

Student Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**Practice Final II**

1. (10 points) Consider the function  $f(x) = x^2e^x + e^x$ .

(a) (2 points)  $f(x)$  has one horizontal asymptote. Compute this asymptote.

(b) (2 points) For what values of  $x$  is  $f$  increasing? *Justify with either a table or a sentence.*

(c) (3 points) On what intervals is  $f$  concave down? *Justify with a table or a sentence.*

(d) (2 points) State the points of inflection of  $f$ . *No justification necessary*

2. Let  $C$  be the curve defined by the relation

$$\sin(x^2 + y^2) = e^{2y}$$

(a) (4 points) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for  $C$ .

(b) (3 points) Find the equation of the tangent line to  $C$  at the point  $(x, y) = (\sqrt{\pi}, 0)$ .

(c) (3 points) Use tangent line approximation at  $(\sqrt{\pi}, 0)$  to estimate the number  $a$  so that the point  $(a, \frac{\pi}{10})$  is on the curve  $C$ . *To receive full credit use an exact answer.*

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3. Japan is moving through the ocean with parametric equations  $(x, y) = (\pi t, \pi^t + \pi)$ .

(a) (3 points) Is the tangent line to Japan ever horizontal? Justify your answer.

YES      NO

(b) (2 points) Find the equation of the tangent line at the point  $(\pi, 2\pi)$ .

(c) (4 points) Is the graph of Japan's motion concave up or concave down at  $(\pi, 2\pi)$ ?

*You must show all work to get any credit.*

UP      DOWN

4. (10 points) Matt is filling a spherical water balloon from a rigid cylindrical canister of radius 1 meter. Suppose that the moment the water balloon has radius  $\sqrt{2}$  meters, the height of the water level in the canister is decreasing at a rate of  $2\pi \frac{m}{min}$ . At this instant, find the rate at which the radius of the water balloon is changing. ( $V_{cylinder} = \pi r^2 h$ ,  $V_{sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ )