AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q1: Which event combines information from independent touch devices updating simultaneously and package data inan easy-to-consume form?

Answer:

startupdatinglocation and stopupdatinglocation

Q2: when we set filter property to null, what will happen?

Answer:

To undo filtering, you can set the Filter property to null:

Nothing will happen Filer:{category:null}

Q3: Selectors and declarations are two blocks of which website layer?

Answer:

A CSS rule set consists of a selector and a declaration block:

H1 {color:blue; font-size:12px;}

H1 is selector

The selector points to the HTML element you want to style.

The declaration block contains one or more declarations separated by semicolons.Each declaration includes a property name and a value, separated by a colon.

Q4: Write syntax to create instance of XMLHttpRequest?

Answer:

Xmlhttp = new
XMLHttpRequest();
xmlhttp.open("GET","ajax_info.tx
t",true); xmlhttp

Q5: How you refresh current page in WPF Navigation based application?

Answer: This.navigationservice.Refresh();

Q6: Name and Explain two categories of binary's resources?

Answer:

Resource: embed resources into the assembly

Content: This leaves resources as loose files and upon compilation this resource information is notembedded into assembly

Q7: Enlist three benefits of ObjData Provider?

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Answer: By utilizing the XML or Object data providers, we can bind to different types of objects inour applications

ObjectDataProvider provides a convenient way to create and use objects as binding source objects inXAML

ObjectDataProvider enables you to create your object in XAML and make it available as a binding source. It provides the following properties that enable you to execute a query on your object and bindto the results.

Use the ConstructorParameters property to pass parameters to the constructor of your object. Use the MethodName property to call a method and use the MethodParameters property to passparameters to the method. You can then bind to the results of the method.

Q8: Ajax is interaction of which type of technologies?

Answer:
Ajax interactions can be used to do things such as validate form entries (while the user is enteringthem) using server-side logic, retrieve detailed data from the server, dynamically update data on apage, and submit partial forms from the page.

Q9: Describe purpose of using navigation in page in one line? And how we perform navigation?

Answer: Navigation means managing the current item, not the other kind of nav. navigation in threemain ways: Calling the Navigate method, Using Hyperlinks, Using the journal.

Q10: Write Output:
msbuild/t:updateuidProjectName.csProj
LocBaml/parseProjectName_g_en_US.resources/
out:-US-csvAnswer:
msbuild /t:updateuid ProjectName.csproj
running this gives every object element in every XAML file in the project on x:Uid directive with aunique value and
LocBaml /parse ProjectName.g.en-US.resources /out:en-US.csv
this generate a simple .csv file containing all the property values you should need to localize
Q11: When browser sends request to web server, in which formats server sends back information toweb server? Give 4 examples?

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Answer:

Web servers receive request and responds as Html, plain text and XML, JSON

Q12: Ali wants to bind the entire set of XML data to Tree n Menue write the code?

Answer:

Text="{Binding Source={x:Reference treeview}, Path=selecteditem.Header}"
<xmldataprovider x:Key="dataprovider" xpath="gamestats">

If you want to bind to xml tree.

<xmldataprovider x:Key="dataprovider" xpath="gamestats" Source="gamestats.xml"/>
<Label Content="{Binding Source={staticresource
dataprovider},Xpath=gamestat/highscore,
Path=outerxml}"/>

Q13: How to localize binary resource. Write code.

Answer: localizing binary resources. Can partition into satellite assembly and use locbaml to managestring localization. To spec. A default culture and auto. Build a satellite assembly, you can to set uiculture. Need to open project file in a text ed. Add under debug, release etc. Or where it effects all prop. If you rebuild your project with this setting in place, youll find an en-US folder alongside yourassembly, containing the satellite assembly named assemblyname.resources.dll. Also mark assemblywith the neutral resource language matching.
<Project >
<propertygroup>
<uiculture>en-US</uiculture>
[assembly:
neutralresourceslanguage("en-US",
Ultimateresourcefallbacklocation.S
atellite)]
Next, apply Uid directive to any element needing localization. Msbuild /t:updateuid projectname.csproj. Locbaml /parse projectname.g.en-US.resources /out:en-US.csv. Now edit and localize all strings. Locbaml /generate Project-Name.resources.dll /trans:fr-CA.csv /cul:fr-CA. Thencopy the assembly with a name matching the locale. To test, System.Threading.Thread.currentthread.currentuiculture (and System.Threading.Thread.currentthread.currentculture) to an instance of the desired

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

cultureinfo.

Q14: Which object is the core of Ajax?

Answer: GET or POST

The XMLHttpRequest object is a data transport object that is the core of AJAX

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q15: Write code of the property which tells the location manager n accuracy.

Answer: Distancefilter and desiredaccuracy properties.

```
// Create location manager object
Locationmanager= [[cllocationmanager
alloc] init];
// We want all results from the location manager
[locationmanager
setdistancefilter:kcldistancefilternone];
// And we want it to be as accurate as possible
// regardless of how much time/power it takes
[locationmanager
setdesiredaccuracy:kcllocationaccuracybest];
// Tell our manager to start looking for its location
immediately[locationmanager startupdatinglocation];
// This line may say self.window, don't worry
about that[[self window] makekeyandvisible];
Return YES;
}
```

Q16: Ali wants to select and hide all <p>tags from html. Give syntax for this in JavaScript andJQuery?

Answer:

```
var element =
document.getElementsByTagName("p"); for
(index = element.length - 1; index >= 0; index--)
{
element[index].parentNode.removeChild(element
[index]);
}
$(document).ready(function(){
$("button").Click(function(){
$("p").hide();
});
```

});

Q17: How we can implement content, like add pictures, change content in a page?

Answer: <listbox x:Name="picturebox"
Itemssource="{Binding Source={staticresource photos}}" >
</listbox >

The jquery simplifies all steps except that of changing the webpage simplest is load function whichloads HTML into an area of web page e.g. Load news in a div from a web server
$('#headlines').load('todays news.html'); can only load from same site... Relative urls possible to addonly a part $('#headlines').load('todays news.html #news');.

Q18:. How a server response to browser's request? Give at least 4 examples

Answer:
JS, server-side programming, and web browser, all work together. Web browser: xmlhttprequest object. Makes ajax possible. Talks to web server and get response. JS: sends request, waits for response, process response, updates web page. Web server: receives request and responds as HTML,plain text, XML, JSON. Or application server for more complicated tasks. Need web server for ajax examples.

Q19: binding

Answer: In last lecture, we discused data binding, binding object, markup extension, bind to any propwith inotifypropertychanged, target must be dependency property, bind to obj So no property path, binding to collection, issynchronized with current item, datacontext displaymemberpath, stringformat, datatemplate, valueconverter.

Q21: Choose selected data items i.e target items just like last 7 days pictures?

Answer: Filtering gives a property Filter of type Predicate¡Object¿. Its null by default e.g. Show onlyphotos from last 7 days.

Q22: Jquery code: $ ('li:has(a)') output ???

Answer:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

The code $('li:has(a)') matches a <li> if a <a> exists anywhere among its descendants, no just as adirect child.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q23: How can we present a window from automatically being activated when its is first show?

Answer: There are Activated & Deactivated events. Activate method (like setforegroundwindow).Showactivated=false, initially not shown

```
Public static void Main()
{
Mainwindow window =
new mainwindow();
Window.Show();
}
```

Q24: When it is preferable to use begininvoke then invoke?

Answer: Long running operations make application unresponsive. Because main thread used for rendering UI and responding to events. Start up worker thread and update UI when finished. But UI updation usually possible only on UI thread. So, forward the request to UI thread.(or marshal it). Lowlevel way is to call begininvoke or Invoke on the elements Dispatcher object. It takes a delegate and queues it on the UI thread. Invoke does same but then blocks until it is done. So you can return a value. But if you dont need begininvoke is better.

Q25: Identify client side languages and server side languages cold fusion, asp.net, java script and php?

Answer: Server-Side Coding
JS is a prog lang and can be used on server side. The document sent to the browser may often containclient-side scripts. ASP.NET, PHP, Java, ColdFusion, Perl, Python, and Ruby are examples of languages used for server-side coding.

Q26: What are the 2 problems of memory management in IOs?

Answer: Freeing or overwriting data that is still in use. This causes memory corruption, and typicallyresults in your application crashing, or worse, corrupted

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

user data.

Not freeing data that is no longer in use causes memory leaks. A memory leak is where allocated memory is not freed, even though it is never used again. Leaks cause your application to use ever- increasing amounts of memory, which in turn may result in poor system performance or (in iOS) your application being terminated.

Q27: Write the Properties
of touch point?
Answer:
TouchPoint has Position, Size, Bounds,
TouchDevice, Action(Down, Up, Move).

Q29: What is the technique used in Cocoa framework for memory management.

Answer:
Cocoa framework use reference counting model for memory management

Q30: When using navigation in WPF, content is typically organized in which element?

When using navigation in WPF, content is typically organized
in Page elements. Page elements can then be hosted in one of
two built-in navigation containers: NavigationWindow or
Frame.
These containers provide a way to navigate from one page to another, a "journal" that keeps track ofnavigation history, and a series of navigation-related events.

Q31: why we write navigation in one line line in a web page? syntax of navigation?

Answer: // Or navigate to a page via a URI
This.navigationservice.Navigate(new
Uri("photopage.xaml", urikind.Relative));
This.commandbindings.Add(new
commandbinding(applicationcommands.Help, helpexecuted,

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

helpcanexecuted));

Q32: Write properties of MousePoint?

Answer:

pageX page Y
screenX screenY

Q33: What is
"Command" in WPF?

Answer: Commands are a more abstract and loosely coupled version of events
e.g. cut copy paste commands. They are exposed in various ways. They can be
enabled disabled e.g. if there is nothing topaste.

Q34: identify Application commands and
component commands:close select to end
Help,find and Move to right
Answer:
Application commands: close , help, find

Component commands: move to right , select to end

Q36: how can we destroy an object in objective-C?

Answer:
     Set the variable referencing to that object to nil.
Or
Destroy using [array Instance release]; Should also array Instance = nil;
Otherwise dangling. butSending message to nil is ok. nil is like null

Q37: Does Java script have any connection with java or not. Give valid reason?

