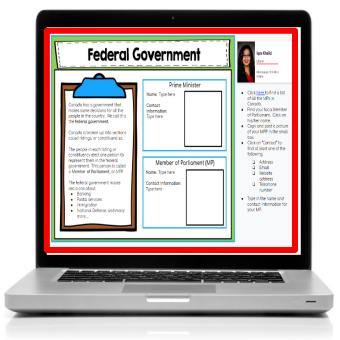
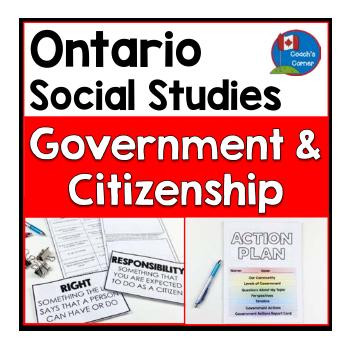
Ontario Social Studies

Grade 5: Strand B Printable + Digital BUNDLE





Canadian Government



Printable for Regular In-Class Lessons

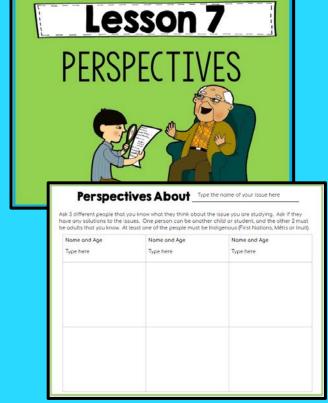


Digital for Distance Learning OR Students with IEP Accommodations

Based on Ontario Gr. 5 Social Studies Curriculum

Perfect for transitioning between in-class and distance learning!

Great for model as w Lesson 6: Asking Good Que: Expectations: B1.2 Bi	/ell!	Less
Photographs or Videos about OR Photographs or Videos about OR Photograph of the following Photograph of the following Chesting About My Tools Flips Sticky notes in Suses Chapter of Chesting Court of Photographs of Chesting Court of Photographs of Chesting Court of Chesting Court of Chesting	PTIONAL: Creating Rich Inquiry Questions Assessment (2 per page) Creating Rich Inquiry Questions Assessment (5 per page) Creating Rich Inquiry Questions Assessment (9 per page)	Perspectives Ask 3 different people that you know have any solutions to the issues. On be adults that you know At least one Name and Age Type here
Explain that students will now a would like to learn more. Note that students will have to these terms mean, and clarify each term, and give examples categories. (See my sample \$2.7 ow will need to have decided choosing a topic. You can eith examine some new photos shr magazines, or have students all size." template and note where the the three most interesting questions put a star beside the question they feel why this topic is interesting to them.	Rich Question Success Criteria Can not be answered with "Yes" or "No" Can not be answered sailt by looking at a book or website Makes the researcher excited about learning more about the issue Will lead the researcher to create an opinion supported by facts Star Wish	



Finish Lesson 6 while still "in-class" printables...\

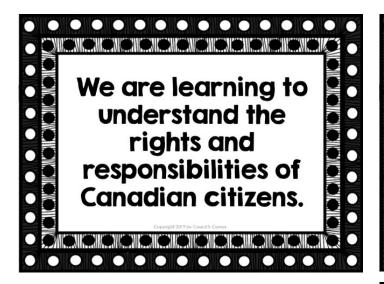
...then move seamlessly to Lesson 7 using the digital version.

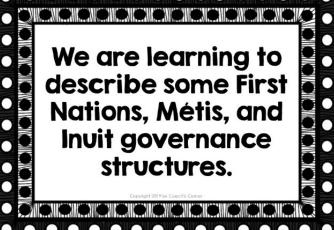
Lessons List

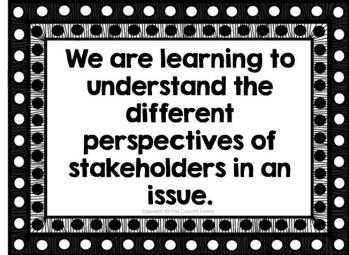
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Rights & Responsibilities
- 3. Local, Regional & National Issues
- 4. Levels of Government
- 5. First Nations, Métis & Inuit Governance Structures
- 6. Asking Good Questions About My Issue
- 7. Perspectives
- 8. How Citizens Affect Change
- 9. Timelines
- 10. Government Representatives
- 11. Government Actions
- 12. Creating Success Criteria to Assess Government Actions
- 13. Government Action Report Card
- 14. Action Plan Presentations

