

LAKSHYA (JEE)

Relations and Functions

DPP-01

- If $(x - 2, y + 5) = \left(-2, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ are two equal ordered pairs, then x is equal to:
 (A) 0 (B) 1
 (C) 2 (D) 4
- If $A \times B = \{(a, x), (a, y), (b, x), (b, y)\}$, then A is equal to:
 (A) $\{a, x\}$ (B) $\{b, y\}$
 (C) $\{a, b\}$ (D) $\{b, x\}$
- If $P = \{2, 3\}$, then $P \times P$ is equal to:
 (A) $\{(2, 3), (3, 2)\}$
 (B) $\{(2, 2), (3, 3)\}$
 (C) $\{(2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2)\}$
 (D) $\{(2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$
- Let $A = \{2, 5, 7, 9\}$ and $B = \{a, b, c\}$, then $n(A \times B)$ is equal to
 (A) 4 (B) 3
 (C) 7 (D) 12
- If $A = \{4, 8\}$ and $B = \{p, q, r\}$, then $A \times B$ is equal to
 (A) $\{(4, p), (8, q), (4, q)\}$
 (B) $\{(4, p), (4, r), (8, p), (8, r)\}$
 (C) $\{(4p, 8q), (4r, 8q)\}$
 (D) $\{(4, p), (4, q), (4, r), (8, p), (8, q), (8, r)\}$
- If $A = \{2, 3, 7, 9\}$ and $n(A \times B) = 12$, then the number of elements in set B is
 (A) 4 (B) 3
 (C) 2 (D) 8
- If $A = \{5, 7, 8\}$ and $B = \{9, 11\}$, then
 (A) $(9, 5) \in A \times B$ (B) $(7, 8) \in A \times B$
 (C) $(5, 11) \in A \times B$ (D) $(9, 11) \in A \times B$
- The relation R from A to B is given as $R = \{(5, 3), (2, 7), (8, 5)\}$. The range of R is
 (A) $\{5, 2, 8\}$ (B) $\{3, 7, 5\}$
 (C) $\{2, 3, 5, 7, 8\}$ (D) $\{2, 3, 5, 7\}$
- If $A = \{-1, 1\}$, then $A \times A \times A$ is equal to
 (A) $\{(-1, 1), (1, -1)\}$
 (B) $\{(-1, -1), (1, 1)\}$
 (C) $\{(-, -1), (-1, 1), (1, -1), (1, 1)\}$
 (D) $\{(-1, -1, -1), (-1, -1, 1), (-1, 1, -1), (-1, 1, 1), (1, -1, -1), (1, -1, 1), (1, 1, -1), (1, 1, 1)\}$
- Let X be any non-empty set containing n elements, then the number of relations on X is
 (A) 2^{n^2} (B) 2^n
 (C) 2^{2n} (D) n^2

ANSWERS

1. (A)
2. (C)
3. (D)
4. (D)
5. (D)
6. (B)
7. (C)
8. (B)
9. (D)
10. (A)



Note - If you have any query/issue

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