Answer:
No connection with java
Actually java was popular before invention of JavaScript The first name of
JavaScript was not

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

JavaScript....Due to popularity of java. that new language change its name to JavaScript

Q38: what is the other name of JavaScript?

Answer:
JS has nothing to do with Java, originally named LiveScript but renamed to associate with the then hotJava

Q39: Media Commands, Navigation Commands, Editing Commands, application commands andcomponents commands?
ApplicationCommands

e..g Close, Copy, Cut, Delete, Find, Help, New,
Open, Paste, Print, PrintPreview, Properties, Redo, Replace, Save, SaveAs,
SelectAll, Stop, Undo, andmore.
ComponentCommands

e.g. MoveDown, MoveLeft, MoveRight, MoveUp, ScrollByLine,
ScrollPageDown, ScrollPageLeft, ScrollPageRight, ScrollPageUp,
SelectToEnd, SelectToHome, SelectToPageDown, SelectToPageUp,and more.

MediaCommands

e.g. ChannelDown, ChannelUp, DecreaseVolume, FastForward,
IncreaseVolume, MuteVolume,Next-
Track, Pause, Play, PreviousTrack, Record, Rewind, Select, Stop, and more.

NavigationCommands

e.g. BrowseBack,
BrowseForward, BrowseHome, BrowseStop, Favorites, FirstPage, GoToPage,
LastPage, NextPage,PreviousPage, Refresh,
Search, Zoom, and more.

EditingCommands

e.g. AlignCenter, AlignJustify, AlignLeft, AlignRight, Correct-SpellingError, DecreaseFontSize, DecreaseIndentation, EnterLineBreak, EnterParagraphBreak,IgnoreSpellingError, IncreaseFontSize, IncreaseIndentation, MoveDownByLine, MoveDownByPage,MoveDownByParagraph, MoveLeftBy-Character, MoveLeftByWord, MoveRightByCharacter, MoveRightByWord, and more.

Q40 : Which element must be added to the project file to specify a default culturefor resources automatically build an appropriate satellite assembly?

Answer:

Build a satellite assembly, you can to set UICulture. Need to open project file in a text ed. add underdebug, release etc. or where it effects all prop.

Q41: Which data provider exposes.NET object as a data source?

Answer:

ObjectDataProvider exposes .net object as a data source.

Q42: **what is difference between hover() and toggle()?**

Answer:
Difference b/w hover() and toggle() is that toggle() works by clicking it on and off whereas hover()works just by positioning the mouse over it.

Q43: **Core Locations Framework contains which types of classes ?**

Answer: Page 218
Core Locations classes that enable finding geographical position. distanceFilter and desiredAccuracyproperties.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q44: when we preferred BeginInvoke instead of Invoke method?

Answer:
There are times when you want to invoke a delegate and wait for its execution to complete before thecurrent thread continues. In those cases the Invoke call is what you want.
In multi-threading applications, you may not want a thread to wait on a delegate to finish execution,especially if that delegate performs I/O (which could make the delegate and your thread block). In those cases the BeginInvoke would be useful.

Q45: what is difference between server Side programming and Client Side Programming? (3Marks)

Answer:
Server-side programming is the general name for the kinds of programs which are run on the Server.
Uses
     Process user input.
     Display pages.
     Structure web applications.
     Interact with permanent storage (SQL, files).
Much like the server-side, Client-side programming is the name for all of the programs which are runon the Client.
Uses
     Make interactive webpages.
     Make stuff happen dynamically on the web page.
     Interact with temporary storage, and local storage (Cookies, localStorage).
     Send requests to the server, and retrieve data from it.
     Provide a remote service for client-side applications, such as software registration, contentdelivery, or remote multi-player gaming.
Also check here for more detail

Q46: define iOS feature of Block and also provide its syntax? (3 Marks)

Answer:
Blocks are a new feature that was introduced in iOS 4.0 and Mac OSX 10.6.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Blocks can greatly simplify code. They can help you reduce code, reduce dependency on delegates, and write cleaner,more readable code.
A Block is a chunk of code that can be executed at some future time.
Blocks are first-class functions, which is a fancy way of saying that Blocks are regular Objective-Cobjects. Since they're objects, they can be passed as parameters, returned from methods and functions, and assigned to variables.
Syntax: return_type (^block_name)(param_type, param_type, ...)

Q47: Name of Touch Events only three?

- touchenter
- touchleave
- touchmove
- previewtouchmove
- touchdown
- touchup

Q48: write a not on Retain count and also its working and usage?

Answer:
"Retain count rules. Init, new, copy in name. Assume you own. Any other means. Assume in autorelease. If you dont own and want to make sure, call retain. No longer need and own than releaseor autorelease. When 0 count, dealloc called." - Direct from handbook, I have no idea what it means.

Q49: define in detail modes of data binding (5 marks)

Binding Modes:
    One-Way
    Two-Way
    OneWayToSource
    OneTime

One way : The target is updated whenever the source changes.
Two-Way Binding means change to either the target or source updates the other
OneWayToSource is the opposite of One-Way binding. the source is changed whenever the target changes.
One-Time binding is like one-way except changes to the source are not reflected at the target. The target retains a snapshot of the source at the time the Binding is initiated.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q50: Define the term "ios application bundle" /2 marks

Answer:

"a bundle is a directory that allows related resources such as an application's executable and itsgraphics to be grouped together, appearing as a single file to the user." - Wikipedia

Q51: Can the operating system distinguish between windows with WPF contents and windowswith Win32 contents?

Answer:

Yes, we can even create Host WPF content in a Win32 window. and vice versa.

Q52: As we know that ICollectionView has a property called "filter" which provides the facilityfor selective removal of itemsbased on an arbitrary condition.this property is also known as Predicate<Object>type.What is meant by this Predicate<Object.type?

Answer:

Filtering gives a property Filter of type Predicate¡Object¿.

Q53: Can Operating System distinguish between window contain WPF and window ContainWin32?
ANSWER:
There are three major differences between a WPF application and a Windows Forms application: Layout, Render, Presentation
Layout:
WPF layout system provides a greater flexibility in arranging the elements on the fly.
Render:
You can use any Transform as Render Transform to easily implement smooth zoom/rotate, or develop custom GPU-based shader effects, and much more in WPF.
Presentation:
When developing WPF Applications you have to stop thinking in Windows Forms: No more UI events, accessing controls by their names and writing logic in code-behind and start to think in WPF: Binding, Commands, Resources, Styles, Templates, Converters, DependencyProperties and their callbacks.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q54: **what will be the efficient way of applying the same style on all p[aragraphs of HTMLpage?also provide an example?**

Answer:

A technique is to collect all our CSS rules in one place, a style sheet, and then apply the style sheet to every single element on the page. An embedded style sheet affects every element on the page. In orderto create an embedded style sheet, we need to go to the head of the document.

/span>html>
/span>head>
 /span>title>Hello World</title>
 /span>style type="text/css">
  p {color: #008000; background: #ffff00}
 </style>
</head>
/span>body>
 /span>h1>Hello World</h1>
</body>

Q55: **which property tells the location manager about how accurate the location finding shouldbe?and why the accuracy is important?**

Answer:

[locationmanager setdesiredaccuracy:kcllocationaccuracybest];

Q54: **we know that whatever we bind to a collection (anything that implements IEnumerable,adefault view is implicitly inserted between the source and target objects.you are required to define the term "view' and also the names of the items which are supported by it.**

ANSWER:

View" refers to things which are displayed to a user and UIview elements are supported by it.

A collection view supports features in WPF:

-Navigation

-Filetering

-sorting

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

-Grouping

Q56: **how can you refresh the current page in WPF Navigation based application?**

Answer:
This.navigationservice.Refresh();

Q57: **Tasks using objective C**
Create location manager object
Apply accuracy filter on location manager object
created in first stepTell the manager to start looking
for its location immediately

Answer:

// Create location manager object Locationmanager= [[cllocationmanager alloc] init];
// We want all results from the location manager [locationmanager setdistancefilter:kcldistancefilternone];
// And we want it to be as accurate as possible // regardless of how much time/power it takes[locationmanager setdesiredaccuracy:kcllocationaccuracybest];
// Tell our manager to start looking for its location immediately [locationmanagerstartupdatinglocation];

Q58: **define Term "View" and also write name of items that are supported by it?**

Q 59: What is Difference between Navigation Window and Frame?
ANSWER:
Navigation window gives you a navigation Bar by default while Frame does not.
Navigation Window is more like a top-level window while Frame more like an HTML frame or iframe.
Q 59: Journal and stack
Answer:
). Journal provides logic behind back and fwd.
). Two internal stacks are:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Undo
Redo

Q 60: For example, you can set a title that is used in the drop-down menu associated with the Back and Forward buttons as follows:
Answer:
This.navigationservice.Title = Main Photo Gallery Page;
Q 61: Navigation in three main ways:
Answer:
Calling the Navigate method, Using Hyperlinks, Using the journal.
Q 62: Navigate to a page instance?
Answer:
Photopage nextpage= new photopage();
This.navigationservice.Navigate(nextpage);

Q 63: Navigate to a page via a URI
Answer:
This.navigationservice.Navigate(new Uri("photopage.xaml", urikind.Relative));
Q 64: Navigate to a page by instance or URI?
Answer:
Application.Properties["photoid"] = 10;
This.navigationservice.Navigate(/* */);
If (Application.Properties["photoid"] != null)
Loadphoto((Application.Properties["photoid"]);

Q 65: What is difference between Clickonce caching VS increments ?

. Or you can clear cache mamory. Change some settings by its a xbap(xml browser application). But partial trust restricts many api. E.g. Above call exception. Requires fileiopermission which is not by default. Hit n trial to find what works. Local registry and file system, new windows (popups ok), unmanaged, but others dependent on browser, or on implementation details. Browserinterophelper.isbrowserhosted property to check if its a XBAP.

(Isi se related aik example he or iska jo question ban sakta he wo bhi diya howa he.)

Q 65: How to open file from local system?
Answer:
        String filecontents = null;
  Openfiledialog ofd= new openfiledialog
  ();
  If(ofd.showdialog()== true)// Result could be true, false, or null

```
{
Using(Stream s= ofd.openfile())
Using(streamreader sr= new streamreader(s))
{
Filecontents= sr.readtoend();
}

}
```

Q 66: What are the binary resources and logical resources?

Answer:

Binary resources are .net framework. Even compiled(murattab) xaml stored as a resource. Can be embedded(sarayyat) in assembly. Loose file that may or may not be known at compile time. Can be localizable or not. Localizabl mean change dependency on the current culture. To define a binary resource, add a file and set the build action resource or content (loose file).

Logical resource

Logical resources are introduced by wpf. Arbitrary .net object stored and named in an elements Resources property. Base close of both Frameworkelement and framework content element both have a Resources property. Often are style or data providers

Q 67: There are also full-trust browser apps. In the project file you change?

Answer:

 <targetzone>Internet</targetzone> To this:
   <targetzone>Custom</targetzone>

And in clickonce application manifest you add:

   <permissionset class="System.Security.permissionset"
   version="1" ID="Custom" samesite="site"
   Unrestricted="true"/>

Q 68: What are the resources?

Answer:

Bitmap, fonts, string tables

Q 69: WPF builds on top, has binary?

Answer:

WPF builds on top, has binary resources and logical resources. Binary resources are what rest of .net framework considers a resource. Even compiled XAMLstored as a resource. Can be embedded in assembly, loose file that may or may not be known at compiletime. Can be localizable or not. To define a binary resource, add a file and set the build action resource or content (loose file). Don't use embedded resource. Its misleading name but WPF doesn't fully support. Adding as content and loading directly are kind of equal but resource is neat. Should be embed if localizable or single binary file benefits. Let's see

how to assign binary resource whether embed or loose. Won't work if not added to project. If not added be explicit about the path.

Q 70: How to specify default culture of the application?
 ANSWER:
   <Project>
   <propertygroup>
   <uiculture>en-US</uiculture>
   [assembly: neutralresourceslanguage("en-US",
   Ultimateresourcefallbacklocation.Satellite)]

Q 71: How to use logical resources?
ANSWER:
By using logical resources, you can change brushes in one place and have different effects.

Q 72: what is the difference between static resources and dynamic resources?
ANSWER:
      Dynamic resource reapplied every time it changes nothing special about resources. Only if you want to see updates or not. Dynamic more overhead but demand loaded. Dynamic can only be used to set dep. Prop. Values. Static can also summarize the entire control.
      Dynamic Resources can manipulate at runtime and are evaluated at runtime. While static recourses cannot manipulate at runtime.

```
<Window
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
Xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml">
<Image Height="21" Source="zoom.gif"/>
</Window >
```

Is equivalent to this Window:

```
<Window
xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
Xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml">
  <Window.Resources>
    <Image x:Key="zoom" Height="21" Source="zoom.gif"/>
  </Window.Resources >
  <stackpanel>
    <staticresource resourcekey="zoom"/>
  </stackpanel >
</Window >
```

Q 73: How to change block of line background color in C# using XAML?

ANSWER:

C\#:

  Button.Background= systemcolors.windowbrush;

  (using XAML)
   XAML:
<Button Background=" { staticresource systemcolors.windowbrushkey}"/>
 (color change karnay kay bad resources kisterha se sat karnay he)
   C\#:
Button.Background=(Brush)findresource("systemcolors.windowbrushkey");

   XAML:
<Button Background="{ staticresource{x:Static systemcolors.windowbrush}}"/>

Q 74: What is data binding? With example.

ANSWER:

        Data binding means an arbitrary .net obj. Data binding, data templates, data triggers are related concepts. Data can be collection obj, custom obj, xml file, web service, db table, even WPF element eg button. So data binding is typing together arbitrary objects. Classic scenario is a visual rep. (e.g. List box or data grid) of items in an xml file, db, or in-memory collection. Instead of iterating and adding items, tell listbox to get its data from another source, keep them up to date, format them etc. Binding binds two properties together and keeps a communication channel open. Setup Binding handles all the sync.

Example(imp)

```
  Public  mainwindow()
  {
  Initializecomponent();
  Binding binding= new Binding();
  // Set source object
  Binding.Source=
  treeview;
  // Set source property
  Binding.Path= new propertypath("selecteditem.Header");
  // Attach to target property
  Currentfolder.setbinding(textblock.textproperty, binding);
  }
```

Q 75: How to display member path property to improve display? Listbox

ANSWER:

```
  <listbox x:Name="picturebox"
  Itemssource="{Binding Source={staticresource photos}}">
  </listbox >
```

Q 76: write a program for synchronize? Or Example of synchronize?

ANSWER:

```
<listbox issynchronizedwithcurrentitem="True" displaymemberpath="Name"
Itemssource="{Binding Source={staticresource photos}}"></listbox>
<listbox issynchronizedwithcurrentitem="True" displaymemberpath="datetime"
Itemssource="{Binding Source={staticresource photos}}"></listbox>
<listbox issynchronizedwithcurrentitem="True" displaymemberpath="Size"
Itemssource="{Binding Source={staticresource photos}}"></listbox>
```

Q 77: Data context? Example of Data context?

ANSWER:

Implicit data source is provided by a Data Context. We set datacontext of a parent and then dont specify Source or elementname or set parent.datacontext = photos;. It is useful when plugging in resources: usage context or decl.context.

```
   <stackpanel datacontext="{staticresource  photos}">
<Label x:Name="numitemslabel"
Content="{Binding Path=Count}"/>
<listbox x:Name="picturebox" displaymemberpath="Name"
Itemssource="{Binding}">
   </listbox >
   </stackpanel >
```

Q 78: How many ways of control rendering?

ANSWER:

There are three ways of control rendering.

String formatting

Data template

Value conversion. (Value convertor)

Q 79: What is data template?

ANSWER:

```
   <listbox x:Name="picturebox"
   Itemssource="{Binding Source={staticresource photos}}">
   <listbox.itemtemplate>
   <datatemplate>
   <Image Source="{Binding Path=fullpath}" Height="35"/>
   </datatemplate >
   </listbox.itemtemplate >
   </listbox >
```

Q 80: When you sort on one field?

ANSWER:

Sortdescription sort= new sortdescription("Name", listsortdirection.Ascending);

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 81: When you sort on different field?
ANSWER:

View.sortdescriptions.Add(new sortdescription("datetime",
listsortdirection.Descending);View.sortdescriptions.Add(new sortdescription("Name",
listsortdirection.Ascending);

Q 82: Click event handlers for three different Buttons?
ANSWER:

```
Void sortbyname_Click(object
sender,routedeventargs  e)
{
Sorthelper("Name");

Void sortbydatetime_Click(object sender, routedeventargs e)
{
Sorthelper("datetime");

Void sortbysize_Click(object sender, routedeventargs e)
{
Sorthelper("Size");

Void sorthelper(string propertyname)
{
```

Q 83: Get the default view
ANSWER:

```
Icollectionview view = collectionviewsource.getdefaultview(
This.findresource("photos"));
// Check if the view is already sorted ascending by the current
propertyIf(view.sortdescriptions.Count>0
&& view.sortdescriptions[0].propertyname== propertyname
&& view.sortdescriptions[0].Direction== ", listsortdirection.Ascending)
{
// Already sorted ascending, sot o g g l eby sorting descending
View.sortdescriptions.Clear();
View.sortdescriptions.Add(new sortdescription(
Propertyname, listsortdirection.Descending));
}
Else
{
// Get the default view (ye bhi he)
Icollectionview view = collectionviewsource.getdefaultview(
This.findresource("photos"));
// Do the grouping 46 view.groupdescriptions.Clear();
View.groupdescriptions.Add(new
propertygroupdescription("datetime"));
```

\<liszbox x:Name="picturebox"

Q 84: How to filter?
ANSWER:
Icollectionview view = collectionviewsource.getdefaultview(
This.findresource("photos"));
View.Filter= delegate(object o) {
Return((o as Photo).datetimedatetime.Now).Days<=7;
};
// Get the default view (iske default view k liye)
Icollectionview view = collectionviewsource.getdefaultview(
This.findresource("photos"));

Q 85: To binding project?
ANSWER:

"{Binding Path=/}"
Binding the date or time property?
"{Binding Path=/datetime}"
Binding pictures ya binding convert data sources
"{Binding Path=Photos/}"
Binding to the data time property of different data sources
"{Binding Path=Photos/datetime}"

Q 86: What is navigation?
ANSWER:
Navigation means managing the current item, not the other kind of nav. Icollectionview has current item current position and also methods for changing them.
Navigation means managing the current item not the other kind of nav. Navigation in three main ways: calling the navigation method, using hyperlinks, using journal.

Q 86: Properties for binding paths?
ANSWER:
Property Paths in Bindings are useful for master/detail interfaces. Sorting, grouping, filtering automatic

Q 87: Collectionviewsource
ANSWER:
Collectionviewsource can be used to create new views and applied to targets. Collectionviewsource has its own sort descriptions and group descriptions properties and a Filter event to beused from XAML

Q 88: What are data providers?
ANSWER:
Data provider is the kind of classes. Which give access through simpler way in containing data. You could bind to db, registry, excelspreadsheet etc.

Xmldataprovider and objectdataprovider
  <xmldataprovider x:Key="dataprovider" xpath="gamestats" Source="gamestats.xml"/>
  <Label Content="{Binding Source={staticresource dataprovider},
  Xpath=gamestat/highscore, Path=outerxml}"/>

Q 89: What is the use of data provider?
      , data providers (xml and object), used xml data provider to fill a listbox.

Q 90: What is objectdataprovider?
ANSWER:
      Objectdataprovider is .net object as a data source. So that we can add binding directly to a .net obj. We declare directly source object with a parameterized constructor. We have more options for asynchronous data binding. When binding not quickly asynchronous. So it does not stuck. WPF has two ways to mark asynchronous that are asynchronous property of Binding.

Q 91: Isasync prop of Binding and write in Details.
Answer:
 1.Xmldataprovider, 2. objectdataprovider
1.Xmldataprovider: Is used to declare xml data access for data binding.
The XmlDataProvider.IsAsynchronous property is set to true by default, which means that the XmlDataProvider retrieves data and produces the collection of XML nodes asynchronously by default.
2. objectdataprovider: It enable us to create object in xml and available it for binding source.
- ObjectDataProvider enables you to create your object in XAML.
- Make it available as a binding source.
- It provides the properties that enable you to execute a query on your object.