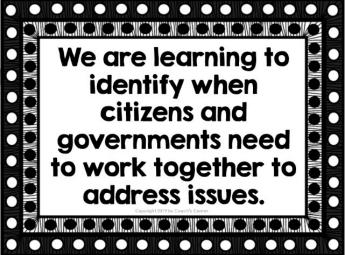
Same Content in Both Printable & Digital Versions

Learning Goals

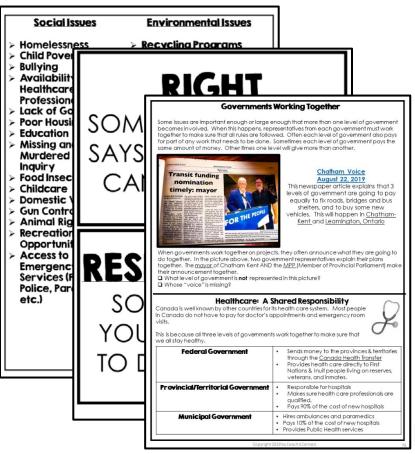








Student-Friendly Text





Digital (Students can use Google Read & Write to listen to text.)

Printable

Same Content in Both Printable & Digital Versions

Parallel Activities

Printable: Students cut out and sort rights and responsibilities.

Rights & Responsibili Rights	lities Activity Cards Responsibilities	
to practice any religion	to vote in government elections once I am 18	
to gather with others to share ideas	to pay taxes to the government	
to move to any part of Canada to live	to respect the rights and freedoms of others	
to be equal with all other Canadian citizens	to obey all laws	
to go to school	to help others in my community	
to have my own thoughts and opinions about an issue	to pick up my garbage	
to have a lawyer if I am	to respect the rights and freedoms of others	

Rights and Responsibilities

1. Read each right in the left hand column. Think about which are you left is most important, and drog it to the top spot. Continue to order them from most to loost important.

2. Repeat the activity with the responsibilities in the right hand column.

Rights Responsibilities

to practice any religion to vate in government elections once I am 18

to gother with others to share ideas to pay taxes to the government to move to any part of Conada to live to respect the rights and freedoms of others

to be equal with all other Canadian to obey all laws

to go to school to help others in my community

to have my own thoughts and opinions about an issue

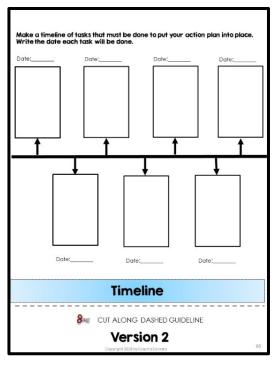
to have a lawyer if I am arrested to respect the rights and freedoms of others.

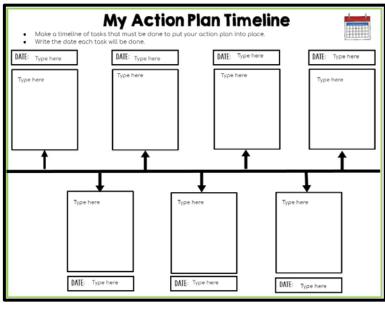
Digital: Student click on and drag rights and responsibilities into order.

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Action Plan Format



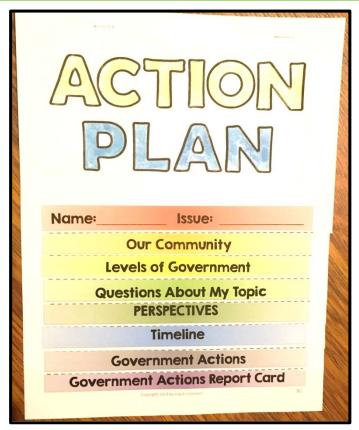


Digital

Printable

Students create a plan to address a social or environmental issue.

