a program self-documented a number of attributes required. Which one is the attribute/s of self-documented program
  - a. All of the given choices

**Page 147** 

- b. Size of each function
- c. Choice of variable
- 290. Floating point constants should always be written with decimal point and at least
  - a. one decimal

- b. two decimal
- c. three decimal
- 291. The code becomes self-explanatory with the help of proper use of parentheses. Select the right one.
  - a. leapYear = year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0;
  - b. leapYear = ((year % 4 == 0) && (year % 100 != 0) || ((year % 400 == 0));
  - c. leapYear = ((year % 4 == 0) && (year % 100 != 0)) || (year % 400 == 0); Page 164
  - d. leap Year = (year % 4 == 0) && (year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0);
- 292. Graph-based testing methods can only be used for object-oriented system
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 293. A class is a----- of objects
  - a. Template page85
  - b. Stereotype
  - c. Collection
  - d. None of above

# AL-JUNAID INSTITUTE GROUP 294 A public Interface provides a way for with other Classes

294.	A public Interface provides a way for with other Classes.
a.	Communication
<b>b</b> .	Accessibility
	Reaching
	All of the above
295.	Software architecture defines the high level structure of the software b
	tting together a number of architecturalin an organized
_	shion.
	Elements Page 122
b.	Parts
c.	Components
	None of all
70	Patterns are devices that allow programs to share knowledge about
	eir
a.	Design Page 137
70. 3	Code
C.	Analysis
	None of all
297.	Type conversions must always be done
	Explicitly Page 158
b.	Implicitly
c.	Simultaneously
d.	None of them
<b>298.</b> 7	Types that areto one file only can be declared inside that file
a.	Local page158
b.	Global
	Private
	General
<b>299.</b> 7	The use of do while loops should be
a.	Avoided page 159  Encouraged  Practiced  None of them  One of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the portability issues is the order of the causes of the cause
	Encouraged
	Practiced
	None of them
	One of the causes of the portability issues is the order of varies from one plementation to other.
-	Evaluation page181
_	Numbers
	Variables
	Symbols
	The goal of testing is to exposedefects in a software system before it is put to
use	

- a. Latent page193
- b. Already present
- c. Current
- d. Runtime
- 302. In the N-tier architecture, the idea is to enhance scalability and ----- by distributing both the data and the application using multiple server machines.
  - a. Usability
  - b. Performance page # 134
  - c. Interoperability
  - d. None
- 303. In case of a file servers, client requests selected records from a ..... and the server transmits records to client over the network.
  - a. Local memory
  - b. Network
  - c. Database
  - d. File page #132
- 304. Alpha testing is:
  - a. Testing individual components independent of other components
  - b. Testing a collection of dependent components
  - c. Validation against user expectations
  - d. Acceptance testing for customized projects, in-house testing for products page#201
- 305. This code uses the % operator to set the rear pointer to 0 once it has reached
  - a. Min-Size
  - b. Max-Size Page 169
  - c. Both
  - d. None
- 306. Which of these represents the Krutchen's 4+1 architectural view model?
  - a. Logical view, Process view, Physical view, Development view, Use case view
  - b. Logical view, Dynamic view, Physical view, Development view, User case view
  - c. Logical view, Process view, Physical view, Development view, Sequence view
  - d. Dynamic view, Process view, Physical view, Development view, Use case view
- 307. Vertical participation divides the architecture application from a making perspective.
  - a. Decision
  - b. Design
  - c. Conclusion
  - d. Move
- 308. Anti- Patterns is another concept that corresponds to common in analysis and design.
  - a. Mistake
  - b. Issues
  - c. Problems
  - d. All of the given
- 309. block of error-sensitive code with exception handling is called
  - a. Trying to execute a block
- 310. Which function throw for several reasons but all that matters for this function is whethere

a.	. Title ()		
311.	The best reason for using Indepe	ndent software	test teams is that
a.	Software developers do not	need to do a	<mark>ny testing</mark>
b.	Strangers will test the software r	nercilessly	
c.	Testers do not get involved with	the project until	l testing begins
d.	The conflicts of interest between	developers and	testers is reduced
312.	is intended to defin	e a many to mar	ny relationship between objects so that
W	hen		T -
a.		ependents are n	otified and updated automatically.
	Observer Pattern		
	Facade Pattern		TIV.
	Singleton Pattern		10/7
e.	Joint Pattern		4/7
313.	Secondary private classes can be	declared as	and reside in the file of the
	lass		
	Asynchronous Classes		
		AGE158	
d.	3		
314.	The construction should appear		of the header file.
a. To	op P/	AGE 160	
b. B	ottom		
c. Le	eft		
d. Ri	ight		
315.	Modularity is a tool that can help	us in	the size of individual functions.
a.	<i>\topia</i>		
b.	Reducing PA	AGE 173	
c.	Increasing		
d.	Strengthening		
316.	Abstraction and encapsulation and	re two important	t tools that can help in managing and
m	nastering theof a prog	ram.	
a.	Usability		
b.		age173	117274
c.	Understandability		113
d.	Reliability		101/
317.	Understandability Reliability Which of the following is/are No a. Requirement analysis b. Architecture design	OT one of the un	nbrella activities?
	a. Requirement analysis	1220 01	10/1/
		111151	1011
	c. Test case development		
	d. All of the given options		
318.	<b>7</b> 1	ssages which Se	quence Diagrams Depict
a.	Asynchronous		
b.	Synchronous		
c.	Create		
d.	Update	Page 111	