Q 92: How we can define the object data provider?
ANSWER:

  <Window.Resources>
  <local:Photos x:Key="photos"/>
  <objectdataprovider x:Key="dataprovider"
  Objectinstance="{staticresource photos}"/>
  </Window.Resources >
  <Window.Resources>

Q 94: What is method data binding? Example
ANSWER:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Binding to a method is useful for classes that are not designed for data binding Imagine photos class had getfoldername method.

Example:
```
<objectdataprovider.constructorparameters>
<sys:Int32>23</sys:Int32>
</objectdataprovider.constructorparameters >
</objectdataprovider >
<objectdataprovider
x:Key="dataprovider"
Objecttype="{x:Type local:Photos}"
Methodname="getfoldername"/>
```

Data binding allows declaratively binding two different properties in XAML.In other words, data binding is a general technique that binds data sources from the provider and consumer together and synchronizes them. Binding binds two properties together and keeps a communication channel open.

Q 95: What is different between convert method and convert back method?
ANSWER:
        Convert method is used during bringing data from source to target.
While convert back used during bringing data from target to source.

Q 96: How many ways of binding mode explain one way with example or explain two ways with example?
ANSWER:
One way: The target is updated whenever the source changes.
Two-way: We can change either the target or updates source.
Onewaytosource: This is the opposite of oneway. The source is updated whenever the target changes. The target retains a snapshot of the source at the time the Binding is initiated.

Updatesourcetrigger. Do you want the two-way source to be updated on every key stroke. Propertychanged. Changed when target property value changes. Lostfocus. Changed when focus lost. Explicit. Call bindingexpression.updatesource which you can get from any frameworkelement.getbindingexpression

Q 97: Definition of validation rule?
ANSWER:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Validation rule are just like simple classes that are use to ensure the proper working of the application.

7: define exceptions validation rule?

Exceptions validation rule says that you can update a source if updating source does not cast an exception.

Q 98:

What is the purpose of concurrency?

ANSWER:

1. Responsive user interface.
2. Simultaneous requests.
3. Parallel programming.

Concurrency is the task **of** running and managing the multiple computations at the same time. While **parallelism** is the task **of** running multiple computations simultaneously.

Q 99: How to create a thread?

ANSWER:

Normal processes (programs in exec.) Have one thread. Multithreaded programs have more and can share data. Let's create one.

```
Class threadtest
{
Static void Main()
{
Thread t= new
Thread(writey);T.Start();

For(int i=0; i<1000; i++) Console.Write("x");
}

Static void writey()
{
For(int i=0; i<1000; i++) Console.Write("y");
}
}
```

Typical Output:

Xxxxxxxxxxxxxxyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy
xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Q 100: What is time slicing?

ANSWER:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Handouts() . A thread is pre-empted because of time slicing. A threads isalive=true once starts and until ends. Name property, Thread.currentthread is the currently executing thread.

Join and Sleep. A thread is "blocked" when waiting

Q 101: What is thread safety?

ANSWER:

```
Class threadsafe
{
Static bool_done;
Static readonly object_locker= new object();
Static void Main()
{
New
Thread(Go).Start();
Go();
}
Static void Go()
{
Lock(_locker)
{
If(!_done){ Console.writeline("Done");_done= true; }
}
}
}
```

Q 102: What is locker variable?

ANSWER:

```
Class threadsafe
{
Static bool_done;
Static readonly object_locker= new object();
Static void Main()
{
New
Thread(Go).Start();
Go();
}
Static void Go()
{
Lock(_locker)
{
If(!_done){ Console.writeline("Done");_done= true; }
}
}
}
```

Q 103:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Passing Data to Threads

ANSWER:

```
Static void Main()
{
Thread t= new Thread(()=> Print("Hello from
t!"));T.Start();
}
Static void Print(string message) { Console.writeline(message);}

For(int i=0; i<10; i++)
New Thread (()=> Console.Write(i)).Start();
Typical Output:
0223557799

For(int i=0; i<10; i++)
{
Int temp= i;
New Thread (()=> Console.Write(temp)).Start();
}
```

Q 104: What is difference between begin invoke and Invoke?

OR

Which type of methods are begin invoke and invoke?

ANSWER:

Long running operations make application unresponsive. Main thread used for rendering UI and responding to events. But UI updating usually possible only on UI thread. Begin invoke and invoke are such methods that can be called from any other thread. Begin invoke is a low level primitive. Invoke does same but then blocks until it is done. You can return a value. But if you don't need it begininvoke is better.

Invoke: calling thread waits for completion before continuing.

Begin Invoke: calling thread doesn't wait for completion.

EXAMPLE:

```
Partial class mywindow: Window
{
Public mywindow()
{
Initializecomponent();
New
Thread(Work).Start();
}
Void Work()
{
Thread.Sleep(5000);
Updatemessage("The
answer");
```

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

```
}
Void updatemessage(string message)
{
Action action=()=> txtmessage.Text= message;
Dispatcher.begininvoke(action);
}
}
```

Q 105: How can we use thread pool?
ANSWER:

Threadpool save time of thread creation. Background can degrade performance.
Threadpool creates or reduces real threads using a hillclimbing algo to maximize cpu
usage and reduce slicing.
Property: Thread.currentthread.isthreadpoolthread

Q 106: How many ways for calling threads from threadpool?
ANSWER:
There are two ways.
Threadpool.queueuserworkitem(notused=> Console.writeline ("Hello"));
Task.Run(()=> Console.writeline ("Hello from the thread pool"));

Q 107: How many ways or benefits of task?
ANSWER:
1. Easy return value from thread.
2. Exception handling.
3. Continuation.

```
Task.Run(()=> Console.writeline ("Foo"));
New Thread (()=> Console.writeline ("Foo")).Start();

Task task= Task.Run (()=>
{
Thread.Sleep (2000);
Console.writeline
("Foo");
});
Console.writeline (task.iscompleted);
Task.Wait();
```

Q 108: What is result of this code?
ANSWER:

```
Var tcs = new taskcompletionsource<int>();
New Thread (()=>{
Thread.Sleep(5000); tcs.setresult(42);
```

```
}).Start();
Task<int> task = tcs.Task;
Console.writeline (task.Result
```

Q 109: How to use delay method
ANSWER:
   Task.Delay(5000).getawaiter().oncompleted(()=> Console.writeline
   (42));Task.Delay(5000).continuewith(ant=> Console.writeline (42));

Q 110: How many ways or benefits of task?
ANSWER:
   1. Easy return value from thread.
   2. Exception handling.
   3. Continuation.

Q 111: What is the difference between Synchronous and Asynchronous?
ANSWER:
Asynchronous typically return quickly. Called non-blocking. Thread. Start, task. Run, attaching continuations.
Synchronous represents **a set of activities that starts happening together at the same time**. A synchronous call waits for the method to complete before continuing with program flow. An asynchronous method **runs synchronously until it reaches its first await expression**, at which point method is suspended until the awaited task is complete. In the meantime, control returns to the caller of the method. asynchronous typically return quickly. In asynchronous method calling in C#, **two or more method runs on different threads**. When you will call any method asynchronously then it creates another thread to complete that task. That's why in asynchronous call, calling method doesn't get blocked, and they can run simultaneously with called method.
A synchronous method call can create a delay in program execution that causes a bad user experience. An asynchronous method calls (creation of a thread) **will return immediately** so that the program can perform other operations while the called method completes its work in certain situations.
Asynchronous JavaScript and XML (AJAX) is a development technique used to create interactive web applications or rich internet applications. AJAX uses a number of existing technologies together, including: XHTML, CSS, JavaScript, Document Object Model, XML, XSLT, and the XMLHttpRequest object.

Q 112: How CPU bound Synchronization task?
ANSWER:
```
   {
```

Return
Parallelenumerable.Range(start, count).Count(n =>
Enumerable.Range(2,(int)Math.Sqrt(n) - 1).All(i => n % i> 0));
}

Void displayprimecounts()
{
For(int i= 0; i < 10; i++)
Console.writeline(getprimescount(i*1000000+2,
1000000)+
" primes between "+(i*1000000)+ " and "+((i+1)*1000000-1));
Console.writeline("Done!");
}

Q 113:   How to asynchronous Task displayprimecounts()?
ANSWER:

{
For(int i=0; i<10; i++)
Console.writeline(await getprimescountasync(i * 1000000 +2,
1000000)+" primes between "+(i*1000000)+ " and "+((i+1)*
1000000-1)); Console.writeline("Done!");
}

Q 114: Write the syntax of "await"?
ANSWER:
Var result= await
expression;Statement(s);

Q 115: What is difference between sync and await keywords?
ANSWER:

 Eliminates plumbing for asynchronous code. As simple as sync code."await" simplifies
attaching continuations.
We can call it with await and use "asynchronous" keyword so compiler treats await
specially. asynchronous can be applied to methods returning void or Task or Task¡tresult¿.
Q 116: how can we write the message loop?
ANSWER:
While(!Thisapplication.Ended)
{
Wait for something to appear in message
queueGot something: what kind of message
is it?
Keyboard/mouse message-> fire an event handler
User begininvoke/Invoke message-> execute delegate

}

Q 117: How can we return a Task from void function without explicitly return?
ANSWER:
Enables synchronize call through chains. Compiler indirectly uses taskcompletionsource to implement methods returning Tasks. We can expand printanswertolife like this.

```
Async Task Go()
{
Await
printanswertolife();
Console.writeline("Done"
);
}
Async Task printanswertolife()
{
Int answer =
Await getanswertolife();
Console.writeline(answer);
}
Async Task <int> getanswertolife()
{
Await
Task.Delay(5000);Int
answer = 21 * 2;
Return answer;
}
Void Go()
{
Printanswertolife();
Console.writeline("Done");
}
Void printanswertolife()
{
Int answer =
getanswertolife();
Console.writeline(answer);
}
Int getanswertolife()
{
Thread.Sleep(500
0);Int answer =21
*2; Return
answer;
}
```

Q 118: how many steps to use asynchronous in programming?

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Answer:

There are three steps

1. Write sync
2. Use asynchronous and await
3. Return the task in place of void.

This means only Task. Run for real parallel cpu task and TCS for realparallel IO task. Rest of TCS are taken care of by compiler.

Q 119: Write the code of asynchronous chaining?

ANSWER:

```
Async Task Go()
{
Var task=
printanswertolife();Await
task;
Console.writeline("Done");
}
```

Q 120: What is parallelism?

ANSWER:

Parallelism is the ability to have parallel execution of two tasks at a time on the system that has multiple courses.

Parallelism is the task **of** running multiple computations simultaneously.

Example:

```
Var          task1         =
printanswertolife(); Var task2
=   printanswertolife();  Await
task1;
Await task2;
Async Task<int> getanswertolife()
{
   _x++;
   Await
   Task.Delay(5000);
   Return 21*2;
}
```

Async

Q 121: What is pseudo-concurrency?

A N S W E R :

Pseudo-concurrency means a program is running and wait for something then resuming and then awaiting.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 122: What is Cancellation?
 ANSWER:

```
Class cancellationtoken
{
Public bool iscancellationrequested { get; private set;}
Public void Cancel() { iscancellationrequested = true; }
Public void throwifcancellationrequested()
{
If(iscancellationrequested)
Throw new operationcanceledexception();
}
}
```

Q 123: Cancellation by using task?
ANSWER:

```
Var cancelsource= new cancellationtokensource();
Task.Delay (5000).continuewith(ant=> cancelsource.Cancel());
```

Q 124: What is async call graph execution?
ANSWER:

1. Every await and return
2. When delay fights a thread
3. Remaining statements run.
4. Eventually go starts is not as completed.

Q 125: When Task Combinators is used?

- When we have one task we can use it.

- We can also use it in multiple tasks as well.

EXAMPLE:

```
Task<int> winningtask = await
Task.whenanyConsole.writeline
("Done"); Console.writeline
(winningtask.Result); 4 (Delay1(),
Delay2(), Delay3());
Int answer = await await Task.whenany(Delay1(), Delay2(), Delay3());
```

 Q 126: When all tasks are combinated ?
ANSWER:

```
Await task1; await task2; await task3;
```

```
Task task1 = Task.Run (()=> { throw
null;} ); Task task2 = Task.Run (()=> {
throw null;} ); Task all = Task.whenall
(task1, task2);
Try{ await all;}
Catch
{
Console.writeline (all.Exception.innerexceptions.Count);
}
```

Q 127: How many steps partition of Task Parallel Library?
ANSWER:
1. Small chunks
2. process,
3. collate the results in thread-safe manner

Q 128: How many types of parallelism?
ANSWER:
1. Data parallelism
2. Task parallelism

Q 129: What are the three steps of implementing parallelism? Also differentiate between data parallelism and task parallelism?
ANSWER:
Three steps of Parallelism:
- Partition Problem
- Process
- Combine the results

Data Parallelism

Data parallelism refers to **scenarios in which the same operation is performed** (that is, in parallel).   In data parallel operations, the source collection is partitioned so that multiple threads can operate in different segments.

Task parallelism

- Task parallelism is **the process of running tasks in parallel**.
- Task parallelism divides tasks and allocates those tasks to separate threads for processing.

. It is based on unstructured parallelism. It means the parallel work unit may start and finish in places scattered according to executing of the program.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 130: Define parallelism with an example?

ANSWER:

   Public static void Invoke(params Action[]
   actions);Parallel.Invoke(
()=> new webclient().downloadfile("http://www.linqpad.net", "lp.html"),() => new
webclient().downloadfile ("http://www.jaoo.dk", "jaoo.html"));

Q 131: How many static methods of parallel class?

ANSWER:

               There are three static methods of parallel class
   1. Parallel.Invoke
   2. Parallel.for
   3. Parallel.foorieg

   For(int i=0; i<100; i++)
   Foo(i);
   Parallel.For(0,100, i=> Foo(i));
   Parallel.For(0,100, Foo);
   Foreach (char c in "Hello,
   world")Foo(c);
Parallel.foreach("Hello, world", Foo);

Q 132: What is loop counter?

ANSWER:

Breaking out of loops, and using per-thread counters. Loop counters areeasy with
sequential. Use overloaded version

Q 133: What is parallel loop state? EXAMPLE

ANSWER:
            Public class parallelloopstate
   {
   Public void
   Break();Public
   void Stop();
   Public bool isexceptional{
   get;}Public bool isstopped{
   get;}
   Public long? Lowestbreakiteration { get;}
   Public bool shouldexitcurrentiteration{
   get;}20   }

Q 134: Difference between Break and Stop?

ANSWER:

Break reaches at least the sequential point while stop does not reaches at least the sequential point.

Q 135: What Concurrent collections include?

ANSWER:

Concurrent collections include concurrent stack, concurrent queue, concurrent bag, concurrent dictionary.

Q 136: What is Blockingcollection? EXAMPLE

ANSWER:

[System.Runtime.Versioning.UnsupportedOSPlatform("browser")]
public class BlockingCollection<T> : IDisposable,
System.Collections.Generic.IEnumerable<T>,
System.Collections.Generic.IReadOnlyCollection<T>, System.Collections.ICollection

Q 137: What is Html?

ANSWER:

  Hypertext markup language

Q 138: How many kinds of layers of web pages?

ANSWER:

There are three types of layers.
1. Html (structural)
2. CSS (presentation)
3. JavaScript (behavioral) JavaScript was introduced in 95 by Netscape

Q 139: Version of java script.

ANSWER:

 Their version of JS for IE. These days mostly handled. Standardization. Some quirks left. Called ecmascript. The official standardization name. Refueled by high profile sites like google using JS in last decade.

Q 140: What is Java script?

ANSWER:

JS is a programming language. Jqueryis a JS library.It make JS programming easier. Jquery solves JS complexity and browser incompatibilities. Can do things in single LOC(abbreviation(mukhafaf he) of lines of codes)

- HTML: structural layer

- CSS: presentation layer

- JS: behavioral layer.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 141: What are the five types of Html?

ANSWER:

There are 5 types

- HTML 4.01 Transitional
- HTML 4.01 Strict,
- XHTML 1.0 Transitional
- XHTML 1.0 Strict
- HTML5

Q 142: How many types of tags?

ANSWER:

There are three types of tags.

1. Html root tag
2. head tag containing title etc.
3. Body tag containing all parts to be rendered in browser window.

```
<!DOCTYPE html >
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8>
<title>Hey, I am the title of this web page.</title>
</head >
<body>
```

Q 142: What is the difference between CSS and Html?

CSS

CSS stand for cascading style sheets. It is used to style the web documents. It provides the background color. It is also used to style the font and change its size. We can style many different web pages. It's a presentation layer.

Html

Html stands for hyper text markup language. It is the language used to define the structure of web page. Html is used along with CSS and java script to design web pages. Html is basic building block of website. It's a structural layer.

Q 143: What is Selector and declarationblock?

ANSWER:

Selector can be headline, paragraph of text, photo etc. Declaration block can turn text blue, addred border around a paragraph.

P color: red; font-size: 1.5em;selector,

Declaration block has declarations.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 144: What is difference between Client side and Server side?
ANSWER:

   Prog lang for the web browser. Alternate is a server prog lang. Php, .net, asp, cold fusion, ruby on rails, etc. They run on web server. Log of intelligence by accessing DB, process CC, send emails. Visitors wait until response comes. Client side lang can re-act immediately. Responsive. Other client side technologies are applet's, silverlight, flash. Often requires a plugin or start slow because of downloading. Sometimes even diff to see if flash or JS. Once yahoo maps was flash. Then re-written. Rightclick and see if About the Flash Player Ajax brings client-side server-side together. JS talks to server, downloads content, and update webpage. Google maps Let's you move to new areas. JS is a prog lang andcan be used on server side. E.g. Node.js supports JS on server-side.

Q 145: What are Compiled and scripted languages?
ANSWER:
JS interpreter is in web browser.

```
   <!Doctype html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>My Web Page</title>
<script>
</script>
</head>
```

Q 146: Print hello word using Html?
ANSWER:

```
<!Doctype html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>My Web Page</title>
<script src="navigation.js"></script>
<script src="slideshow.js"></script>
<script>Alert('hello world!');</script></head>
```

Q 147: How many basic selectors?
ANSWER:
There are three basic selectors.
Basic selectors are ID selectors, element selectors, class selectors.

Q 147: How many advanced selectors?
ANSWER:

- Descendent selectors $('#navbar a') ,

- Child selectors $('body ¿ p') ,

- Adjacent sibling $('h2 + div') ,

- Attribute selectors $('img[alt]'),

Q 149: Let's see jquery functions to add content?

```
<div id="container">
<div id="errors">
<h2>Errors:</h2>
</div >
     </div >
```

Q 150: What are events?

ANSWER:

Things happen to webpage. Page loading, mouse move, key press you respond to events.

Q 150: What are Mouse events?

ANSWER:

click, dblclick, mousedown, mouseup, mouseover, mouseout, mousemove.

Q 151: What are Document window events?

ANSWER:

Load, unload, resize, scroll,

Q 152: What are Form events?

Submit, reset, change, focus, blur

Q 153: Keyboard events?

ANSWER:

keypress (over n over), keydown, keyup.

Q 154: What is difference between Ready() and Load event?

ANSWER:

Search frome internat

Q 155: What are the event properties? Or write a note on event properties?

ANSWER:

evt.preventdefault();

To stop normal behavior

Links, form submit etc

Remove events $('.tabbutton').unbind('click');

default event bubbling

evt.stoppropagation();

```
\$(document).click(function
(evt){Var xpos= evt.pagex;
Var ypos= evt.pagey;
```

Q 156: What are the event properties?

ANSWER:

Event Properties	Description

1. PageX	The distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the left edge of the browser window.
2. PageY	The distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the top edge of the browser window.
3. ScreenX	The distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the left edge of the monitor.
4. ScreenY	The distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the top edge of the monitor.
5. Shiftkey	Is true if the shift key is down when the event occurs.
6. Which	Use with the keypress event to determine the numeric code for the key that was pressed (see tip,next).
7. Target	The object that was the "target" of the event for example, for aclick() event, the element that wa clicked.

Q 157: What are Jquery animations?
ANSWER:
Fadein, fadeout, fadetoggle. Slidedown, slideup, slidetoggle.