Action Plan Flipbook





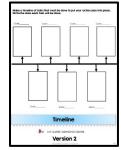














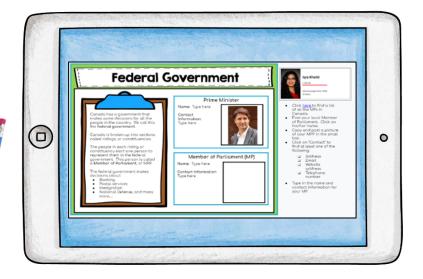


The flipbook templates from the printable version have been turned into interactive slides in the digital version!

Questions About My Issue				
My Issue: _	My Questions			
Type here		V		
2 Type here				
3 Type here				

Government Representatives

anada is a democra vant to be elected) in ere are the different	municipal, provin			
Municipal Mayor or Reeve Councillors School Board Truste	Provincial of Premier of Member of	MPP) or Legislative	Federal Prime Minister Member of Parliament (MPP)	Indigenous There are many different kinds of elections depending on th organization.
	Municipal	Provincial or Territorial	Federal	Chiefs of Ontario
Title of Leader	Mayor or Reeve	Premier	Prime Minister	Ontario Regional Chief
Leader Name				
Local Representative Title	Councillor	Member of Provincial Parliament (MPP) OR Member of Legislative Assembly (MLA)	Member of Parliament (MP)	Chlef
Local Representative Name				
Local Representative Contact Information				



Levels of Government

Assessment Tools

				Learning Goo	al & Success Criteria
Action Plan Presentations Asse	ssment			(Knowledg	e Building Circle)
Name:					Inquiry Skill Learning Goal:
Issue:	Action Plan	n Presentatio	n Assessr	nent	
Presentation Format:				انـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
Knowledge of Content:	Nome: Type here				Success Criteria
The presenter shows a good understanding of learned about the issue and possible solutions.	Issue: Type here Type here				
Thinking:	Presentation Format:				
☐ The presentation was well planned and used s	The presenter shows a good undesolutions.	erstanding of what he or she has le	arned about the issue and	possible	Name:
Communication: The information was well organized. Important vocabulary words from the unit were The presentation was suitable for Grade 5 stude	Thinking: The presentation was well planne Communication:	d and used some creativity.			Name:
Application: ☐ The presenter made connections between whand possible solutions for what can be done in issue.	The information was well organize Important vacabulary words from The presentation was suitable for Application:	the unit were used appropriately.			Name:
Success Criteria	The presenter made connections done in the future about the issu		and possible solutions for	what can be	Name:
 □ Various perspectives of stakehold □ Levels of governments are stated □ First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit pe □ At least 1 reasonable strategy is p □ Work is neat and easy to understo 	Success Criteria Various perspectives of stakeholders are given. Levels of governments are stated. First Nations, Metis, and/or Inuit perspectives were provided At least I reasonable strategy is presented Work is organized and easy to understand.				Name:
•					•
Г	0		Name:		Name:
		sment & Evaluation - <u>Know</u>		ng	
Copyright 2019 by Coach's Corners	A: Knowledge of Content Knows relevant facts, terms & definitions	B: <u>Understanding of</u> Not only knows key	Content facts, but also understands u	underlying concepts	by Coach's Comer 10
	Double				

Indigenous Issues

First Nations, Métis and Inuit Governance Structures

First Notions. Métis and Inult people in Canada have had many changes to their ways of life since European settlers arrived in North America. These Indiagenous peoples often traveled from place to place in search of food as the seasons changed. When the new settlers came to North America, they started to form governments that forced the indiagenous peoples off of their tradifional lands and onto reserves. Often First Nations, Métis, and Inult people were told they could not use their tradifional languages or customs. The new governments made laws without asking them how they felt or how these laws would affect their tradifional life.