319.	Identifying Whole-Part structures (Aggregations) means, what are my
<mark>a.</mark>	Components PAGE 98
b.	Structures
c.	Modules
d.	Interaction Protocols
320.	The design process for identifying the sub-systems making up a system and the
F1	ramework for sub-system control and communication is:
<mark>a.</mark>	Architectural Design PAGE 118
b.	Interface Design
c.	Component Design
d.	Data Design
321.	Component Design Data Design A complex System evolves from a Smaller system Simpler system (GOOG) Bigger system Medium system A context diagram
a.	Smaller system
b.	Simpler system (GOOG)
	Bigger system
d.	Medium system
	A context diagram
a.	Describes the context dependencies of a system
	Is a DFD which gives an overview of the system (Conceptual)
	Is a detailed description of a system
d.	Is not used in drawing a detailed DFD
323.	When measure of independence of a module or component is low to the other, How
	ould changes in one component have effect on other component?
a.	No
	Low
C.	High (Conceptual)
d.	Equal
324.	What is meant by the term 'software crisis'?
a.	
	A situation in which experienced developers leave the company
C.	Inability of new software to inter-operate with existing software
	(Conceptual)
d.	A situation in which large scale software projects took more time and budget than was
	planned
325.	
ar	nd efficiently.
a.	Functions  PAGE 202
b.	Classes I ACL 202
c.	Objects
d.	Interfaces
326.	requirements are often called product features.
a.	Functional
b.	Business
c.	User Non-finational
d.	Non-functional
<i>521</i> .	Many compilers limit the maximum number of bits in the bit field to the size of a(n)

	•				
	Integer	PAGE186			
	Float				
	Character				
	Double				
	In Java, ">>" is used:		shift and ">>>" for	shift.	
	Arithmetic, Logica		PAGE 184		
	Mathematical, Logica		TOTT	_	
	Incremental, Arithme	tic	HUH	I N -	
	Logical, Arithmetic	<b>N I L</b>		1/1/1000	
329.					
	ystems developed by different parties.				
a.	20	_		4/7	
- 27	Reference archited	cture	PAGE 137	3//	
	Layered architecture				
7263 736	N-tier architecture	. // /-			
	Testing activities require destructive instincts in for the purpose of breaking				
	system to discover loopholes into its functionality.				
a.	Bug Fixers		DA OF 400		
	Tester Tester		PAGE 198		
	Developer				
	Requirement Enginee				
	331. In presence of bug in a program, the results are the opposite of what is				
	spected.				
	Memory Leak				
	Memory Over-runs				
	Syntax Error		Page 221		
	Logical Error	a is a man fiv		et of a wakaita which salls sange?	
				nt of a website which sells songs?	
	A catalogue of the stock needs to be available for the users to choose from Customer information should be retained to allow future transactions easier				
b.	Users should be able to choose from a set of different languages for the interface				
	Time taken to download songs in the catalogue should not irritate users				
u.	(CONCEPTUAL)	moad Song	is in the catalogi		
333.	The state transition di	agram		10.CO111	
333. a.			objects	201/	
	Depicts relationships between data objects  Depicts functions that transform the data flow				
	Indicates how data are transformed by the system (CONCEPTUAL)				
d.	Indicates system reactions to external events				
334.	Comments are not syn		nar evenus		
a.	TRUE		E 165		
b.	FALSE	1710	L 105		
		nat can heln u	s in increasing the	size of individual functions making	
335. Modularity is a tool that can help us in increasing the size of individual functions, making them less readable.					
a.	True				
b.	False	PAG	E 173		
0.	1 4100		<u></u>		

- 336. Modules with high cohesion and low coupling can be treated and analysed as
  - a. White boxes
  - b. black boxes Page 75
  - c. grey boxes
  - d. none of these
- 337. While establishing the services for an object, the following fundamental questions should be asked:
  - a. Why does the system need this object anyway?
  - b. What useful questions can it answer?
  - c. What useful action can it perform?
  - d. All of the given options.
- 338.is a role that each actor plays in the system under consideration.
  - a. An act
  - b. A participant PAGE 96
  - c. A function
  - d. None of the given
- 339. Any Engineering approach must be founded on organizational commitment to ----
  - a. Cost
  - b. Scheduling
  - c. Quality Page 115
  - d. Performance
- 340. Return values in synchronous massages are:
  - a. Compulsory
  - b. May not used when response is obvious
  - c. Not used at all
  - d. Represented by solid lines
- 341. According to Caper Jhones analysis of project activities, coding only has -----affect part in system development.
  - a. 13-14%
  - b. 36-40%
  - c. 50-60%
  - d. 70-80%
- 342. Following are some statements associated with data flow diagrams. Identify the correct statement from among them.
  - a. DFDs are used to model complex interfaces.
  - b. DFDs are used to represent only functional processing, data stores and data movements between functions.
  - c. DFDs depict only processes which can be decomposed.
  - d. DFDs do not show external data sources and external data sinks.
- 343. A project is considered successful if:
  - a. The system was delivered in time and within budget.
  - b. The system meets at least some of the customer's requirements.
  - c. The system development process has a maximum impact on the ongoing business process.
  - d. Minimum time was spent for requirement gathering and designing.

- 344. A memory leak bug is one in which memory is somehow allocated from either the operating system or an -----"pool", but never deallocated when the memory is finished being used
  - a. Mixed memory
  - b. External memory
  - c. Internal Memory

- d. Mutually exclusive memory
- 345. Control flow diagrams are:
  - a. Needed to model event driven systems
  - b. Required for all systems
  - c. Used in place of data flow diagrams
  - d. Useful for modeling user interfaces