Q 157: Login slider example.
ANSWER:

```
\$(document).ready(function (){
\$('\#open').toggle(
Function(){
\$('\#login form').slidedown(300);
\$(this).addclass('close');
},
Function(){
\$('\#login form').fadeout(600);
\$(this).removeclass('close');
}
);// end toggle
});// end ready
```

Q 158: Photo gallery example.
ANSWER:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

```
\$('\#gallery a').click(function(evt) {
Evt.preventdefault();
Var imgpath=\$(this).attr('href');
Var oldimage=\$('\#photo img');
Var newimage=\$('<img src="'+ imgpath+'">');
Newimage.hide();
\$('\#photo').prepend(newimage);
Newimage.fadein(1000);
Oldimage.fadeout(1000,function(){
\$(this).remove();
});// end fadeout
});// end click
\$('\#gallery a:first').click();
```

Q 159: Forms example.
ANSWER:

```
<input name="quantity" type="text" id="quantity">
<input name="total" type="text"
id="total">Var unitcost=9.95;
Var amount =\$('\#quantity').val();
Var total= amount* unitcost;
Total= total.tofixed(2);
\$('\#total').val(total);
```

Q 160: What are selectors?
ANSWER:

```
public ComplexSelector ConcludeSelector(Selector selector)
        {
            if (!IsReady)
            {
                selectors.Add(new CombinatorSelector { selector = selector, transform =
null });
                IsReady = true;
            }

            return this;
```

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

}

Q 161: Define ajax? What is java script working?

ANSWER:

ajax allows us to talk server with in java script.JavaScript, server-side programming, and web browser, all work together. Web browser: xmlhttprequest object. Makes ajax possible. Talks to web server and get response

Selector	Example	What it does
:input	$(':input')	Selects all input, textarea, select, and button elements. In other words, it selects all form elements.
:text	$(':text')	Selects all text fields.
:password	$(':password')	Selects all password fields.
:radio	$(':radio')	Selects all radio buttons.
:checkbox	$(':checkbox')	Selects all checkboxes.
:submit	$(':submit')	Selects all submit buttons.
:image	$(':image')	Selects all image buttons.
:reset	$(':reset')	Selects all reset buttons.
:button	$(':button')	Selects all fields with type *button*.
:file	$(':file')	Selects all file fields (used for uploading a file).
:hidden	$(':hidden')	Selects all hidden fields.

Steps for using ajax.(ye zaroor yad karo ye handouts men bh he)

AJAX communicates with the server using **XMLHttpRequest object.....** User sends a request from the UI and a javascript call goes to **XMLHttpRequest object**. HTTP Request is sent to the **server** by XMLHttpRequest object. **Server interacts** with the database using JSP, PHP, ASP.net etc.

Q 162: Difference between a GET() and POST().

ANSWER:

In GET method, **values are visible in the URL**. In POST method, values are not visible in the URL. GET has a limitation on the length of the values, generally 255 characters. POST has no limitation on the length of the values since they are submitted via the body of HTTP.

Q 163: how can we write formdata in variable? And what is the syntax of Serialize method?

ANSWER:

Var formdata=$('#login').serialize();

$.get('login.php',formdata,loginresults);
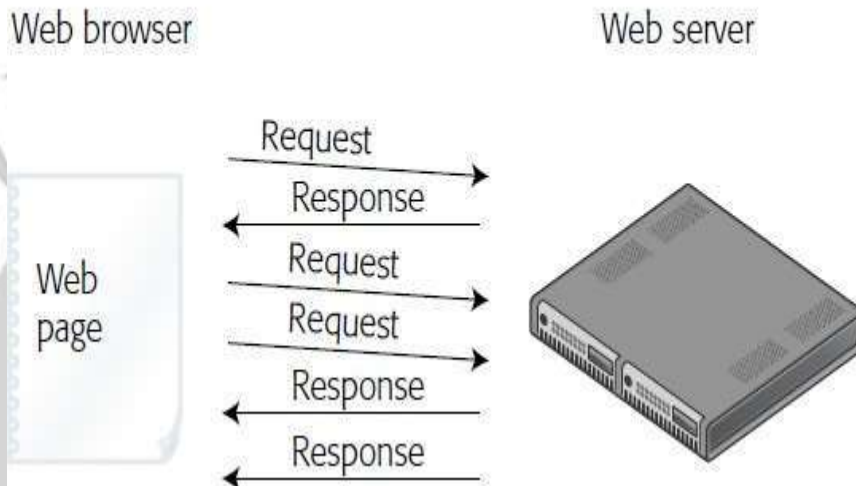
AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 164: How Ajax communicates with the web server?

Answer:

Web page request send to the web server then web server give response.
If web page sends two request then web server give two responses.

Ajax Request Model

Web browser   Web server

Request
Response
Request
Web
page   Request
Response
Response

Q 165: How can we error handle in XML?

ANSWER:

Error handler.

\$.get(url, data, successfunction).error(errorfunction);
\$.get('rate.php', querystring,
processresponse).error(errorresponse);Function errorresponse(){
Var errormsg= "Your vote could not be processed right now.";
Errormsg+= "Please try again later.";
\$('\#message').html(errormsg);
}

Q 166: What is JSON?

ANSWER:

JS format. Method for exchanging data. JSON is JS so its quick n easy for JS.
No XML like parsing.JSON is a JS obj literal.

Server returns a string formatted like a JSON obj literal. JQuery get JSON method.
Callback will be a JSONobject.

Q 167: What is JSON?

ANSWER:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is independent- language, easy to understand and self-describing. It is used as an alternative to XML. Human-readable and machine also. It is used for data-interchange. The benefit of JSON is that it has a very compact size as compared to XML documents of the same purpose and data.

Q 168: Alloc and dealloc methods.
ANSWER:
dealloc methods.

If you dont own and want to make sure, call retain. No longer need and own than release or autorelease. When 0 count, dealloc called.
- (void)dealloc
 {
 [possessionname release];
 [serialnumber release];
 [datecreated release];
 [super dealloc];
 }

Alloc Method:

[System.CLSCompliant(false)]
public static void* Alloc (UIntPtr elementCount, UIntPtr elementSize);

Q 169: Write two difference between "Interface" and "Class"?
ANSWER:
A Class is a full body entity with members, methods along with their definition and implementation while an Interface is just a set of definition that you must implement in your Class inheriting that Interface.

Q 170: How we can create & started a new thread? write code create start a theread.?
ANSWER:

```
private void Form1_Load(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
{
    Thread trd = new Thread(new ThreadStart(this.ThreadTask));
    trd.IsBackground = true;
```

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

```
      trd.Start();
}
```

Q 171: Write step to talk to a webserver while using ajax?
ANSWER:
```
public class WebForm1 :
System.Web.UI.Page
{
    private void Page_Load(object
    sender, System.EventArgs e)
    {

     Ajax.Utility.RegisterTypeForAjax
     (typeof(WebForm1));
    }
}
```

Q 172: Write a code Asynchronous lambda expresstion will derived two number & returen the value.
ANSWER:
```java
interface Addable{
   int add(int a,int b);
}
 public class LambdaExpressionExample5{
   public static void main(String[] args) {

     Addable ad1=(a,b)->(a+b);
     System.out.println(ad1.add(10,20));
     Addable ad2=(int a,int b)->(a+b);
     System.out.println(ad2.add(100,200));
   }
}
```

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 173: What is the code of "for loop" to add the n even number in JavaScript?

ANSWER:

```
<script
type="text/javascript">
function sum()
{
var n,i, sum = 0;
n = parseInt(document.getMyProgram
("first").value);for (i = 1; i < = n; i++)
{
if(i%2 == 0)
{
sum = sum+i;
}
}
document.get<MyProgram ("num").innerHTML ="Sum of " +n+ " even natural
numbers is
:"+sum;
}
</script>
```

```
<script>
function add(x)
{
return x%2==0;
}
function findsum(y)
{
let sum=0;
for( var i=1; var<=y; i++)
 if(add(i))
{
sum+=i;
}
}
document.write(findsum)
</script>
```

Q 174: What are the five types of HTML?

ANSWER:

Five types of html in use:

1. HTML 4.01 Transitional
2. HTML 4.01 Strict
3. XHTML 1.0 Transitional
4. XHTML 1.0 Strict
5. HTML5

Q 175: How to define binary resource and what are the categories of binary resources inWPF?

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

ANSWER:

Binary resources are what rest of .net framework considers a resource. To define a binaryresource, add a file and set the build action resource or content (loose file).

Binary resource has two categories

Binary resource can be embedded to assembly

Binary resource can be loose file that may or may not be known at compile time.

It can belocalizable or not.

Q 176: Write the properties of touch point in C#.
ANSWER:

The properties of Touchpoint are Position, Size, Bounds, touchdevice, Action (Down, Up,Move).

Q 177:

What will be the output of the code.Async void displayprimecounts()
{
For (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
Console.writeline(await getprimescountasync(i) }
ANSWER:

It is a code for UI program that remains responsive with a cpu bound task. In the given codes wehave used for loop. When the first call of getprimecounts is given then control will be returned and remaining code will go in continuation. We have called await from inside the for loop.

Because i is also captured and is available in the continuation, so i will also be incremented in each iteration. We will move onward from await when **getprimescountasync** is finished and atthat time we resume as just returned from await expression.

Q 178: Create a single instance application using WPF.
ANSWER:

Single instance application means that it should be run only one time.

Bool mutexisnew;
Using (System.Threading.Mutex m = New System.Threading.Mutex(true, uniquename, outmutexisnew))
{

If (mutexisnew)

// This is the first instance. Run the

application.Else

// There is already an instance running. Exit!

}

Q 179: Write the XAML code to create a list box with three items.
ANSWER:

```
<listbox xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation">
<listbox.Items>
<listboxitem Content= "Item 1"/>
<listboxitem Content= "Item 2"/>
<listboxitem Content= "Item 3"/>
</listbox.Items>
</listbox>
```

Q 180: What is the purpose of Block in Objective-C.

ANSWER:

Blocks are a language-level feature added to Objective-C, which allow you to create distinct segments of code that can be passed around to methods or functions as if they were values. Blocks are Objective-C objects, which means they can be added to collections like NSArray orNSDictionary.

Q 181: Define the Data template using XAML?