First Nations Band Councils

- A band is a group of First Nations people who have land set aside for them by the Canadian government under the Indian Act of 1876.
- Each band has a band council elected by community members.
- Each band council has a chief. The chief is usually elected, but this can also be an inherited
 position.
- Councils are elected for two or three years.

traditional clan system that they used to use.

- · Councils carry out First Nations business, which may include education, water, sewer and fire
- services, community buildings, schools and roads within its own area only,

 This council system was imposed on First Nations people by the government

Today Indigenous peoples are involved in many different organizations to help to protect their rights, settle their land claims, and be given control over how that are being used. Some organizations are local (exist just in one community) province, tertitory, or region) or raditional [in all of Canada]. They don't have it laws. Instead, they educate people about why laws should be changed so the

Métis Nation of Ontario (MNO) Invit Tapiriit Kanatomi (ITK) Chiefs of Ontario Métis people vote Organization that · Chiefs of the 133 First represents 65 000 Nations in Ontario representatives to Inuit in Canada. make resolutions Has 4 Directors, who Each chief is elected the MNO every four each represent an by their own First Every year there is Inuit land claims Nation group, or an Annual General sometimes inherits The directors vote for Assembly to report the position. a president once elects a Regional The Métis Nation of every 3 years. Chief from amonast Ontario has an There are 3 directors them. elected president who don't vote on plans all matter and a council of the decisions made affecting the First representatives. by the rest of the group. They offer Nations people of Works with the Ontario. provincial their opinions and Consults with the government towards ideas instead. Government of naking sure Métis Works to educate all have rights to hunt Canadians about once did, as well as

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Food in the Arctic



Then

People in the Arctic hunted, fished and gathered berries and other grasses to eat. The ground was almost always frozen so they could not grow fruits and vegetables.

What does food cost in 2019 in Nunavut and Ontario?

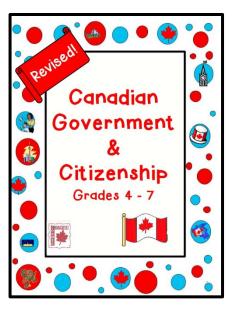
Now

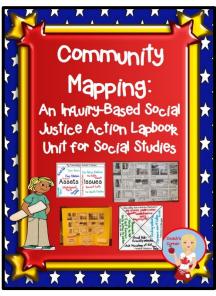


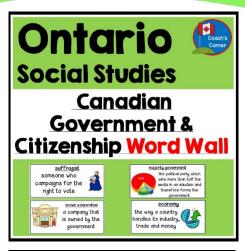
Watch <u>this video</u> to learn about how many Inuit people get their food.

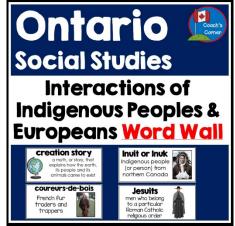
Digital versions of units have clickable links to relevant websites!

BONUS SECTIONS



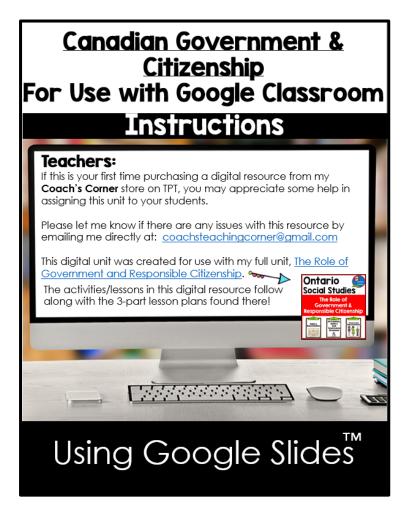




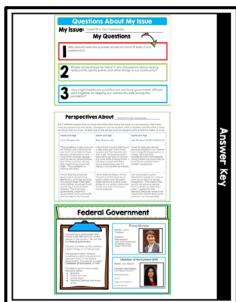


Two earlier versions of my Canadian Government & Citizenship resource PLUS 2 Word Walls!!

Instruction Booklet







Answer Keys