ANSWER:

Data template is a bit of XAML that describes how bound data is displayed. A data template cancontain elements that are each bound to a data property along with additional markup that describes layout, color and other appearance.

Q 182: **Differentiate between Get and Post Method.**
ANSWER:

In GET method, values are visible in the URL. In POST method, values are not visible in the URL. GET has a limitation on the length of the values, generally 255 characters. POST has nolimitation on the length of the values since they are submitted via the body of HTTP.

GET results can be bookmarked. POST results cannot be
bookmarked. GET Parameters remain in web. In Post Parameters
are not saved in web.

Get method supports only string data types. Post This method supports different data
types, suchas string, numeric, binary, etc.

Q 183: **Define iOS language feature block also write its syntax.**

ANSWER:

Block is **a chunk of code that can be executed at some future time**. Blocks are
first-class functions, which is a fancy way of saying that Blocks are regular
Objective-C objects. Since they're objects, they can be passed as parameters,
returned from methods and functions, andassigned to variables.

The syntax to define a block literal uses the caret symbol (^), like this:

^{ NSLog(@"This is a block"); }

Q 184: **Write the difference between onetime binding and onewayTo Source
binding.Also give example of both in XAML.**

ANSWER:

In **one time binding**, control value is updated only when the application is initialized.
This means you cannot change the value from source to control; as for changing the
value, you have to write code in code behind file, so that you can change value from
the back-end programming.In **One way to source binding**, target control updates the
source control, which means if you change the value of the target control, it will
update the value of the source control. It is just the opposite to One way binding.

one time binding Example

txtvalue.Text = "50";

mySlider.Value = Convert.ToInt32(txtvalue.Text);

One way to source binding Example

```
<TextBox Name="txtvalue" Text="{Binding ElementName=myCS411, Path=Value,
Mode=OneWayToSource, UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}">
</TextBox>
```

Q 185: **Give the structure of protocols in Objective-C.**

ANSWER:

Objective-C allows you to define protocols, which declare the methods expected to be

used fora particular situation. Protocols are implemented in the classes conforming to the protocol.

A simple example would be a network URL handling class, it will have a protocol with methodslike processCompleted delegate method that intimates the calling class once the network URL fetching operation is over.

A syntax of protocol is shown below.

```
@protocol ProtocolName
@required
// list of required
methods@optional
// list of optional methods
@end
```

Q 186: **Write steps to talk to a webserver while using AJAX.**

ANSWER:

1. Specify the HTTP method (such as POST or GET).
2. Provide the URL of the server-side resource to be contacted.
3. Let the XHR (xml http request) instance know how it can inform you of its progress.
4. Provide any body content for requests such as POST.

Q 187: **Given below in XAML code for stack panel.**

<stack panel> </stack panel>

You are required to modify the given code to give the stack panel gradient background.Use three colors in gradient.

ANSWER:

```
<lineargradientbrush x:Key="backgroundbrush" startpoint="0,0" endpoint="1,1">
<gradientstop Color="Blue" Offset="0"/>
<gradientstop Color="White" Offset="0.5"/>
<gradientstop Color="Red" Offset="1"/>
</lineargradientbrush >
```

Q 188: **Why we need concurrency in our application?**

ANSWER:

Any circumstance under which an object interrupts the processing of a message to

processanother opens the possibility of race conditions and, thus,
requires the use of concurrency controls so concurrency is More than one thing
happening at the same time.
We need concurrency for comparison of
events. We need concurrency for Responsive
user interface
We need concurrency to handle Simultaneous
requestsWe need concurrency in Parallel
programming.

Q 189: Write XAML code which rotate the button at the angle of 90 degrees.
ANSWER:

<Button>
<Button.rendertransform>
<transformMyButton>
<rotatetransform Angle="90"/>
</transformMyButton >
</Button.rendertransform >
OK
</Button >

Q 190: Consider the XAML code
<TextBox Name= "txt1">< /TextBox>
<Button Name= "btn1"></Button>
Modify the given code so, whatever the text is written inside textbox it is
automaticallywritten as Button text.
Note: - Modify the XAML code only do not write C# code.

<TextBox Name= "txt1">txt1< /TextBox>
<Button Name= "btn1">btn1</Button>

Q 191: Differentiate the need of Binding and Command in WPF.
Data binding is a mechanism in WPF applications that provides a simple and easy way
for Windows Runtime apps to display and interact with data. In this mechanism, the
management ofdata is entirely separated from the way data. Data binding allows the
flow of data between UI elements and data object on user interface.

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

The command is the action to be executed. The command source is the object which invokes the command. The command target is the object that the command is being executed on. The command binding is the object which maps the command logic to the command. Commands are a more abstract and loosely coupled version of events e.g. Cut copy paste commands. They are exposed in various ways. They can be enabled disabled e.g. If there is nothing to paste. Two-waycommunication gets cumbersome especially if you don't want the list of controls hard-coded.

WPF defines a number of built-in commands. Commands have automatic support for inputgestures (such as keyboard shortcuts). Some of wpfs controls have built-in behavior tied tovarious commands.

Q 191: Which type of information is provided in following windows properties in WPF?

a) **Owner**
b) **OwnedWindows**

ANSWER:

Whenever an application makes a window then the concept of parent window and child window arises.The key difference between child window and parent window is that if we close the child window then there will be no effect on parent window but if we close the parent window than child window will alsoclosed. The owner property contains the information of parent window while OwnedWindows containsthe information about the list of child window.

Q 192: Define the term "Retain Cycle" in Objective-C.
ANSWER:

Retain Cycle is the condition When 2 objects keep a reference to each other and are retained, it creates a retain cycle since both objects try to retain each other, making it impossible to release.For example a situation in which object "First" retains object "Second", and object "Second" retains object "First" at the same time.

Q 193: Write the names of data binding modes in WPF.
ANSWER:

Binding Mode can be
- Oneway
- Twoway
- Onewaytosource
- Onetime

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Q 194: **Identify application commands and component command.**

i) Close

ii)Find

iii)Selecttoend

   d) help

   e) MoveRight

   ANSWER:

<u>Application commands</u>

Close, Find and Help

Component command

MoveRight and

Selecttoend

Q 195: **What are three steps of implementing parallelism. Also differentiate between Dataand Task parallelism.**

ANSWER:

Data Parallelism means that we may have a lot of data on which we want to do the same operation. In task parallelism, we may have lot of task, which we have to do in parallel, which are different tasks. In Data parallelism we do the same task on data which is easiest kind of parallelism. All the task will start from one point in data parallelism. In task parallelism differenttask will starts at different points and ends on different points

There are three steps while implementing parallelism.

1. Partition your Problem
2. Process your partition
3. Combine the Result.

Q 196: What are the two possible destinies for object marked as auto release usingobject-C. Also declares an object as autorelease.

ANSWER:

Auto release is another message that we can send to an object. Auto release is like saying the object that I no longer want to hold the reference to this object but don't delete this object immediately. Auto release solve the problem that when you want to return something but do notwant to hold the reference.

Retain and release is the two possible destinies for object marked as onto release using object-C.The deallocation is only done by the object itself in Object-C.

Nsobject *x = [[[nsobject alloc] init] autorelease];

Q 197: What do you means by Dangling pointer and memory leak?

ANSWER:

Dangling pointer means that we have allocated some memory and then we freed that memory butthe pointer is still pointing at the same place. Memory leaks means that we allocate some memory, we have a pointer pointing to it, and then we make the pointer points to somewhere else. Now you have no pointer to this allocated memory.

Q 198: Write the difference between one way and two way data Binding

ANSWER:

One way

The target is updated whenever the source changes.

Two way

A change to either the target or source updates the other.One way to source

This is the opposite of one way. The source is updated whenever the target changes.One-time

This works just like one way, except changes to the source are not reflected at the target. Thetarget retains a snapshot of the source at the time the Binding is initiated.

Q 199: Can the operating system distinguish between window with WPF content andwindow win32 content?

ANSWER:

No, operating system cannot distinguish between window with WPF content and window win32content. We can even create Host WPF content in a Win32 window, with this technique; we can use the advanced graphics capabilities of WPF within the framework of a standard Win32 window and application. We can also host a Win32 window in WPF content, with this technique you can use an existing custom Win32 control in the context of other WPF content, and pass dataacross the boundaries.

Q 200: Which element must be added to the project file to specify a default culture forresources and automatically build an appropriate satellite assembly.

ANSWER:

If we have a main executable assembly and then there are some DLLs assembly one for each culture you want to support, then, all the content which is culture specific

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

will go into satelliteassembly and rest of all the main logic will reside in main assembly. Main assembly combinedwith any satellite assembly is a complete application.

Myprogram.exe is main assembly and MyProgram.resources.dll is satellite assembly. The programs are executable by combination of both assemblies. The currently chosen culture willuse MyProgram.resources.dll

We will specify the default culture in project file by using uiculture tag. We will give uiculturetag in property group like debug version or release version to make it culture specific.

Q 201: **Write the difference between interface and class.**
ANSWER:

A class is a blueprint from which we can create objects that share the same configuration - properties and methods. An interface is a group of related properties and methods that describean object, but neither provides implementation nor initialization for them.

Q 202: **How can we create objects in objective-C? also provide syntax.**
ANSWER:

Objective-C is a thin layer atop C and is a "strict superset" of C, meaning that it is possible to compile any C program with an Objective-C compiler and to freely include C language code within an Objective-C class.

```
NSMutablearray *arrayInstance =
[NSMutablearray alloc];[arrayInstance init];
NSMutablearray *arrayInstance = [[NSMutablearray alloc] init];
message = [receiver selector
arguments] [arrayInstance
addObject:anotherobject];.
```

Objective-C is a thin layer atop C and is a "strict superset" of C, meaning that it is possible to compile any C program with an Objective-C compiler and to freely include C language code within an Objective-C class.

Objective-C derives its object syntax from Smalltalk. All of the syntax for non-object-oriented operations (including primitive variables, pre-processing, expressions, function

declarations, andfunction calls) are identical to those of C, while the syntax for object-oriented features is an implementation of Smalltalk-style messaging.

Q 203: Write any two design Goals for JQuery?

ANSWER:

JQuery was introduced to make development with JavaScript easier. It will reduce the development time. Use it to add animation and even handling on your website. JQuery simplifiesHTML document traversing, event handling, animating, and Ajax interactions for rapid web development.

Q 204: Write the names of command library classes?
ANSWER:

Application commands
Component commands
Media commands
Navigation Commands
Editing commands

Q 205: How we can create & started a new thread? write code create start a thread.
ANSWER:

```
Class threadtest
{
Static void Main()
{
Thread t = new
Thread(writey);T.Start();
For (int i = 0; i < 1000; i++) Console.Write("x");
}
Static void writey()
{
For (int i = 0; i < 1000; i++) Console.Write("y");
}
}
```

Q 206: List three commands define by "Icommand" interface.

icommand defines Execute, canexecute, canexecutechanged as a Command.

Q 208: **Write a function in JavaScript that will add ten even numbers using a for loop.**

ANSWER:

```
<html>
<body>
<script type= "text/javascript">
<!--
var a=1; var
sum=0;
for(a=1;a<=10; a++)
{ If(a%2==0)
{sum=sum+a}
}
document.write(sum);
//-->
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Q 209: **What are the three major types in JavaScript?**

ANSWER:

JavaScript allows you to work with three primitive data types: numbers, strings of text (known as"strings"), and boolean truth values (known as "booleans").

Q 210: **Consider the following code lines and explain what we are trying to achieve fromthem.**

Msbuild/t:updateuid
Projectname.csproj.locBaml/parseProjectname.g.en-US .resources/out.en-US.csv

ANSWER:

Running this gives every object element in every XAML file in the project on x:Uid directivewith a unique value and LocBaml /parse ProjectName.g.en-US.resources /out:en-US.csv, thisgenerate a simple .csv file containing all the property values you should need to localize.

or

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

We are trying to localize the element using Uid directive. Here updateuid will specify the files,which are needed to be localized, so updateuid will give Uid to all XAML file after searching itfrom csproj file. Then locBaml will convert it to string resources to out.en-US.csv file. All the strings will accumulate in comma-separated file. Now we can convert it to any new language satellite assembly by locBaml /generate.

Q 211: Separate server side language and Client side language.

ANSWER:

Server side language

PHP, ASP.net, Cold Fusion, Ruby, Python, JAVA, C#, C++ are server side languages.

Client side language

JS(Java Script), CSS, HTML are Client side languages.

Q 212: What is the purpose of the following objective-C code

NSData *imageData = [NSURLconnection
sendSynchronousRequest:urlRequest
 ReturningResponse:nil
error:&downloadError];

ANSWER:

The given code is used to download data. Sendsynchronousrequest is used as a function of Nsurlconnection to download data. As there could come an error in downloading data so we havemake a variable name downloadError. If ReturningResponse is nil than data will be downloaded otherwise error message will display on screen.

Q 213: Write C# code which navigate to URI using the Navigate Method.
ANSWER:

Navigate to a page via a URI
This.navigationservice.Navigate(new Uri("photopage.xaml", urikind.Relative));

Q 214: **Explain at-least two memory management problems using Objective-C**
ANSWER:

Memory leak and Dangling pointer are the two main memory management problem using objective-C. In Objective-C all objects are created on the heap, this means objects continue toconsume memory until they're explicitly deallocated. They are not cleaned up automatically

when the code that uses them goes out of scope. If our application loses all references (pointers)to an object but doesn't deallocate it first, the memory it consumes is

wasted. This waste is typically called a memory leak, and if your application has too many memory leaks, it becomessluggish due to running out of available memory. If we deallocate an object too early and then reference it again, our application could crash or exhibit incorrect and random behavior.

Q 216: **AJAX is the interaction of which type of technology? Name them.**
ANSWER:

Ajax is made up of the following technologies:
- XHTML and CSS for presenting information
- Document Object Model (DOM) for dynamically interacting with and displaying thepresented information
- XMLHttpRequest (XHR) object to manipulate data asynchronously with the web server.

Q 217: **When manipulationDelta event is raised in WPF touch events? Also mention thename of manipulation delta event properties.**
ANSWER:

The ManipulationDelta event occurs multiple times when the user drags fingers over the screen during a manipulation and again when inertia occurs. We can use the isInertial property to checkwhether the event is occurring during inertia. The element on with ManipulationDelta event occurs is not affected in any way when the event occurs. You must provide the logic to the element that is to be manipulated. Manipulationdelta class has properties, Translation, Scale, Rotation and Expansion.

Q 218: **What is the purpose of using navigation in pages, mention 5 ways to performnavigation.**
ANSWER:

The purpose of navigation is to ascertain the present position and to determine the speed, direction to arrive at the port or point of destination. Page navigation allows us to flow from onepage to another without frustration.

Browseback, browseforward, browsehome, browsestop, Favorites, firstpage, gotopage, lastpage, nextpage, previouspage, Refresh, Search, Zoom are different way to perform navigation.

Q 219: **Write the event properties of JQuery of PageX and PageY, ScreenX and ScreenY.**
ANSWER:

PageX is the distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the left edge of browser window. PageY is the distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the Top edge of browser window.ScreenX is the distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the left edge of monitor.

ScreenY is the distance (in pixels) of the mouse pointer from the Top edge of monitor.

Q 220: Write name of main method available in dispatcher class of C#
ANSWER:

System.Windows.Threading is the main method available in dispatcher class of C#
BeginInvoke(Delegate, DispatcherPriority, Object[])

Q 221: What does it means
[Locationmanager setdistanceFilter:kcldistancefilternone];
ANSWER:
Above code means that we want all results from the location manager

Q 222: Give the syntax to hide all <p> tags in html using JS and JQuery.
General Syntax
ANSWER:
$(selector).hide(speed, easing, callback)
Hide all <p> elements:
$("button").click(function(){
$("p").hide();
});

Q 223: Explain Automatic looping and chaining function with example in JQuery.
ANSWER:
JQuery enable us to change the tag by using looping. So JQuery provide us automatic looping. JQuery provide us functions that are applied to all the elements of JQuery Selection object. First,we make selection and then apply it on the all elements. We can perform multiple operation afterselection and is called chaining function. JQuery does not return any DOM list but it give us special selection object on which we can apply different function and it applies on all the selection and it is called automatic looping. Chaining means that a function can be chain means we can call function one after the other.
Automatic Looping Example

$('#slideshow img').hide();
In this example it will hide all the elements which came under above selection.
Chaining Function Example
$('#popup').width(300).height(300);

Q 224: Define "dealloc msg" and who is responsible for sending message in objective-C?

ANSWER:

Dealloc message will freeze the object. The object itself cannot be deallocated. We use referencecounting for deallocation means we count the references towards the object. If a new pointer points towards our object, than it will increase the count and if a pointer leaves the pointing towards object, it will decrease the count. When the count reaches Zero, we should call dealloc. The pointer owner, which are pointing towards object will call dealloc and free the memory. Thedeallocation is only done by the object itself no one else should tell the object to deallocate. The retain and release call are used for allocation and deallocation of memory.

Q 225: How we can convert Synchronous method into asynchronous in C# 5.0?
ANSWER:

We can convert Synchronous method into asynchronous in C# 5.0 by inserting some specialkeywords like await and async. Async will tell the compiler that we will use await key word.var result= await expression;
statement(s);
await will call the getawaiter of the expression and when the awaiter complete its work then

Q 226: What are manipulation events? When does it work?
ANSWER:

Manipulation events are manipulationstarting and manipulationstarted, manipulationdelta, manipulationcompleted. We combine information from multiple events. Manipulation eventswork if ismanipulationenabled=true on this or a parent and basic events not handled.

Q 227: What is static and dynamic resources.
ANSWER:

Static Resources retrieved once by referencing element and used for the lifetime of the resources. Whereas, Dynamic Resources retrieve every time they are used. The downside of Dynamic resources is that they tend to decrease application performance.

Dynamic resource reapplied every time it changes nothing special about the resources. Dynamic use more overhead

but demand loaded. Dynamic can only be used to set dependency property. Static can even abstract whole controls. In case of dynamic resource, we actually subscribe to the updates of thesource, if the source changes, dynamic resource will also change. In static resource we use the value only one time. Static cannot do a forward difference.

Q 228: How can we prevent a window from automatically being activated.
ANSWER:
When a window with its Show Activated property set to false is opened, the window is not activated and its Activated event is not raised until a user manually activates the window byselecting it. After the window is selected, it activates and deactivates normally.

Q 229: Write the code so that the style of paragraph will be same in CSS
ANSWER:
A single CSS style is a rule that tells how to format. Make "this" look like "that". There are Selector and declaration block. E.g. Selector can be headline, paragraph of text, photo etc. Declaration block can turn text blue, add red border around a paragraph, position the photo atcenter of page etc.
p { Color : red; font-size: 1.5em};
Here p is the selector, which means all paragraph that are contains in p tag. In rule/declarationblock, we set color of paragraph red and font size 1.5em. selector, declaration block has declarations. Each is a property value pair and then ";".

Q 230: Three Gradient color code in c#
ANSWER:
```
<Canvas.Background>
    <lineargradientbrush>
        <gradientstop Color="Black"/>
        <gradientstop Color="Red" Offset="1"/>
    </lineargradientbrush>
</Canvas.Background>
```
Q 231: Purpose of Navigation. Also Describe the Way of Navigation.
ANSWER:

AL-JUNAID TECH INSTITUTE

Navigation control in ASP.NET manages the data passing between ASPX pages. Web applications are having multiple pages interconnected with each other.

Way Of Navigation:

1. Client-side navigation.
2. Cross-page posting.
3. Client-side browser redirect.
4. Server-side transfer.

Q 232: What is the Purpose of DATA BLINDING?ANSWER:

Data binding provides a way for developers to create a read/write link between the controls on a form and the data in their application

Q 233: JavaScript even number 1 to 10.

ANSWER:
```
<html>
<body>
<script>

Var a =1;
Var sum =0;
For(a=1; a<=10; a++)
{
If (a%2==0)
{
Sum =sum+a;
}
}
Document(sum);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Q 234**: Protocol in objective C.ANSWER:**

Objective-C allows you to define protocols, which declare the methods expected to be used for a particular situation. This chapter describes the syntax to define a formal protocol, and explains how to mark a class interface as conforming to a protocol, which means that the class must implement the required methods